THE

CALCUTTA

University Calendar;

1871-72.

CALCUTTA:

THACKER, SPINK AND CO.

PUBLISHERS TO THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

1871.

PRINTED BY C. B. LEWIS, BAPTIST MISSION PRES

CONTENTS.

		Page
I.	Almanac, ...	5
II.	Act of Incorporation (No. II. of 1857,)...	17
	Act No. XLVII. of 1860 giving power for conferring additional degrees, ...	28
III.	Bye-Laws regarding the Senate, ...	30
	„ „ Faculties, ...	*ib.*
	„ „ Syndicate, ...	31
	„ „ Registrar, ...	33
IV.	Regulations:—	
	Entrance Examination, ...	35
	First Examination in Arts,...	37
	Bachelor of Arts, ...	40
	Honors in Arts, ...	43
	Master of Arts, ...	46
	Licence in Law, ...	47
	Bachelor in Law, ...	50
	Honors in Law, ...	51
	Doctor in Law, ...	52
	Licence in Medicine & Surgery, (First Examination,)	53
	„ „ (Second Examination,)	55
	Bachelor in Medicine (First Examination,)	58
	„ „ (Second Examination,)	60
	Honors in Medicine, ...	63
	Doctor in Medicine, ...	65
	Licence in Civil Engineering, ...	67
	Bachelor in Civil Engineering, ...	71
	Honors in Civil Engineering, ...	73
	Master in Civil Engineering, ...	74
	General, ...	75
	Appendix A. Forms of application, ...	76
	„ „ certificate, ...	82
	Appendix B. Subjects of Examination:—	
	Entrance, 1871, ...	84
	„ 1872, ...	86
	„ 1873, ...	87
	First Examination in Arts, 1871, ...	89
	„ 1872, ...	90
	„ „ 1873, ...	*ib.*
	B. A. Examination, 1872, ...	91
	„ „ 1873, ...	92
	„ „ 1874, ...	93
	Honor Examination, 1872, ...	94
	„ „ 1873, ...	95
	„ „ Greek, ...	96
	„ „ Latin, ...	97
	„ „ Arabic, ...	98
	„ „ 1872, and 1873, Sanscrit, ...	98
	„ „ 1872, „ 1873, History, ...	99

Page

Text Books for Entrance, ... 99
" First Examination in Arts, ... 100
" B. A. Examination, ... 103
Honor Examination, Pure Mathematics, ... 100
" Mixed Mathematics, ... 101

V. The University :—
The Senate, ... 106
Premchand Students, ... 110
The Syndicate, ... ib.
The Faculty of Arts, ... 111
" Law, ... 113
" Medicine, ... 114
" Engineering, ... 115
Succession Lists from 1857 :—
of Chancellors, ... 116
of Vice-Chancellors, ... ib.
of Registrars, ... ib.
Examiners for 1870-71, ... ib.
Academical costume, ... 119
Endowments, ... 120
Affiliated Institutions,... 127
Rules for affiliation, ... 128
Graduates, ... 189
Under-Graduates, ... 232

VI. Entrance Examination Papers for 1870, ... i
First Examination in Arts, 1870, ... xxxvii
B. A. Examination, 1871, ... lxii
B. L. Examination, 1871, ... xciii
L. C. E. Examination, 1870, ... ciii
Honor Examination, 1871, ... cxxii
History and Political Economy, ... clxviii
Philosophy, ... clxxiii
Mathematics, ... clxxxv
Honor Examination in Law, ... cxcvi
Premchand Roychand Studentship Examination 1871, ... cciii
L. M. S. and M. B. (First Examination,) 1871, ... ccxx
" (Second Examination,) 1871, ... ccxxv

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

Coll.	College.
Bar.	Bareilly.
J. Nar.	Joy Narain.
Gov.	Government.
Hol.	Hol.
L. P.	Lower Provinces.
Pres.	Presidency.
La Mart.	La Martiniere.

I.

Calcutta University Calendar.

1871-72.

MAY.		
1	M	
2	T	
3	W	
4	T	
5	F	
6	S	
7	S	
8	M	
9	T	
10	W	
11	T	
12	F	
13	S	
14	S	
15	M	
16	T	
17	W	
18	T	
19	F	
20	S	
21	S	
22	M	
23	T	
24	W	Queen Victoria born (1819.)
25	T	
26	F	
27	S	Meeting of Syndicate.
28	S	
29	M	
30	T	
31	W	

JUNE.

1	T	
2	F	
3	S	
4	S	
5	M	
6	T	
7	W	
8	T	
9	F	
10	S	
11	S	
12	M	L. C. E. Exam. begins.
13	T	
14	W	
15	T	
16	F	
17	S	
18	S	
19	M	
20	T	Accession of Queen Victoria, 1837.
21	W	
22	T	
23	F	
24	S	Meeting of Syndicate.
25	S	
26	M	
27	T	
28	W	
29	T	
30	F	

JULY.

1	S	
2	S	Eclipse of the Moon.
3	M	
4	T	
5	W	
6	T	
7	F	
8	S	
9	S	
10	M	
11	T	
12	W	
13	T	
14	F	
15	S	
16	S	
17	M	University of Bombay founded, 1857.
18	T	
19	W	
20	T	
21	F	
22	S	
23	S	
24	M	
25	T	
26	W	
27	T	
28	F	
29	S	Meeting of Syndicate.
30	S	
31	M	

AUGUST.

1	T	
2	W	
3	T	
4	F	
5	S	
6	S	
7	M	
8	T	Hindu Holiday.
9	W	
10	T	
11	F	
12	S	
13	S	
14	M	
15	T	
16	W	
17	T	
18	F	
19	S	
20	S	
21	M	
22	T	
23	W	
24	T	
25	F	
26	S	Meeting of Syndicate.
27	S	
28	M	
29	T	
30	W	
31	T	

SEPTEMBER.

1	F	
2	S	
3	S	
4	M	
5	T	University of Madras founded, 1857.
6	W	
7	T	
8	F	
9	S	
10	S	
11	M	
12	T	
13	W	
14	T	
15	F	
16	S	
17	S	
18	M	
19	T	
20	W	
21	T	
22	F	
23	S	
24	S	
25	M	
26	T	
27	W	
28	T	
29	F	
30	S	Meeting of Syndicate.

OCTOBER.

1	S	
2	M	
3	T	
4	W	
5	T	
6	F	
7	S	
8	S	
9	M	
10	T	
11	W	
12	T	
13	F	
14	S	
15	S	
16	M	
17	T	
18	W	
19	T	
20	F	Durga Puja Hol. begin.
21	S	
22	S	
23	M	
24	T	
25	W	
26	T	[Exam.
27	F	La[illegible]y of application for Ent. and Firt Arts
28	S	[illegible] of Syndicate.
29	S	
30	M	
31	T	

NOVEMBER.

1	W	
2	T	
3	F	
4	S	
5	S	
6	M	
7	T	
8	W	
9	T	
10	F	
11	S	
12	S	
13	M	
14	T	
15	W	
16	T	
17	F	
18	S	
19	S	
20	M	
21	T	
22	W	
23	T	
24	F	
25	S	Meeting of Syndicate.
26	S	
27	M	Ent. and First Arts Exam. begin.
28	T	
29	W	
30	T	

DECEMBER.

1	F	Last day of application for B. A., B. L. & L. L.
2	S	Exam
3	S	
4	M	
5	T	
6	W	
7	T	
8	F	
9	S	
10	S	
11	M	
12	T	
13	W	
14	T	
15	F	
16	S	
17	S	
18	M	
19	T	
20	W	
21	T	
22	F	
23	S	
24	S	
25	M	Christmas Day.
26	T	
27	W	Meeting of Ent., and F. A. Examiners.
28	T	
29	F	Last day of application for Honors.
30	S	Meeting of Syndicate.
31	S	

JANUARY.

1	M	B. A., B. L. and L.L. Exam. begin.
2	T	
3	W	
4	T	
5	F	
6	S	
7	S	
8	M	
9	T	
10	W	
11	T	
12	F	
13	S	
14	S	
15	M	
16	T	
17	W	
18	T	
19	F	
20	S	
21	S	
22	M	
23	T	University of Calcutta founded, 1857.
24	W	Meeting of B. A. Examiners.
25	T	
26	F	
27	S	Meeting of Syndicate.
28	S	
29	M	Honor Exam. in Arts begins.
30	T	
31	W	

FEBRUARY.

1	T	
2	F	
3	S	
4	S	
5	M	
6	T	
7	W	
8	T	
9	F	
10	S	
11	S	
12	M	
13	T	
14	W	
15	T	
16	F	
17	S	
18	S	
19	M	
20	T	
21	W	
22	T	
23	F	
24	S	Meeting of Syndicate.
25	S	
26	M	
27	T	
28	W	

MARCH.

1	T	Last day of notice for M. D. Cand.
2	F	
3	S	
4	S	
5	M	
6	T	
7	W	
8	T	
9	F	
10	S	
11	S	
12	M	
13	T	
14	W	
15	T	
16	F	
17	S	
18	S	
19	M	
20	T	
21	W	
22	T	
23	F	
24	S	
25	S	
26	M	
27	T	
28	W	
29	T	
30	F	
31	S	Meeting of Syndicate.

APRIL.

1	S	
2	M	
3	T	
4	W	
5	T	
6	F	
7	S	
8	S	
9	M	
10	T	
11	W	
12	T	
13	F	
14	S	
15	S	
16	M	
17	T	
18	W	
19	T	
20	F	
21	S	Annual Meeting of Senate.
22	S	
23	M	
24	T	
25	W	
26	T	
27	F	
28	S	Meeting of Syndicate.
29	S	
30	M	

II.

ACT OF INCORPORATION.

ACT NO. II. OF 1857.

Passed on the 24th January, 1857.

AN ACT TO ESTABLISH AND INCORPORATE AN UNIVERSITY AT CALCUTTA.

Preamble.

WHEREAS, for the better encouragement of Her Majesty's subjects of all classes and denominations within the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal and other parts of India in the pursuit of a regular and liberal course of education, it has been determined to establish an University at Calcutta, for the purpose of ascertaining by means of examination the persons who have acquired proficiency in different branches of Literature, Science, and Art, and of rewarding them by Academical Degrees, as evidence of their respective attainments, and marks of honor proportioned thereunto; and whereas, for effectuating the purposes aforesaid, it is expedient that

such University should be incorporated: It is enacted as follows: (that is to say)—

Incorporation.

I. The following persons, namely,

The Right Honorable CHARLES JOHN VISCOUNT CANNING,
Governor-General of India,

The Honorable JOHN RUSSELL COLVIN,
Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces

The Honorable FREDERICK JAMES HALLIDAY,
Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

The Honorable SIR JAMES WILLIAM COLVILE, Knight,
Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Judicature in Bengal,

The Right Reverend DANIEL WILSON,
Doctor of Divinity, Bishop of Calcutta,

The Honorable GEORGE ANSON, General,
Commander-in-Chief of the Forces in India,

The Honorable JOSEPH ALEXANDER DORIN,
Member of the Supreme Council of India,

The Honorable JOHN LOW, Major-General,
Companion of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath,
Member of the Supreme Council of India,

The Honorable JOHN PETER GRANT,
Member of the Supreme Council of India,

The Honorable BARNES PEACOCK,
Member of the Supreme Council of India.

CHARLES ALLEN, Esquire,
Member of the Legislative Council of India,

HENRY RICKETTS, Esquire,
Provisional Member of the Supreme Council of India,

CHARLES BINNY TREVOR, Esquire,
Judge of the Sudder Court in Bengal,

Prince GHOLAM MUHAMMUD,

WILLIAM RITCHIE, Esquire,
Advocate-General in Bengal,

CECIL BEADON, Esquire,
Secretary to the Government of India,

Colonel HENRY GOODWYN, of the Bengal Engineers,
Chief Engineer in Bengal,

WILLIAM GORDON YOUNG, Esquire,
Director of Public Instruction in Bengal,

Lieutenant-Colonel WILLIAM ERSKINE BAKER,
of the Bengal Engineers,
Secretary to the Government of India,

Lieutenant-Colonel ANDREW SCOTT WAUGH,
of the Bengal Engineers,
Surveyor-General of India,

KENNETH MACKINNON, Esquire,
Doctor in Medicine,

HODGSON PRATT, Esquire,
Inspector of Schools in Bengal.

HENRY WALKER, Esquire,
Professor of Anatomy and Physiology in the Medical College of Bengal,

THOMAS THOMSON, Esquire,
Doctor in Medicine, Superintendent of the Botanical Garden at Calcutta,

FREDERICK JOHN MOUAT, Esquire,
Doctor in Medicine, and Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons,

Lieutenant WILLIAM NASSAU LEES,
of the Bengal Infantry,

The Reverend WILLIAM KAY,
Doctor of Divinity,
Principal of Bishop's College,

The Reverend ALEXANDER DUFF,
Doctor of Divinity,

THOMAS OLDHAM, Esquire,
Superintendent of the Geological Survey of India,

HENRY WOODROW, Esquire,
Inspector of Schools in Bengal,

LEONIDAS CLINT, Esquire,
Principal of the Presidency College,

PROSONNO COOMAR TAGORE,
Clerk, Assistant of the Legislative Council of India,

RAMAPERSHAD ROY,
Government Pleader in the Sudder Court of Bengal,

The Reverend JAMES OGILVIE,
Master of Arts.

The Reverend JOSEPH MULLENS,
Bachelor of Arts,

Moulavy MUHAMMUD WUJEEH,
Principal of the Calcutta Mudrasah,

ISWAR CHANDRA BIDYASAGAR,
Principal of the Sanskrit College of Calcutta,

RAMGOPAL GHOSE,
Formerly Member of the Council of Education,

ALEXANDER GRANT, Esquire,
Apothecary to the East India Company,

HENRY STEWART REID, Esquire,
Director of Public Instruction in the North-Western Provinces,

being the first Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows of the said University, and all the persons who may hereafter become or be appointed to be Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, or Fellows as hereafter mentioned, so long as they shall continue to be such Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, or Fellows, are hereby constituted and declared to be one Body Politic and Corporate by the name of the University of Calcutta; and such Body Politic shall by such name have perpetual succession, and shall have a common seal, and by such name shall sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, and answer and be answered unto, in every Court of Justice within the territories in the possession and under the Government of the East India Company.

Power to hold and dispose of property.

II. The said Body Corporate shall be able and capable in law to take, purchase, and hold any property,

moveable or immoveable, which may become vested in it for the purpose of the said University by virtue of any purchase, grant, testamentary disposition, or otherwise; and shall be able and capable in law to grant, demise, alien, or otherwise dispose of, all or any of the property, moveable or immoveable, belonging to the said University; and also to do all other matters incidental or appertaining to a Body Corporate.

Constitution of body Corporate and of Senate.

III. The said Body Corporate shall consist of one Chancellor, one Vice-Chancellor, and such number of ex-officio and other Fellows as the Governor-General of India in Council hath already appointed, or shall from time to time, by any order published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, hereafter appoint; and the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows for the time being shall constitute the Senate of the said University. Provided that, if any person being Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, or Fellow of the said University, shall leave India without the intention of returning thereto, his office shall thereupon become vacant.

Chancellor.

IV. The Governor-General of India for the time being shall be the Chancellor of the said University, and the first Chancellor shall be the Right Honorable Charles John Viscount Canning.

Vice-Chancellor.

V. The first Vice-Chancellor of the said University shall be Sir James William Colvile, Knight. The office of Vice-Chancellor shall be held for two years only; and the Vice-Chancellor hereinbefore nominated shall go out of office on the

first day of January, 1859. Whenever a vacancy shall occur in the office of Vice-Chancellor of the said University by death, resignation, departure from India, effluxion of time, or otherwise, the Governor-General of India in Council shall, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, nominate a fit and proper person, being one of the Fellows of the said University, to be Vice-Chancellor in the room of the person occasioning such vacancy. Provided that on any vacancy in the said office which shall occur by effluxion of time, the Governor-General of India in Council shall have power to re-appoint the Vice-Chancellor hereinbefore nominated or any future Vice-Chancellor to such office.

Fellows.

VI. The Lieutenant-Governors of Bengal and the North-Western Provinces, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, or of any Court of Judicature hereafter to be constituted to or in which the powers of the said Supreme Court may be transferred or vested, the Bishop of Calcutta and the Members of the Supreme Council of India, all for the time being, shall be ex-officio Fellows of the said University. The whole number of the Fellows of the said University, exclusive of the Chancellor and Vice-Chancellor for the time being, shall never be less than thirty; and whenever the number of the said Fellows, exclusive as aforesaid, shall by death, resignation, departure from India, or otherwise, be reduced below thirty, the Governor-General of India in Council shall forthwith, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, nominate so many fit and proper persons to be Fellows of the said

University as, with the then Fellows of the said University, shall make the number of such Fellows, exclusive as aforesaid, thirty. But nothing herein contained shall prevent the Governor-General of India in Council from nominating more than thirty persons to be Fellows of the said University, if he shall see fit.

The appointment of Fellows may be cancelled.

VII. The Governor-General of India in Council may cancel the appointment of any person already appointed, or hereafter to be appointed a Fellow of the University, and as soon as such order is notified in the *Gazette*, the person so appointed shall cease to be a Fellow.

Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows to superintend the affairs of the University.

VIII. The Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows for the time being shall have the entire management of and superintendence over the affairs, concerns and property of the said University; and in all cases unprovided for by this Act, it shall be lawful for the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows to act in such manner as shall appear to them best calculated to promote the purposes intended by the said University.

Bye-laws.

The said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows, shall have full power from time to time to make and alter any bye-laws and regulations (so as the same be not repugnant to law or to the general objects and provisions of the Act), touching the examination for degrees and the granting of the same; and touching the examination for honors and the granting of marks of honor for a higher proficiency in the different branches of Literature, Science and Art; and touching

the qualifications of the candidates for degrees and the previous course of instruction to be followed by them, and the preliminary examinations to be submitted to by them; and touching the mode and time of convening the meetings of the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows; and, in general, touching all other matters whatever regarding the said University. And all such bye-laws and regulations, when reduced into writing, and after the common seal of the said University shall have been affixed thereto, shall be binding upon all persons, members of the said University, and all candidates for degrees to be conferred by the same, provided such bye-laws and regulations, shall have been first submitted to and shall have received the approval of the Governor-General of India in Council.

Meetings of the Senate.

IX. All questions which shall come before the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows shall be decided at a meeting of the Senate by the majority of the members present; and the Chairman at any such meeting shall have a vote, and in cases of an equality of votes, a second or casting vote. No question shall be decided at any meeting, unless the Chancellor, or Vice-Chancellor, and five Fellows, or, in the absence of the Chancellor and Vice-Chancellor, unless six Fellows at the least, shall be present at the time of the decision. At every meeting of the Senate, the Chancellor, or in his absence the Vice-Chancellor, shall preside as Chairman; and, in the absence of both, a Chairman shall be chosen by the Fellows present, or the major part of them.

X. The said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows for the time being shall have full power from time to time to appoint, and, as they shall see occasion, to remove all Examiners, Officers, and servants of the said University.

Appointment and removal of Examiners and Officers.

XI. The said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows shall have power, after examination, to confer the several degrees of Bachelor of Arts, Master of Arts, Bachelor of Laws, Licentiate of Medicine, Doctor of Medicine, and Master of Civil Engineering; they shall also have power, after examination, to confer upon the candidates for the said several degrees, marks of honor for a high degree of proficiency in the different branches of Literature, Science and Art, according to rules to be determined by the bye-laws to be from time to time made by them under the power in that behalf given to them by this Act.

Power to confer degrees.

XII. Except by special order of the Senate, no person shall be admitted as a candidate for the degree of Bachelor of Arts, Master of Arts, Bachelor of Laws, Licentiate of Medicine, Doctor of Medicine, or Master of Civil Engineering, unless he shall present to the said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows, a certificate from one of the Institutions authorized in that behalf by the Governor-General of India in Council, to the effect that he has completed the course of instruction prescribed by the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows of the said University, in the

Qualification for admission of candidates for degrees.

bye-laws to be made by them under the power in that behalf given by this Act.

Examination for degrees.

XIII. The said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows shall cause an examination for degrees to be held at least once in every year; on every such examination the candidates shall be examined either by Examiners appointed for the purpose from among the Fellows by the said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows or by other examiners so to be appointed: and on every such examination, the candidates, whether candidates for an ordinary degree or for a degree with honors, shall be examined on as many subjects and in such manner as the said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows shall appoint.

Grant of degrees.

XIV. At the conclusion of every examination of the candidates, the Examiners shall declare the name of every candidate whom they shall have deemed entitled to any of the said degrees, and his proficiency in relation to other candidates; and also the honors which he may have gained in respect of his proficiency in that department of knowledge in which he is about to graduate; and he shall receive from the said Chancellor a certificate, under the seal of the University of Calcutta and signed by the said Chancellor or Vice-Chancellor, in which the particulars so stated shall be declared.

Fees.

XV. The said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows shall have power to charge such reasonable fees for the degrees to be conferred by them, and upon admission into the said

University and for continuance therein, as they, with the approbation of the Governor-General of India in Council, shall from time to time see fit to impose. Such fees shall be carried to one General Fee Fund for the payment of expenses of the said University, under the directions and regulations of the Governor-General of India in Council, to whom the accounts of income and expenditure of the said University shall once in every year be submitted for such examination and audit as the said Governor-General of India in Council may direct.

Annual Accounts.

ACT No. XLVII. OF 1860.

Passed on the 6th October, 1860.

An Act for giving to the Universities of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, the power of conferring Degrees in addition to those mentioned in Acts II., XXII., and XXVII. of 1857.

WHEREAS it is expedient to give to the Universities of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay established under Acts II., XXII., and XXVII., of 1857, the power of conferring Degrees other than the Degrees in that Act expressly provided for: It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

I. It shall be competent to the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows of the Universities of Calcutta, Madras or Bombay respectively, to confer such Degrees and to grant such Diplomas or Licenses in respect of De-

Power of Universities to confer Degrees.

grees, at the said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows of any such University shall have appointed or shall appoint by any Bye-laws or Regulations made and passed or to be made or passed by them in the manner provided in the said Acts and submitted to and approved by the Governor-General in Council as far as regards the University of Calcutta, or by the Governor in Council of Madras or Bombay as regards the Universities of Madras and Bombay respectively.

Construction.

II. All the provisions contained in the said Acts II., XXII. and XXVII. of 1857, with respect to the Degrees herein mentioned and to the examinations for those Degrees, shall apply to any Degrees which may be conferred under this Act and to the examinations for such Degrees.

III.

BYE-LAWS.

THE SENATE.

1. The Senate* as constituted by Act No. II. of 1857, shall meet ordinarily once a year, on the third Saturday in† April, and at other times when convened by the Vice-Chancellor.

2. The Vice-Chancellor shall convene a meeting of the Senate on the requisition of any six of the Members.

3. Nine Members of the Senate shall constitute a quorum, and all questions shall be decided by a majority of the votes of the Members present.

THE FACULTIES.

1. The Senate shall be divided into four Faculties, namely, Arts, Law, Medicine, and Engineering. Every Member of the Senate shall be a Member of one Faculty at least, and any Member of the Senate may be a Member of more than one Faculty.

2. The Faculties shall be appointed by the Senate at its Annual Meeting.

3. Each Faculty shall elect its own President. Every Meeting of a Faculty shall be convened by its President, or, in his absence, by the Senior Fellow belonging to that Faculty.

* By the 8th Section of Act No. II. of 1857, the Senate have power to make and alter Bye-laws and Regulations, subject to the approval of the Governor-General of India in Council.

† The Syndicate have power to alter all dates.

4. If any Faculty omit to elect a President before the Annual Meeting of the Senate, or, in case the office should become vacant during the year, to elect a President for the rest of the year, within one month after the vacancy occurs, the Vice-Chancellor may appoint any Member of such Faculty to be its President.

5. Three Members of any Faculty shall constitute a quorum of that Faculty.

THE SYNDICATE.

1. The Executive Government of the University shall be vested in a Syndicate, consisting of the Vice-Chancellor and six of the Fellows, who shall be elected for one year by the several Faculties, in the following proportions :—

Three by the Faculty of Arts.
One by the Faculty of Law.
One by the Faculty of Medicine.
One by the Faculty of Engineering.

2. The elections both of the Presidents of the Faculties and of the Members of the Syndicate shall take place before the Annual Meeting of the Senate, and the names of the persons elected shall be declared at such Meeting.

3. The Syndicate shall meet ordinarily once a month, and at other times when convened by the Vice-Chancellor.

4. All Members of the Syndicate must be resident in or near Calcutta. If any Member be temporarily

absent from Calcutta, the President of his Faculty may appoint a Member to officiate during his absence. Should the period of absence exceed three months, the *Vice-Chancellor may declare his place vacant.*

5. *On every vacancy in the Syndicate, caused by* death, resignation, absence from Calcutta, or otherwise, the Faculty, by whom the Member causing the vacancy was elected, shall proceed to elect a new Member for the remainder of the current year.

6. If any Faculty omit to elect a Member of the Syndicate within one month after a vacancy occurs, the Vice-Chancellor may appoint one from among the Members of that Faculty.

7. Four Members of the Syndicate shall constitute a quorum, and all questions shall be decided by a majority of the votes of the Members present.

8. The Vice-Chancellor, or, in his absence, the Senior* Fellow present shall preside at all Meetings of the Syndicate, and if the votes, including that of the President, are equally divided, the President shall have a casting vote.

9. It shall be the duty of the Syndicate to appoint, and if necessary, to remove the Examiners and all other Officers of the University, except the Registrar; to order Examinations in conformity with the Regulations, and to fix the times at which they shall be held; to grant Degrees, Honors, and Rewards; to keep the

* The ex-officio Fellows of the University are always the Senior Fellows in order of official precedence. The seniority of the other Fellows mentioned in the Act of Incorporation is according to the order in which their names appear there. The seniority of all other Fellows is according to the date and order of their appointment.

Accounts of the University, and to correspond on the business of the University with the Government and all other authorities and persons.

10. During the year, between the Annual Meetings of the Senate, the Syndicate may appoint any Member of the Senate to any one or more of the Faculties, and may transfer any Member from one Faculty to another.

11. The Syndicate shall from time to time frame such Bye-laws and Regulations as may be necessary, subject to the approval of the Senate. Each Faculty shall report on any subject that may be referred to it by the Syndicate.

12. Any Faculty, or any Member, or number of Members of the Senate, may make any recommendation to the Syndicate, and may propose any Bye-law or Regulation for the consideration of the Syndicate.

13. The decision of the Syndicate on any such recommendation or proposition, or any matter whatever, may be brought before the Senate by any Member of the Senate at one of its Meetings, and the Senate may approve, revise, or modify any such decision, or may direct the Syndicate to review it.

14. No question shall be considered by the Senate that has not, in the first instance, been considered and decided on by the Syndicate.

THE REGISTRAR.

1. The Registrar shall be appointed by the Senate at the Annual Meeting. He shall be appointed for two years only, but at the end of every such term he may

be re-appointed. The term of office of the Registrar shall commence on the 1st day of May next following his election. If a vacancy occur in the office of Registrar between two Annual Meetings of the Senate, the Syndicate shall appoint a person to officiate until the *next first day of May.*

2. *It shall be competent to the Syndicate at their* discretion to grant leave of absence for short periods to the Registrar, when such leave can be granted without public inconvenience or extra expense. It shall also be competent to the Syndicate once during the Registrar's two years' tenure of office to grant him leave of absence on Medical Certificate, without forfeiture of salary, for a period not exceeding three months; provided that a satisfactory arrangement can be made without extra expense for the discharge of the Registrar's duties during his absence. Should it be necessary for the Registrar, after enjoying one such leave of absence, to be absent a second time (otherwise than for a short period as already provided,) or should it be necessary for the Registrar at any time to be absent for more than three months, or to proceed to Europe, the office of Registrar shall thereupon become vacant.

3. The Registrar shall be the custodian of the Records, Library, Common Seal, and such other property of the University as the Syndicate shall commit to his charge.

4. All Meetings of the Senate, the Syndicate, and the Faculties, shall be convened through the Registrar, who shall keep a record of the proceedings of such Meetings.

IV.

REGULATIONS.

ARTS.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

1. The Entrance Examination shall commence annually on the first Monday in December, and shall be held in Calcutta and in such other places* as shall from time to time be appointed by the Syndicate.

2. Any person, wherever he shall have been educated, may be admitted to the Entrance Examination, provided he will be above the age of sixteen years, on the 1st March following, and not otherwise.

3. Every candidate for admission to the Entrance Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A., either to the Registrar or to a local officer recognised by the Syndicate. Every such application must reach the office of the Registrar at least thirty days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.

4. A fee of ten rupees shall be payable by each

* The following places have already been appointed:—
Hooghly, Berhampore, Kishnaghur, Dacca, Chittagong, Gowhatty, Sylhet, Cuttack, Bhagulpore, Patna, Bancoorah, Benares, Agra, Delhi, Bareilly, Ajmere, Lahore, Saugor, Lucknow, Colombo, Kandy, Burrisaul, Simla, Mooltan, Peshawur, Darjeeling, Nagpore, Ranchee, Sehore, Mussoorie, Jubbulpore, Rangoon, Allahabad, Debroghur.

candidate. *No candidate shall be admitted, unless he* shall have paid this fee to the Registrar or to a local officer recognised by the Syndicate. A candidate who fails to pass or to present himself for the Examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Entrance Examinations on payment of a like fee of ten Rupees on each occasion.

5. The Entrance Examination shall be conducted by means of printed papers, the same papers being used at every place at which the Examination is held.

6. At the Entrance Examination, every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—

I. Languages.

English ; and one of the following languages :—

Greek.	Bengali.
Latin.	Oorya.
Arabic.	Hindi.
Persian.	Urdu.
Hebrew.	Burmese.
Sanskrit.	Armenian.

Any other language may be added to this list by the Syndicate.

Sentences in each language in which the candidate is examined shall be given for translation into the other language.

The papers in each language shall include questions on Grammar and Idiom.

II. History.

The Outlines of the History of England, of the History of India, and of General Geography with a more detailed knowledge of the Geography of India.

The Historical text-books will be fixed from time to time by the Syndicate. *(See Appendix B.)*

III. MATHEMATICS.

Arithmetic.

The four Simple Rules; Vulgar and Decimal Fractions; Reduction; Practice; Proportion; Simple interest; Extraction of Square Root.

Algebra.

The four Simple Rules; Proportion; Simple Equations; Extraction of Square Root; Greatest Common Measure; Least Common Multiple.

Geometry.

The first four books of Euclid, with easy deductions.

7. On the morning of the fourth Monday after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in three Divisions, each in alphabetical order. Every successful candidate shall receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS.

1. The First Examination in Arts shall commence annually on the first Monday in December; and shall be held in Calcutta, and in such other places* as shall from time to time be appointed by the Syndicate.

2. Any under-graduate of the University may be admitted to this Examination, provided he has prosecuted a regular course of study in any affiliated institution for not less than two academical years after passing the Entrance Examination.†

3. Every candidate for admission shall send his

* The following places have already been appointed:—
Hooghly, Berhampore, Kishnaghur, Dacca, Patna, Benares, Agra, Delhi, Bareilly, Ajmere, Lahore, Colombo, Saugor, Simla, Darjeeling, Sehore, Mussoorie, Cuttack, Chittagong.

† The Syndicate have power to make exceptions to this rule in favour of Deputy Inspectors of Schools and School-masters.

application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A., either to the Registrar or to a local officer recognised by the Syndicate. Every such application must reach the office of the Registrar at least thirty *days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.*

4. A fee of twenty Rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar or to the local officer recognised by the Syndicate. A candidate who fails to pass or to present himself for Examination, shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to any one or more subsequent First Examinations in Arts, on payment of a like fee of twenty Rupees on each occasion.

5. The First Examination in Arts shall be conducted by means of printed papers, the same papers being used at every place at which the Examination is held.

6. At the First Examination in Arts, every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—

I. LANGUAGES.*

English; and one of the following languages :—

Greek.	Hebrew.
Latin.	Arabic.
Sanskrit.	

Any other classical language may be added to this list by the Syndicate. Sentences in each language in which the candidate is examined, shall be given for translation into the other language.

The papers in each language shall include questions on Grammar and Idiom.

* The Examination in Languages will be such as to test a lower degree of competency than what is required for the B. A. Degree.

II. History.

Ancient History.

The Historical questions shall include questions relatiag to the geography of the countries to which they refer.

The text-book will be fixed from time to time by the Syndicate. (*See Appendix* B.)

III. Mathematics—pure and mixed.

Arithmetic.

Algebra.

(The following in addition to the subjects at Entrance.)

Quadratic Equations; Proportion and Variation; Permutations and Combinations; Arithmetical and Geometrical Progressions; the Binomial Theorem; Simple and Compound Interest; Discount; Annuities; the nature and use of Logarithms.

Geometry.

(The following in addition to the subjects at Entrance.)

The sixth Book of Euclid; the eleventh book to Prop. XXI. deductions.

Plane Trigonometry, as far as the Solution of Triangles.

Mechanics.

Composition and Resolution of Forces; Equilibrium of Forces at a point in one plane; the Mechanical Powers; and Centre of Gravity.

IV. Psychology and logic.

Psychology, as in Reid's Inquiry, or in Abercrombie's Intellectual Powers.

Deductive Logic, as in Fowler (Clarendon Press Series).

7. On the morning of the fourth Monday after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in three divisions, the first in order of merit, and the second and third, in alphabetical order. Every candidate shall on

passing receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

BACHELOR OF ARTS.

1. An Examination for the Degree of B. A. shall be held annually in Calcutta and Agra, and shall commence in the first week in January.

2. Any under-graduate of the University may be admitted to the Examination, provided he has prosecuted a regular course of study in any affiliated institution for not less than two academical years after passing the First Examination in Arts.*

3. Every candidate for admission to the Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A., to the Registrar at least thirty days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.

4. A fee of thirty Rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for Examination, shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Examinations for the Degree of B. A. on payment of a like fee of thirty Rupees on each occasion.

5. The Examination for the Degree of B. A. shall be conducted by means of printed papers.

* The Syndicate have power to make exceptions to this rule in favour of Deputy Inspectors of Schools and School-masters.

6. At the Examination for the Degree of B. A. every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects:—

I. LANGUAGES.

English; and one of the following languages:—

Greek.	Hebrew.
Latin.	Arabic.
Sanskrit.	

Any other classical language may be added to this list by the Syndicate.

Passages in each of the languages in which a candidate is examined, shall be given for translation into the other language.

II. HISTORY.

India during the Hindu, Mahomedan, and British periods, down to 1835. Greece, to the death of Alexander. Rome, to the death of Augustus. The Jews, to the destruction of Jerusalem.

The following amended Course of History will take effect at the Examination of 1874.

History of England, (Student's Hume).

India during the Hindu, Mahomedan, and British periods, down to 1835.

The Historical text-books will be fixed from time to time by the Syndicate. (*See Appendix* B.)

III. MATHEMATICS—PURE AND MIXED.

Mechanics.

The General Laws of Motion; the motion of a falling body in free space and along an inclined plane.

Hydrostatics, Hydraulics, and Pneumatics.

Elementary propositions respecting the nature, transmission and intensity of fluid pressure; the condition of equilibrium of floating bodies; nature and simple properties of elastic fluids, and the pressure produced by them; Specific gravity and the modes of determining it; the Barometer; Air-pump; Common pump; Forcing pump; Siphon; Diving-bell; Thermometer.

Astronomy.

Descriptive (as distinguished from Practical and Physical) Astronomy; the Solar System; Phenomena of Eclipses.

IV. *Mental and Moral Philosophy.*

Hamilton's Metaphysics.

Fleming's Moral Philosophy.

The text-books will be named from time to time by the Syndicate. (*See Appendix* B.)

V. One of the following subjects, to be selected by the candidate.

(*a.*) Mathematics—pure and mixed.

Geometry.

Conic Sections, treated geometrically.

Optics.

Laws of Reflection and Refraction; reflection at plane mirrors; reflection at spherical mirrors; and refraction through lenses, the incident pencils being direct; separation of Solar light into rays of different colours; description of Solar spectrum; rainbow; description of the eye; the Astronomical Telescope; Galileo's Telescope; the Sextant.

(*b.*) Elements of Inorganic Chemistry and of Electricity.

Thermotics, Chemistry, Electricity.

Molecular constitution of matter; Boscovich's Theory; cohesion; porosity; specific gravity; elasticity; adhesion; crystallization. Thermotics:—sensible heat; expansion; the Thermometer and Pyrometer; radiation; conduction; convection; specific heat; physical states of matter and latent heat; theory of formation of dew and clouds; mechanical equivalent of heat; dynamic theory of heat. Chemistry:—laws of combining proportion; laws of Atomic Volumes; Atomic theory; chemical symbols and equivalents; Inorganic chemistry of the chief elements. Electricity:—polarity; induction; the Leyden Jar and Electrometer; conduction; the Lightning rod; the Voltaic pile and battery; Magnetism and Electro-Magnetism; the Thermo-electric pile; relations of chemistry, heat, and electricity.

(*c.*) Elements of Zoology and Comparative Physiology.

The text-book to be fixed by the Syndicate.

(*d.*) Geology and Physical Geography.

Geology.

Inorganic.—Form and density of the earth and average density of superficial crust; observed ratio of increase of temperature with depth; physical state of interior as indicated by astronomical observation; how modified by temperature and pressure; principal chemical elements and compounds in earth's crust; chemical operations of interior; chemical phenomena of volcanoes, hot springs and crystalline

rocks; dynamical operations of interior; phenomena of earthquakes, volcanoes, upheaval, depression, dislocation, and contortion of crust; chemical and mechanical processes at surface, constitution of atmosphere; its changes and their influence on the solid crust; phenomena of atmospheric disintegration and degradation of rocks; transport by water, ice, &c.; river, glacier and iceberg phenomena; formation of sedimentary rocks and their chief varieties, consolidation and metamorphism.

Organic.—Chemical constitution and structure of animals and plants; vital functions, and sources of vital action; geographical and bathymetric distribution; conditions of life and interdependence of organized beings; chemico-geological processes of preservation and formation of rock masses; coral reefs, limestone, coral, peat, &c.; metamorphism of organic rocks; comparative value of geological evidence of fossil remains; succession of life in past epochs; antiquity of existing animals and plants.

7. On the morning of the fourth Monday after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in three Divisions, the first in order of merit, and the second and third in alphabetical order.

HONORS IN ARTS.

1. Examinations for Honors in Arts shall be held annually in Calcutta, commencing in the first week in February.

2. Any candidate who passes the B. A. Examination within four academical years from the date of his passing the Entrance Examination, may at the Honor Examination next ensuing, or at that of the following year, be examined for Honors in one or more of the following branches :—

(1.) Languages.

(2.) History.

(3.) Mental and Moral Philosophy.

(4.) Mathematics—pure and mixed.

(5.) Natural and Physical Science.

3. A fee of Rs. 50 shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for Examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee.

4. Every candidate for Honors shall intimate to the Registrar the subject or subjects in which he desires to be examined. Such intimation must reach the office of the Registrar on or before the 31st day of December.

5. Honors in Languages shall be awarded in Latin, in Greek, in Sanscrit, in Arabic, in Hebrew, and also in English for candidates whose vernacular language is not English.

The subjects in languages shall be selected by the Syndicate two years before the Examination.

The Examination shall include translation into English from the language professed by the candidate, and into that language from English.

It shall also include written answers by the candidate in English to questions relating to the books selected for the Examination.

It shall also include questions on Comparative Grammar, with special reference to the language professed by the candidate.

Every candidate shall be required to write an Essay in English on a subject connected with the History or Literature of the language professed by him.

6. Candidates for Honors in History shall be examined in the following subjects:—

a. History of a stated period (in modern times), including political and personal events, manners, and literature.

b. Constitutional History of England (as in Hallam).

c. History of Modern Civilization (as in Guizot).
d. Political Economy.
e. Taylor's Historical Evidence.

The Examination in History shall include such questions on Geography and Ethnography as the subjects suggest. The candidates shall be required to write an Essay in English on an historical subject.

7. Candidates for Honors in Mathematics shall be examined in the following subjects :—

Algebra, including the Theory of Equations.
Analytical Geometry (Plane and Solid).
Differential and Integral Calculus.
Spherical Trigonometry.
Statics.
Dynamics.
Hydrostatics, Hydraulics, and Pneumatics.
Optics.
Astronomy.
(*See Appendix* B.)

8. Candidates for Honors in Natural and Physical Science shall be examined in the following subjects :—

Whewell's History of the Inductive Sciences.
Mill's Logic, Books III. and IV.

And in one of the following Sciences. A general acquaintance with the subjects enumerated in brackets, treated as subordinate to the chief subject, and as far as they are necessary to the comprehension of the latter, is also expected.

a. Zoology,
[Comparative Anatomy and Physiology, Organic Chemistry, Palæontology, and Physical Geography.]

b. Botany,
[Botanic Physiology, Organic Chemistry, Palæobotany and Physical Geography.]

c. Geology,
[Physical Geography, Chemistry, Mineralogy, Palæontology.]

d. Mineralogy,
[Chemistry, Optics, Crystallography, Petrology, Mineral Technology.]

e. Physics, *viz.* Heat, Electricity, Magnetism.
[Chemistry.]

9. Candidates for Honors in Mental and Moral Philosophy shall be examined in the following subjects:—

Logic.
Mental Philosophy.
Moral Philosophy.
Natural Theology.
Also in one of the following subjects, to be selected by the candidate:—
a. History of Philosophy.
b. Elements of Jurisprudence.
c. Evidences of Revealed Religion (as in Butler's Analogy and Paley's Evidences).

10. As soon as possible after each Examination for Honors, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in three divisions, each in the order of merit. Candidates shall be bracketed together, unless the Examiners are of opinion that there is clearly a difference in their merits.

11. The candidate who shall be placed first in the first division in each branch shall receive a Gold Medal, and a prize of books to the value of one hundred Rupees, and the second student of the first class in each branch shall receive a Silver Medal, and a prize of books to the value of one hundred Rupees.

EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF M. A.

1. Every Bachelor of Arts, who has obtained Honors in Arts, shall be entitled to the Degree of Master of Arts without further Examination or fee.

2. Any Bachelor of Arts may, on sending to the Registrar (on or before the first of January), an application (specifying the branch in which he desires

to be examined) with a certificate of having passed the Examination for the Degree of B. A., and on payment of a fee of 50 Rupees, be admitted to the Honor Examination in any branch in view to obtaining the Degree of M. A.

3. *If a candidate fail to pass the Examination,* the fee shall not be returned to him. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Examinations, on payment of a like fee of fifty Rupees on each occasion.

4. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates arranged in alphabetical order. Each successful candidate shall receive with his Degree of M. A. a certificate setting forth the branch in which he was examined.

LICENCE IN LAW.

1. An Examination for a *Licence in Law shall be held annually in Calcutta, and shall commence in the first week in January.

2. Any under-graduate of the University may be admitted to this Examination, provided he has prosecuted a regular course of study in a school of Law, recognized by the Syndicate, for not less than three academical years after passing the First Examination in Arts.

3. Every candidate for admission to this Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in

* The holder of this Licence shall be styled a Licentiate in Law.

the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.

4. *A fee of twenty-five rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted,* unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate, who fails to pass or present himself for Examination, shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Examinations for a Licence in Law, on payment of a like fee of twenty-five rupees on each occasion.

5. The Examination shall be written and oral.

6. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—

I. The principles of Jurisprudence.

II. The several systems of Municipal Law which obtained in India, as they concern :

a. Personal rights and status.

b. The rights of Property, the modes of its acquisition, and herein the Law of Contracts and Successions, as well testamentary as *ab intestato.*

c. The Law of Evidence, of Crimes and Procedure.

The following shall be text-books of Examination in the foregoing subjects, and may, from time to time, be altered by the Syndicate :—

PRINCIPLES OF JURISPRUDENCE.

Stephen's Blackstone—Introduction, Section 2.

Kent's Commentaries—Part I; Lecture 1; Part 3, Lectures 20, 21, 22 and 23.

Story's Conflict of Laws—Chapters 1 and 2, *or*

Wheaton's Elements of International Law—Part 2, Chapter 2.

PERSONAL RIGHTS AND STATUS.

Stephen's Blackstone—Books I. and III. Book IV. Part I. Chapters 1, 2, 6 and 10; Part III. Chapters 1, 7, 10 and 13.

Kent's Commentaries—Part 4, Lectures 24 to 33 inclusive.

Strange's Hindu Law—Chapters 2, 3, 4 and 10, *or*
Macnaghten's Hindu Law—Chapters 5, 6 and 7.
Macnaghten's Mahomedan Law—Chapters 7, 8 and 9.
Story's Conflict of Laws—Chapters 3 and 4.

THE RIGHTS OF PROPERTY, THE MODES OF ITS ACQUISITION, AND HEREIN THE LAW OF CONTRACTS AND SUCCESSIONS, AS WELL TESTAMENTARY AS AB INTESTATO.

Stephen's Blackstone—Book II.—Introduction and Part 2.
Kent's Commentaries—Parts 5 & 6.
Macpherson on Contracts.
Williams on Real Property—Part I. Chapters 1 to 4 and 6 to 8; Part IV. Chapter 2; Part V. *or*
Stephen's Blackstone—Book II. Part 1, (excepting Chapter 2).
Strange's Hindu Law—Chapters 1, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 12, *or*
Macnaghten's Hindu Law—Chapters 1, 2, 3, 4 and 9.
Macnaghten's Mahomedan Law—Chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 11 and 12.
Dattaca Chundrica. (Sutherland's Translation).
Macpherson on Mortgages.

THE LAW OF EVIDENCE, OF CRIMES AND OF PROCEDURE.

Indian Penal Code.
Stephen's Blackstone—Books V. and VI.
Taylor *or* Goodeve *or* Norton on Evidence.
The Codes of Civil and Criminal Procedure. All Acts and Regulations in force, regulating the Revenue Courts of the Bengal Presidency.

Where two or more Books are mentioned in the alternative, it shall not be necessary for the Students to pass in more than one of the books.

7. A paper of questions shall be set in each of the following subjects:—

1. The Principles of Jurisprudence. The Law of Personal Rights and Status, and the Law relating to the infringement of such rights as administered in British India.
2. The rights of Property and the infringement of them; the modes of its acquisition, and the Law of Successions, as well testamentary as *ab intestato*.
3. Land Tenures in Bengal, and the Revenue Laws.
4. The Law of Contracts.
5. Civil Procedure Code, and Evidence.
6. Penal Code, and Criminal Procedure Code.

8. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates arranged alphabetically.

BACHELOR IN LAW.

1. An Examination for the Degree of Bachelor in Law shall be held annually in Calcutta, and shall commence in the first week in January.

2. Any Bachelor of Arts may be admitted to this Examination, provided he has passed the B. A. Examination at least one year previously, and has attended lectures in a school of Law, recognized by the Syndicate, for three academical years.

3. Every candidate for admission to the Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.

4. A fee of thirty rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate, who fails to pass or present himself for Examination, shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Examinations on payment of a like fee of thirty rupees on each occasion.

5. Every candidate shall be examined in the subjects and in the manner ordered in paragraphs 6 and 7 of the Regulations for a Licence in Law.

6. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates arranged in two divisions, each in order of merit. The first student of the first class shall receive a Gold Medal, provided that he is considered by the Examiners to have evinced sufficient merit. The Syndicate shall be at liberty to award one or more special prizes, if they deem it expedient.

8. Any Licentiate in Law, who has graduated in Arts,* may, on paying the usual fee, be admitted to the Degree of Bachelor in Law without further Examination.

EXAMINATION FOR HONORS IN LAW.

1. An Examination for Honors in Law shall be held annually in Calcutta, commencing in the first week in March.

2. Any candidate who has passed the Examination for the Degree of Bachelor in Law or for a Licence in Law may be examined for Honors.

3. Every candidate for Honors shall send his application, specifying the subjects in which he desires to be examined, to the Registrar at least one month before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.

4. The Examination shall be conducted by means of printed papers.

* Any person who has passed a University Law Examination in or before January, 1864, or the Examination for a Licence in Law, may proceed to the B. A. Examination without passing the First Examination in Arts, or completing the two years of study at an affiliated Institution required under para. 2 of the B. A. Regulations.

5. Candidates for Honors in Law shall be examined in four branches, *viz.* :—

(*a.*) Hindu and Mahomedan Law.

(*b*) Law of England, as administered by H. M.'s High Court of Judicature in the exercise of its Original Civil Jurisdiction.

(*c.*) General Law, as administered in H. M.'s High Court of Judicature in the exercise of its Appellate Jurisdiction, and in the Courts subordinate to it.

(*d.*) And in one of the following to be selected by the candidate.

(1.) Roman Civil Law.

(2.) Conflict of Laws.

(3.) International Law.

6. A separate paper shall be set in each of the six subjects; and in addition to the four subjects in which they must of necessity elect to be examined, candidates shall be permitted to enter for all or for any number of the others.

7. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed arranged in order of merit. Candidates shall be bracketed together, unless the Examiners are of opinion that there is clearly a difference in their merits. Each successful candidate shall receive a certificate, setting forth the branches in which he has been examined.

DOCTOR IN LAW.

1. No special Examination shall be held, but any person who has graduated as Bachelor in Law, and has at any time passed the Honor Examination may be admitted to the Degree of Doctor in Law without examination, provided that—

(1) Two members of the Faculty of Law or two Doctors in Law shall testify, to the satisfaction of the Syndicate, that since graduating he has practised his profession with repute for five years, and that in habits and character he is a fit and proper person for the Degree of Doctor, *and*

(2) He shall produce an Essay, approved by the President of the Faculty of Law for the time being, on some subject connected with Law or Jurisprudence.

2. A fee of Rupees one hundred shall be payable for the Degree of Doctor in Law. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he have previously paid this fee to the Registrar.

* LICENCE IN MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

1. An Examination for a Licence† in Medicine and Surgery shall be held annually in Calcutta, and shall commence in the last week of March. The Examination shall consist of two parts, entitled respectively the First and Second Licentiate Medical Examinations.

First Licentiate Medical Examination.

2. Any undergraduate of the University, who can produce certificates to the following effect, may be admitted to the Examination :—

a.—Of having completed his nineteenth year.

b.—Of having been engaged in Medical studies for three academical years after passing the Entrance Examination.

c.—Of having attended the following courses of lectures at a School of Medicine recognized by the Syndicate :—

* Candidates who entered on their Medical studies before June, 1866, may, if they so desire, be examined under the former regulations (see Calendar 1863-64).

† The holder of this Licence shall be styled Licentiate in Medicine

Two Courses of 70 Lectures.

Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.

Chemistry.

Materia Medica.

General Anatomy and Physiology.

One Course of 40 Lectures.

Botany.

One Course.

Practical Chemical Exercises in testing the nature of ordinary poisons, and in examination of animal secretions and urinary deposits.

d.—Of having studied Practical Pharmacy for three months, and of having acquired a practical knowledge of the preparation and compounding of Medicines.

e.—Of having dissected during three winter terms, and of having completed at least twelve Dissections in each term.

3. Every candidate for admission to the Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least two days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.

4. A fee of five Rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for Examination, shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Exminations, on payment of a like fee of five Rupees on each occasion.

5. The Examination shall be written, oral, and practical.

6. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—

Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.
Chemistry.
Botany.
Materia Medica and Pharmacy.
General Anatomy and Physiology.
Practical Chemistry, so far as regards the testing of the presence and nature of ordinary poisons, and the examination of animal secretions and urinary deposits.

The Syndicate shall notify, three months before the Examination, the portions of the subjects of Chemistry and Botany in which candidates shall be examined.

7. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in alphabetical order. Every candidate shall, on passing, receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

8. Any passed student of the Vernacular classes of any affiliated Medical College, or School of Medicine, if recommended by the Principal for distinguished merit, may be admitted to this Examination on producing certificates to the following effect :—

(a) Of having passed the Entrance Examination of the University.

(b) Of having completed his nineteenth year.

(c) Of having subsequently to qualifying in the Vernacular classes, been engaged for one year in the study of Medicine and Surgery, and during that time of having attended, in a School of Medicine recognized by the Syndicate, a course of lectures in each of the following subjects :—

Anatomy.
Physiology.
Botany.
Chemistry.

SECOND LICENTIATE MEDICAL EXAMINATION.

9. Any candidate, who can produce certificates to

the following effect, may be admitted to this Examination :—

(*a*) Of having passed the First Licentiate Medical Examination at least two years previously.

(*b*) Of having, subsequently to passing the First Licentiate Medical Examination, attended the following Courses of Lectures at a School of Medicine recognized by the Syndicate :—

Two Courses of 70 *Lectures.*

Medicine (including Hygiene and General Pathology).
Surgery.
Midwifery.

Two Courses of 50 *Lectures.*

Medical Jurispurdence.

One Course of 20 *Lectures.*

Diseases of the Eye.

(*c*) Of having, subsequently to passing the First Licentiate Medical Examination, dissected the surgical regions, and performed surgical operations during two Winter sessions; the certificate to state the number and nature of the operations so performed.

(*d*) Of having conducted at least six Labors.

Certificates on this subject will be received from any legally qualified practitioner in Medicine.

(*e*) Of having attended Hospital and Dispensary Practice during the last three academic years of study in the following manner, *viz.*—

Three months of attendance at the Out-door Dispensary of a recognized Hospital.

Fifteen months of attendance at the Surgical Practice of a recognized Hospital, and Lectures on Clinical Surgery during such attendance.

Fifteen months of attendance at the Medical Practice of a recognized Hospital, and Lectures on Clinical Medicine during such attendance.

Three months of attendance at the practice of an Eye-Infirmary.

(*f*) Of having drawn up, in his own handwriting, six Medical and six Surgical cases, during his period of service as Clinical Clerk or dresser.

(*g*) Of general character and conduct, from the Principal of the College or School of Medicine at which he has studied.

10. Every candidate for admission to the Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar. at least two days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.

11. A fee of twenty rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate, who fails to pass or present himself for Examination, shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Examinations, on payment of a like fee of twenty rupees on each occasion.

12. The Examination shall be written, oral and practical.

13. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—

Principles and Practice of Medicine.
Do. do. of Surgery.
Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery.
Midwifery.
Medical Jurisprudence.
Practical Toxicology.

The Clinical Examination shall be conducted in the wards of a Hospital.

14. Every candidate shall be required :—

To examine, diagnose and treat cases of Acute or Chronic Diseases to be selected by the Examiners, and to draw up careful histories of the cases; also, if required, to perform and report in detail necroscopical examinations of any of the selected cases that may have died in Hospital.

To apply apparatus for great surgical injuries and explain the objects to be attained by them, as well as the best manner of effecting those objects.

To examine, in presence of the Examiners, morbid products chemically, *and by the aid of the microscope demonstrating the results obtained.*

To perform capital operations upon the dead subject, after detailing to the Examiners the pathological conditions in which such operations are necessary, the different modes of operation adopted, and the reasons for preferring any particular mode of procedure.

15. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates arranged in alphabetical order. Every candidate shall, on passing, receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

BACHELOR IN MEDICINE.

1. An Examination for the degree of Bachelor in Medicine shall be held annually in Calcutta and shall commence in the last week of March. The Examination shall consist of two parts, entitled respectively the First and Second M. B. Examinations.

First M. B. Examination.

2. Any Undergraduate of the University, who can produce certificates to the following effect, may be admitted to this Examination :—

(*a*) Of having passed the First Examination in Arts; *Latin having been one of the languages in which he was examined* *

(*b*) Of having, subsequently to passing the First Examination in Arts, been engaged in Medical studies for three academical years.

(*c*) Of having attended the following courses of lectures at a School of Medicine recognized by the Syndicate :—

Two Courses, each of 40 Lectures.

Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.

Chemistry.

* The words here printed in Italics are to take effect as soon after 1869 as the Syndicate may order.

Materia Medica.
General Anatomy.

Two Courses, each of 40 Lectures.

Botany.

One Course of 40 Lectures.

Comparative Anatomy and Zoology

One Course.

Practical Chemical Exercises in testing the nature of ordinary poisons, and in examination of animal secretions and urinary deposits.

(d) Of having studied Practical Pharmacy for three months, and of having acquired a practical knowledge of the preparation and compounding of Medicines.

(e) Of having dissected during three Winter terms, and of having completed at least twelve dissections in each term.

3. Every candidate for admission to the Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least two days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.

4. A fee of ten Rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for Examination, shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Examinations, on payment of a like fee of ten Rupees on each occasion.

5. The Examination shall be written, oral and practical.

6. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—

Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.
Chemistry.
Botany.
Materia Medica and Pharmacy.
General Anatomy and Physiology.
Comparative Anatomy and Zoology.
Practical Chemistry, so far as regards the testing of the presence and nature of ordinary poisons, and the examination of animal secretions and urinary deposits.

7. As soon as possible after the commencement of the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in two divisions, the first in order of merit, and the second in alphabetical order. Every candidate shall, on passing, receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

8. Scholarships of 32 Rupees a month, on the result of this Examination, and tenable for two years, with the style of Junior University Scholar, shall be given in each of the following subjects :—

Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.
Chemistry.
Materia Medica and Pharmaceutical Chemistry.
Botany.
Physiology and Comparative Anatomy.

9. Scholarships shall be awarded on the recommendation of the Examiners, and shall be held subject to good behaviour.

Second M. B. Examination.

10. Any candidate, who can produce certificates to the following effect, may be admitted to this Examination :—

(*a*) Of having passed the First M. B. Examination at least two years previously.

(*b*) Of having subsequently to passing the First M. B. Examination, attended the following courses of Lectures at a School of Medicine recognized by the University :—

Two Courses, each of 70 Lectures.

Medicine (including Hygiene and General Pathology).
Surgery.
Midwifery.

Two Courses of 50 Lectures.

Medicial Jurisprudence.

One Course of 50 Lectures.

Diseases of the Eye.

(*c*) Of having, subsequently to passing the First M. B. Examination, dissected the surgical regions, and performed surgical operations during two Winter sessions; the certificate to state the number and nature of the operations so performed.

(*d*) Of having conducted at least six Labors.

Certificates on this subject will be received from any legally qualified practitioner in Medicine.

(*e*) Of having attended Hospital and Dispensary Practice during the last three academic years of study in the following manner, viz.—

Three months of attendance at the out-door Dispensary of a recognized Hospital.

Fifteen months of attendance at the Surgical Practice of a recognized Hospital, and Lectures in Clinical Surgery during such attendance.

Fifteen months of attendance at the Medical Practice of a recognized Hospital, and Lectures on Clinical Medicine during such attendance.

Three months of attendance at the practice of any Eye-Infirmary.

(*f*) Of having drawn up, in his own handwriting, Medical and Surgical cases during his period of service as Clinical Clerk or dresser.

(*g*) Of general character and conduct, from the Principal of the College or School of Medicine at which he has studied.

11. Every candidate for admission to the Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A. to the Registrar at

least two days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.

12. A fee of twenty rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate, who fails to pass or present himself for Examination, shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Examinations, on payment of a like fee of twenty rupees on each occasion.

13. The Examination shall be written, oral, and practical.

14. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—

Principles and practice of Medicine.
Do. do. of Surgery.
Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery.
Midwifery.
Medical Jurisprudence.
Practical Toxicology.

The Clinical Examination shall be conducted in the Wards of a Hospital.

15. Every candidate shall be required :—

To examine, diagnose, and treat cases of Acute or Chronic Disease to be selected by the Examiners ; and to draw up careful histories of the cases ; also, if required, to perform and report in detail necroscopical examinations on any of the selected cases that may have died in Hospital.

To apply apparatus for great surgical injuries and explain the objects to be attained by them, as well as the manner of effecting those objects.

To examine, in presence of the Examiners, morbid products chemically and by the aid of the microscope, demonstrating the results obtained.

To perform capital operations upon the dead subject, after detailing to the Examiners the pathological conditions in which such operations are necessary, the different modes of operations adopted, and the reasons for preferring any particular mode of procedure.

16. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates, arranged in two divisions each in alphabetical order.

17. Any Licentiate of three years' standing may be admitted to this Degree, on paying a fee of fifty rupees, and producing certificates to the following effect :—

(*a*) Of having passed the First Examination in Arts,* *Latin having been one of the languages in which he was examined.*†

(*b*) Of having attended, at a School of Medicine recognized by the Syndicate, a Course of lectures in Comparative Anatomy and Zoology, consisting of at least 40 Lectures.

(*c*) Of having passed an Examination in Comparative Anatomy and Zoology.

18. Any candidate who has passed the Licentiate Examination before 1867, or the Senior Diploma Examination of the Medical College, may be admitted to this degree, without further Examination or fee, on producing a certificate of having passed the First Examination in Arts,* *Latin having been one of the languages in which he was examined.*†

HONORS IN MEDICINE.

1. Any candidate who has been placed in the first division at the second Examination for the Degree of

* Any Licentiate in Medicine and Surgery may proceed to the First Examination in Arts or to the B. A. Examination, without completing the two years' attendance at an affiliated Institution required under para. 2 of the First Arts Regulations.

† The words here printed in italics are to take effect as soon after 1869, as the Syndicate may order.

Bachelor of Medicine, may be examined for Honors in one or more of the following branches :—

Surgery.
Medicine.
Midwifery.
Medical Jurisprudence.

2. The Examinations shall take place in the week following the completion of the second Examination, and shall be conducted by means of written papers and practical tests.

3. As soon as possible after each Examination for Honors, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates, arranged in order of merit. Candidates shall be bracketed together, unless the Examiners are of opinion that there is clearly a difference in their merits.

4. Scholarships of sixty Rupees a month, on the result of this Examination, and tenable for two years, with the style of Senior University Scholar, shall be given in each of the following subjects :—

Midwifery and the diseases of women and children.
Surgery.
Medicine.

5. Scholarships shall be awarded on the recommendation of the Examiners, and shall be held subject to good behaviour.

*DOCTOR IN MEDICINE.

1. An Examination for the Degree of Doctor in Medicine shall be held annually in Calcutta, and shall commence in the first week of April.

2. Any Bachelor in Medicine may be admitted to this Examination, provided he can produce certificates to the following effect:—

(a) Of having been admitted to the degree of Bachelor of Arts.†

(b) Of having subsequently to passing the M. B. Examination, completed—

Five years of certified practice of the Medical profession, *or*

Two years' Hospital practice and two years private practice, *or*

Two years' practice, either hospital or private, if the candidate be a Graduate in Medicine with Honors.

(c) Of good moral character, signed by two persons of respectability.

3. Every candidate for admission to the Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A., to the Registrar at least one month before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.

4. A fee of one hundred Rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for Examination, shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more

* Candidates, who enter on their Medical studies before June 1866, may, if they so desire, be examined under the former regulations (see Calendar 1863-64).

† Any Bachelor in Medicine may proceed to the B. A. Examination without completing the two years' study at an affiliated Institution required under para. 2 of the B. A. Regulations.

subsequent Examinations on payment of a like fee of one hundred Rupees on each occasion.

5. The Examination shall be written, oral and practical.

6. *Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—*

Medicine, including the practice of Physic.
Surgery.
Midwifery.
Hygiene and Pathology.

7. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates, arranged in alphabetical order.

8. Any candidate, who is not a Bachelor in Medicine, may be admitted to the Examination for the degree of Doctor in Medicine, on producing certificates to the following effect :—

(*a*) Of having passed the Senior diploma Examination of the Medical College or the Licentiate Examination in Medicine and Surgery of the University.

(*b*) Of having attained the age of 35 years.

(*c*) Of having practised the Medical profession with repute for five years.

(*d*) Of fitness, moral and social, for the degree.

(*e*) Of having passed the B. A. Examination;* *Latin having been one of the languages in which he was examined,*† or

The following preliminary Examination, for those candidates only who had completed their Medical Education in or before the session of 1859 :—

* Any person, who has passed a University Examination for a Licence in Medicine and Surgery in or before 1864, may proceed to the B. A. Examination without passing the First Examination in Arts, or completing the two years of study at an affiliated institution required under para. 2 of the B. A. Regulations.

† The words here printed in italics are to take effect as soon after 1869 as the Syndicate may order.

English.

Subjects of Examination shall not be appointed but the answers of the candidates in all subjects must be such as to show a competent knowledge of the English language.

Mental and Moral Science.

Mental Science;—as contained in Abercrombie on the Intellectual Powers.

Moral Philosophy;—as contained in Payne and Abercrombie.

LICENCE IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

1. An Examination for a *Licence in Civil Engineering shall be held annually in Calcutta, and shall commence in the first week in May.

2. Any under-graduate of the University may be admitted to this Examination, provided he has prosecuted a regular course of study in a School of Engineering recognized by the Syndicate, for three academical years after passing the Entrance Examination.

3. Every candidate for admission to the Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.

4. A fee of twenty-five Rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he has paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for Examination, shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subse-

* The holder of this Licence shall be styled a Licentiate in Civil Engineering.

quent Examinations on payment of a like fee of twenty-five Rupees on each occasion.

5. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—

I. Mathematics.
II. Mechanical Philosophy.
III. Natural and Experimental Science.
IV. *Construction.*
V. *Drawing.*
VI. Geodesy.

I. MATHEMATICS.

Arithmetic.

Algebra.

Simple and Quadratic Equations, Ratio, Proportion and Variation, Arithmetical and Geometrical Progression.

Binomial Theorem.

Logarithms.

Euclid—Books 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, and 11 to Prop. 21, with deductions.

Conic Sections, treated Geometrically.

Trigonometry.

As far as the solution of all cases of plane triangles.

Mensuration.

Mensuration of Surfaces and Solids.

II. MECHANICAL PHILOSOPHY.

Statics.

Composition and Resolution of forces, Centre of Gravity.

Mechanical Powers.

Friction.

Dynamics.

General Law of Motion.

Motion of Falling Bodies in free space and down inclined planes.

Vibration of simple pendulums.

Collision of Bodies.

Hydrostatics.

Equilibrium of Fluids.

Specific Gravity.

Equilibrium of floating bodies.

Centre of pressure.

Elastic fluids.

Principles of the Barometer and Thermometer, and application to determine heights of mountains; of the Air-pump, Condenser, Pump, Siphon, and Hydrostatic Press.

Hydrodynamics.

Motion of fluids through a small orifice.

Percussion and Resistance of Fluids.

Optics.

Laws of reflection, refraction and radiation for Plane and Spherical Surfaces. Formation of Images; simple and compound Lenses; the Eye, Principles of the Sextant, Telescope, Microscope.

III. NATURAL AND EXPERIMENTAL SCIENCE.

Chemistry.

The elements of inorganic Chemistry, as laid down in Chambers's Course, and as applied to the preparation of wrought-iron, steel and cements.

Heat.

Elementary laws of Heat, with reference to steam and combustion of fuel.

Mineralogy.

Physical Characteristics of Minerals.

Physical Geography.

With special reference to that of India.

IV. CONSTRUCTION.

Materials.

Stones.

Preparation of Bricks and Tiles, Mortars and Cements, Paints, Iron and Steel, Preservation of Timber.

Practice of Building.

Earthwork.

Construction of Roads.

Construction of Railroads.

Selection of Line, Cuttings and Embankments, Tunnels, Gradients, Curves.

The practice of Bridge Building.

Carpentry.

Scarfs, Joints, Centres for Bridges, Roofs.

Hydraulic Works.

Flow of water in pipes and open channels, and over Weirs; Tanks; Canals; Sluices; Locks.

Strength of Materials.

Resistance of Iron and Wood to compression, tension, transverse and longitudinal strains and detrustion. Deflection of Beams. Various forms of Beams, Solid, and Hollow.

Stability of Structures.

As applied to retaining walls, bridges, abutments, walls of Buildings, and framed structures.

Mechanism.

Motion; Machines; advantage and uses of.

Elementary forms; Levers; Cranks; Rolling contacts; Sliding contacts; Mechanism for modifying motion; Accumulation and Regulation of motion.

Sources of power—Gravity, Wind, Heat, Muscular action.

The Steam Engine in detail.

Hydraulic Machines—Water wheels and Turbines.

Designs.

An original design for a work on given data, with report, specification, and estimate.

V. Drawing.

Geometrical, Mechanical, Engineering and Architectural, Perspective, Isometrical perspective, Topographical and Landscape Drawing.

(Attested specimens, of each kind, to be submitted to the Examiners, in addition to the specimens to be excuted during the Examination, to which marks will be assigned.)

VI. Geodesy.

Use of the Scales, Prismatic Compass, Level, Theodolite and Plane Table.

Topographical Surveying of limited areas.

Practice of levelling.

Route Surveying and laying out curves.

(Attested Surveys, executed by the candidate, will be submitted to the Examiners, to which marks will be assigned.)

6. The Examination shall be conducted by means

of printed papers, and a paper of questions shall be set in each of the following subjects—

Arithmetic and Algebra.
Geometry and Conic Sections.
Practical Trigonometry, Logarithms and Mensuration.
Statics and Dynamics.
Hydrostatics and Optics.
Chemistry and Heat.
Mineralogy and Physical Geography.
Practice of Building.
Earthworks and Construction of Roads and Railways.
Carpentry and Mechanism.
Hydraulic Works.
Strength of Materials and Stability of Structures.
Drawing and Geodesy.

7. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates arranged in two divisions, each in order of merit. Every candidate shall, on passing, receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

BACHELOR IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

1. An Examination for the degree of Bachelor in Civil Engineering shall be held annually in Calcutta, and shall commence in the first week of May.

2. *Any candidate may be admitted to the Examination, provided he has prosecuted a regular course of study at a school of Engineering, recognized by the

* Any Licentiate in Engineering may proceed to the First Examination in Arts and the Bachelor of Arts Examination without completing the two years of study at an affiliated Institution, required under para. 2 of the B. A. Regulations.

Syndicate, for three academical years, after passing the First Examination in Arts.

3. Every candidate for admission to the Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar, at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.

4. A fee of thirty Rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he has paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate, who fails to pass or present himself for Examination, shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Examinations on payment of a like fee of thirty Rupees on each occasion.

5. Every candidate shall be examined in the subjects and in the manner ordered in paras. 5 and 6 of the Regulations for a Licence in Civil Engineering.

6. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates arranged in two divisions, each in order of merit. Every candidate shall, on passing, receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

7. The first candidate of the first class shall receive a gold medal to the value of one hundred Rupees.

8. Any Licentiate in Civil Engineering, who has passed the First Examination in Arts, may, on paying the usual fee, be admitted to the degree of Bachelor in Civil Engineering without further Examination.

HONORS IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

1. An Examination for Honors in Civil Engineering shall be held annually in Calcutta, commencing in the first week of June.

2. Any candidate who has passed the Examination for the degree of Bachelor in Civil Engineering, or for a Licence in Civil Engineering, may be examined for Honors.

3. Every candidate for Honors shall send his application to the Registrar, at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.

4. The Examination shall be written and oral.

5. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—

I. Mathematics.
II. Mechanical Philosophy.
III. Natural and Experimental Science.
IV. Construction.
V. Geodesy.

I. Mathematics.

Spherical Trigonometry, as applied to Geodesy.

Descriptive Geometry.

II. Mechanical Philosophy.

Central Forces.

Rotation and Oscillation of Bodies. Centrifugal Forces.

Motion of Fluids.

Geometrical Optics.

The Elements of Astronomy, and its application to Geodesy.

III. Natural and Experimental Science.

Heat—with reference to Steam and Combustion.

Chemistry—as applied to Cements and preservation of Materials.

Practical application of Electrical Science.

General principles of Geology and Mineralogy, and their applications to Engineering.

IV. CONSTRUCTION.

Practice of Building.

Theory and practice of Bridge-building.

Roads and Railways.

Hydraulic works.

Equilibrium of Structure, theory of Machines, with special reference to the Steam Engine.

Principles of Design.

V. GEODESY.

Surveying.

Topographical drawing.

6. The candidate's qualifications shall be tested by written papers on the first three and fifth subjects, and by written papers and *vivâ voce* Examination on the fourth subject.

7. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates arranged in order of merit.

MASTER IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

1. No special Examination shall be held, but any person who has graduated as B. C. E. and has at any time passed the Honor Examination, may be admitted to the Degree of Master in Civil Engineering without examination, provided that—

(1.) Two members of the Faculty of Engineering or two Masters in Civil Engineering shall testify to the satisfaction of the Syndicate that, since graduating, he has practised his profession with repute for four years, and that in habits and character he is a fit and proper person for the Degree of Master.

(2.) He shall produce an Essay approved by the President of the Faculty of Engineering for the time being, on some subject connected with Engineering.

2. A fee of Rupees one hundred shall be payable for the Degree of Master in Civil Engineering. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he have previously paid this fee to the Registrar.

GENERAL.

1. No question shall be put at any University Examination, so as to require an expression of religious belief on the part of the candidates; and no answer or translation given by any candidate shall be objected to on the ground of its expressing any peculiarities of religious belief.

2. The Syndicate shall have power in any case to admit to any University Examination in any Faculty, any person who shall present a certificate from any Institution authorised on that behalf by the Governor-General of India in Council, shewing that in such Institution he has attended courses of study, passed Examinations, or taken degrees corresponding to those which, in connection with such Examinations, are exacted from students of this University.

APPENDIX A.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University.

The Entrance fee of 10 Rupees is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c.

CERTIFICATE.

The certificate is to be signed by the Principal or Headmaster of the College or School at which the candidate has been or is being educated, or if he be a private* student, by the Principal of an affiliated College, or by a Government Inspector of Schools.

I certify that the abovenamed candidate will, to the best of my belief, be above the age of 16 years on the 1st March next, that I know nothing against his moral character, that he has not already passed the Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University, that there is in my opinion a reasonable probability of his now passing it, and that he has signed the above application.

The 187

Particulars to be filled in by the candidate :—

Name.

Age.

Religion.

Race (*i. e. nation, tribe, &c. &c.*)

Where educated.

Present position (*i. e. at School or present occupation*).

Town or village, where resident.

Name of Father or Guardian.

Where to be examined.

Language in which, besides English, to be examined.

* Private Student :—one who has attended at no educational Institution for six months before the Examination.

FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing First Examination in Arts. In addition to the necessary subjects, I offer to be examined in the language.

The fee of 20 Rupees is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that the abovenamed candidate has satisfied me by the production of the Registrar's certificate, that he has passed the Entrance Examination of the University, that I know nothing against his moral character, that there is, in my opinion, a reasonable probability of his now passing the First Examination in Arts, and that I believe the subjoined account to be true.

The certificate to be signed by the Principal or Head Master of an affiliated Institution.

Particulars to be filled in by the candidate:—

Age, ...
Race (*i. e.*, nation, tribe, &c., &c.) ... ...
Religion, ...
Present Occupation, ...
Date of Entrance, ...
Where to be examined, ...

Period or Periods of Study since passing the Entrance Examination.

Affiliated Institution or Institutions at which candidate has studied.	Period or Periods of continuous study.	Signature of Principal or Head Master of Affiliated Institution.

B. A. EXAMINATION.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing Examination for the Degree of Bachelor of Arts.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

The certificate to be signed by the Principal or Head Master of an affiliated Institution.

I certify that the abovenamed candidate has satisfied me by the production of the Registrar's certificate, that he has passed the First Examination in Arts of the University of Calcutta, that I know nothing against his moral character, that there is, in my opinion, a reasonable probability of his now passing the B. A. Examination, and that I believe the subjoined account to be true.

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate :—

Age.

Date of Entrance.

Date of passing First Examination in Arts.

Race (*i. e.*, nation, tribe, &c., &c.)

Religion.

Present Occupation.

Language in which, besides English, to be examined.

Optional subject.

Period or Periods of study since passing the First Examination in Arts.

Affiliated Institution or Institutions at which candidate has studied.	Period or Periods of continuous study.	Signatures of Principals or Head Masters of Affiliated Institutions.

M. A. EXAMINATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing Examination for the Degree of Master of Arts in

I am, &c., &c.

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate :—

Age.
Date of Graduation in Arts.
Race (*i. e.*, nation, tribe, &c.)
Religion.
Present Occupation.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that the abovenamed candidate has satisfied me by the production of his diploma, that he has passed the Bachelor of Arts Examination of the University of
that I know nothing against his moral character, and that I believe the above account to be true.

LICENCE IN LAW.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing Examination for a Licence in Law.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

To be signed by the Principal of the College at which the Candidate has studied.

I certify that ——— —— has fulfilled the requirements contemplated under para. 2, of the Regulations as to Law.

The certificate and application for the Degree of Bachelor in Law in the same form as the foregoing.

DOCTOR IN LAW.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request to be admitted to the Degree of Doctor in Law.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

To be signed by the President of the Faculty of Law.

I certify that ———— has fulfilled the requirements contemplated under para. 1, of the D. L. Regulations.

LICENCE IN MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

FIRST EXAMINATION.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing First Examination for a Licence in Medicine and Surgery.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

To be signed by the Principal of the College at which the Candidate has studied.

I certify that ———— has, to the best of my belief, completed his nineteenth year; that I know nothing against his moral character; and that he has fulfilled the requirements contemplated under para. 2, of the Regulations as to Medicine.

The applications and certificates of the following Examinations to be in the same form, as the foregoing :—

Licence in Medicine and Surgery, Second Examination.
Bachelor in Medicine, First Examination.
Bachelor in Medicine, Second Examination.

DOCTOR IN MEDICINE.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing Examination for the Degree of Doctor in Medicine.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

To be signed by the President of the Faculty of Medicine.

I certify that ——— has fulfilled the requirements contemplated under para. 8, of the M. D. Regulations.

LICENCE IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing Examination for a Licence in Civil Engineering.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

To be signed by the Principal of the College at which the Candidata has studied.

I certify that ——— ——— has fulfilled the requirements contemplated under para. 2, of the Regulations as to Civil Engineering.

BACHELOR IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

The certificate and application for the Degree of Bachelor in Civil Engineering to be in the same form as the foregoing.

MASTER IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

The certificate and application for the Degree of Master in Civil Engineering to be in the same form as for the Degree of Doctor in Law, with the exception that the certificate is to be signed by the President of the Faculty of Engineering.

CERTIFICATES OF PASSING.

Entrance.

I certify that ——— duly passed the Entrance Examination held in the month of ——— 18—, and has been placed in the ——— Division.

The 18 .

Registrar.

First Examination in Arts.

Same form as foregoing.

Licence in any Faculty.

This is to certify that ——— passed the Examination for Licence in ——— at the Annual Examination in the year 18—, and that he was placed in the ——— Division.

Registrar.

University of Calcutta,

The 18 .

First Examination for Licence in Medicine and Surgery.

This is to certify that ——— duly passed the First Examination for ——— at the Annual Examination in the year 18—, and has been placed in the ——— Division.

Registrar.

University of Calcutta,

The 18 .

Bachelor in any Faculty.

This is to certify that ——— obtained the Degree of Bachelor in ——— in this University at the Annual Examination in the year 18—, and that he was placed in the ——— Division.

Chancellor,

or Vice-Chancellor,

University of Calcutta,

The 18 .

Doctor or Master in any Faculty.

This is to certify that ———— obtained the Degree of Doctor or Master in ———— in this University, at the Annual Examination in the year 18—.

Chancellor,
or Vice-Chancellor.

University of Calcutta,
The 18 .

Honors.

This is to certify that ——— passed the Honor Examination in ——— in ——— and was placed in the ——— Division.

Registrar.

University of Calcutta,
The 18

APPENDIX B.

SUBJECTS IN LANGUAGES.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, 1871.

English.

Cowper, ...	Retirement, as in 1862.
Byron, ...	The Corsair.
Campbell, ...	Capture of Warsaw, Lord Ullin's Daughter.
Prescott, ...	Selections from the History of Ferdinand and Isabella, as in 1867.
Adam Smith, ...	Wealth of Nations, Book I. Chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, and the whole of Book III.
Washington Irving, ..	Selections from the Sketch Book.
Scott, ...	Ivanhoe, Chaps. 1—5, 7 & 8.

Greek.

Xenophon, ...	Memorabilia, Book I.
Homer, ...	Iliad, Book VI.

Latin.

Cicero, ... Pro A. Licinio Archia.
Cicero, ... De Amicitia.
Virgil, ... Æneid, Book II.

Sanskrit.

Extracts from Hitopadesha, Vishnupurána, and Mahábharat in Rijupat, Part III.
Upakramaniká.

Arabic.

Major Fuller's Selections.*

*Bengali.**

Selections by the Rev. K. M. Banerjea, as in 1870.

*Urdu.**

Major Fuller's Selections, Part I.

Persian.

Iqd-i-gul. Pages 1-105.
Iqd-i-Manzum.

Hindi.

Lallu Lal; Prem Sagur, 2nd half, Chaps. 51-90.
Vidyánkur.
Rámáyan, 3rd and 4th Books.

Oorya.

Hitopadesha, 1st and 2nd Books.
Batris Singhásan.
Mahábhárat—Birát Parva.

Burmese.

Thoodamma Tsarie.
Dhamma Pada.

* Thacker, Spink & Co.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, 1872.

English.

Beattie, ... The Minstrel, Book I. as in 1861.

Pope, ... Iliad, Book XXIV.

Gray, ... Elegy written in a country Church-yard.

Scott, ... Young Lochinvar.

Addison, ... Papers from the Spectator and Tatler, as in 1870.

Craik, ... Pursuit of Knowledge, as in 1865.

Scott, ... Tales of a Grandfather, Chaps. 6-10 inclusive.

Greek.

Xenophon, ... Anabasis, Books I. and II.

Homer, ... Iliad, Book I.

Latin.

Cornelius Nepos, ... First ten Lives, (Browning's Ed. Clarendon Press Series.)

Ovid, ... Selections* from Fasti.

Sanskrit.

Extracts from Hitopadesha, Vishnupurána and Mahabharat, in Rijupat, Part III. Upakramanika.

Arabic.

Selections* by Major Fuller.

Bengali.

Selections* by the Rev. K. M. Banerjea.

Urdu.

Selections* Part I. by Major Fuller.

* Thacker, Spink & Co.

Persian.

Iqd-i-gul, pages 1-105.
Iqd-i-Manzum.

Hindi.

Ramayana, Chapter I. in Pundit Ram Jasan's Edition.
Prem Sagar, the first half to the 50th Chapter.

Ooriya.

Mahábhárat, Birát Parva.
Hitopadesha, Books III and IV.
Universal History by Nobin Chandra Sarangee.

Burmese.

Thoodhamma Tsarie.
Dhamma Pada.

Armenian.

History of Armènia, Books I. to III.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, 1873.

English.

Selections.*

Greek.

Xenophon, ... Memorabilia, Book I.
Homer, ... Iliad, Book VI.

Latin.

Cæsar, ... De Bello Gallico, Book II.
Ovid, ... Tristia, Selections* I to XII.

* Thacker, Spink & Co.

Sanskrit.

Extracts from Hitopodesha, Vishnupurána and Mahábḥárat, in Rijupat, Part III.
Upakromaniká.

Arabic.

Selections* by Major Fuller.

Bengali.

Selections.*

Urdu.

Selections,* Part I. by Major Fuller.

Persian.

Iqd-i-gul, pages 1-105.
Iqd-i-Manzum.

Hindi.

Ramayana, Balkanda, Pundit Ram Jasan's Edition.
Prem Sagar, from the 51st Chapter to the end.
Rajniti, from page 80 to the end. (Hall's Edition.)

Ooriya.

Ramayan, Soondrakand.	Cal. Sch. Bk. Society's	Edition.
Hitopadesha, Books I and II.	ditto	ditto.
Raghuvansa,	ditto	ditto.

Armenian.

History of Armenia, Books I. to III.

* Thacker, Spink & Co.

FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS, 1871.

English.

Milton,	Paradise Lost, Books III. and IV.
Home,	Tragedy of Douglas.
Scott,	The Bridal of Triermain.
Clough's Translation of Plutarch,	Lives of Cato the Younger, Tiberius Gracchus, and Caius Gracchus.
Helps,	Essays written in the Intervals of Business, Parts I. and II.
Paley,	Natural Theology, Chaps. 1, 2, 3, and part of Chap. 26.

Greek.

Euripides,	Medea.
Plato,	Apologia Socratis.
Demosthenes,	Olynthiac Orations.

Latin.

Horace,	Book I. of the Epistles.
Virgil,	Fourth Georgic.
Livy,	Book I.

Sanskrit.

Kumára Sambhava,	Books I.—VII.
Uttaracharita.	

*Arabic.**

Mr. Kempson's Selections.

* Thacker, Spink & Co.

FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS, 1872.

English.

Milton,*	Paradise Lost, Book V.
Scott, ...	Lady of the Lake.
Pope,*	Essay on Criticism.
Prescott,*	Essays on Cervantes and Sir Walter Scott.
Goldsmith,*	History of Rome, Chap. XXII. to the end.
Addison,*.....	Selections from the Spectator.

Greek.

Herodotus, ...	Clio.
Euripides,.....	Alcestis.

Latin.

Livy,.....	Book II.
Ovid,.....	Metamorphoses, Selections* I—X.

Sanskrit.

Kumára Sambhava, ...	Books I—VII.
Uttaracharita.	

Arabic.

Selections* by Mr. Kempson.

FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS, 1873.

English.

Addison,*.....	Cato.
Milton,*	Paradise Lost, Book I.

* Thacker, Spink & Co.

Pope,* ..... The Temple of Fame.
Scott,* ..... Introduction to the First Canto of Marmion.
Addison,* ..... Papers from the Spectator.

Greek.

Euripides, ... Medea.
Herodotus, ... Euterpe, Book II.

Latin.

Propertius, ... Selections,* I—IV.
Ovid, ... Miscellanea Selections* I—VI.
Cicero, ... Pro Milone.

Sanskrit.

Kumára Sambhava, ... Books I—VII.*
Uttaracharita.

Arabic.

Selections* by Mr. Kempson.

B. A. EXAMINATION, 1872.

English.

Shakspeare, ... Merchant of Venice.
Wilson,* ..... Isle of Palms.
Shelley,* ..... The Cloud.
Palgrave's Golden Treasury,* Selections from.
Milton, ... Comus and Sonnets.
Bacon, ... Advancement of Learning, Book I.
Foster,* ..... Essay on Defoe.
Burke,* ..... Speech for Conciliation with America.

* Thacker, Spink & Co.

Campbell,*	Rhetoric, as in 1871.
Macaulay, ...	Essays on Pitt and Chatham.
Hume,*	History of England, Reign of Richard I.
Gibbon,*	Decline and Fall, Chap. 59, pages 128—151.
Robertson,*	Charles V, Book I. pages 356—379.

Greek.

Sophocles,.....	Œdipus Rex.
Thucydides,.....	Book II.

Latin.

Lucretius,.....	Book V.
Tacitus, ...	Histories, Book II.
Cicero, ...	Pro Murenâ.

Sanskrit.

Kumára Sambhava.	
Vení Sánhára, ...	(Omitting 2nd Act.)

*Arabic.**

Taríkh-i-Yamíní, ...	As contained in Selections by Colonel Lees.
Hamásah, the first 31 pages,	
Mutanabbi,.....	

B. A. EXAMINATION, 1873.

English.

Shakspeare, ...	King John.
Milton, ...	Samson Agonistes.
Scott,*	Harold the Dauntless.
Philips,*	The Splendid Shilling.

* Thacker, Spink & Co.

Burke,*	Thoughts on the Present Discontents.
Johnson,*	Life of Milton.
Campbell,*	Rhetoric, as in 1872.
Macaulay, ...	Essay on Byron.
Milton, ...	Areopagitica. (Arber's Reprints.)

Greek.

Sophocles, ...	Ajax.
Thucydides, ...	Book I.

Latin.

Catullus, ...	Selections* from.
Tacitus, ...	Annals, Book II.
Sallust, ...	Catiline.

Sanskrit.

Raghuvansa, ...	Books I—IX.
Sakuntalá, ...	(Devanagari Recension.)

*Arabic.**

Taríkh-i-Yamíní, ...	As contained in Selections by Colonel Lees.
Hamásah, first 31 pages, ..	
Mutanabbi, ...	

B. A. EXAMINATION, 1874

English.

Shakspeare, ...	Hamlet. Much Ado about Nothing.
Milton,*	Comus and Sonnets.
Campbell,*	Rhetoric as in 1873.
Bacon,*	Advancement of Learning, Book II.

* Thacker, Spink & Co.

Macaulay, ... Essay on Milton.

Typical Selections from the best English Authors, pages 283—400. (Clarendon Press Series.)

Greek.

Sophocles, ... Œdipus Rex.

Thucydides, ... Book II.

Latin.

Martial, ... Selections,* I—XII.

Persius, ... Selections,* I—III.

Juvenal, ... Selections,* I—III.

Tacitus, ... Histories, Book I.

Sanskrit.

Raghuvansa, ... Books I—IX.

Sakuntalá, ... (Devanagari Recension).

*Arabic.**

Taríkh-i-Yamíní, ... As contained in Selections by Colonel Lees.

Hamásah, first 31 pages, ... As contained in Selections by Colonel Lees.

Muttanabbi, ... As contained in Selections by Colonel Lees.

HONOR EXAMINATION, 1872.

English—Poetry.

Chaucer, ... Selections edited by Morris—omitting Nonnes Prieste's Tale. (Clarendon Press Series.)

Spenser, ... Faerie Queene, Book II. Cantos 1—6. (Clarendon Press Series).

Dryden, ... Absalom and Achithophel.

* Thacker, Spink & Co.

Byron, ...	Childe Harold, Cantos 3 and 4.
Wordsworth, ...	The Excursion, Books I and II.

The lyrical poems of Shakspeare, Milton, Dryden, Gray and Collins, as contained in Palgrave's Golden Treasury, Books I—III

Drama.

Shakspeare, ...	Henry VI. Three Parts.
Massinger, ...	The Virgin Martyr.
Sheridan, ...	The Rivals.
Villiers, ...	The Rehearsal.

Prose.

Gosson, ...	Schoole of Abuse. (Arber's Reprints).
Browne, ...	Religio Medici.
Lamb, ...	Essays of Elia.
Scott, ...	Quentin Durward.
Campbell, ...	Rhetoric, Book II. Chapters IV, V, VI, VIII and IX, and the whole of Book III.
Boswell, ...	Life of Johnson—2nd half.
Mill, ...	Inaugural Address at St. Andrews.

HONOR EXAMINATION, 1873.

English—Poetry.

Chaucer, ...	Selections edited by Morris—omitting Nonnes Prieste's Tale. (Clarendon Press Series.)

Spenser, ...	Faerie Queene, Book II. Cantos 1—6. (Clarendon Press Series.)
Pope, ...	Essay on Man, edited by Pattison. (Clarendon Press Series.)
Wordsworth, ...	Excursion, Books 3 and 4.

Palgrave's Golden Treasury, Book IV.

Drama.

Shakspeare, ...	Julius Cæsar. Antony and Cleopatra.
Marlowe, ...	Edward II.
Coleridge, ...	Wallenstein.
Villiers, ...	The Rehearsal.

Prose.

Hooker, ...	Ecclesiastical Polity, Book I. edited by Church. (Clarendon Press Series.)
Sidney, ...	An Apologie for Poetrie. (Arber's Reprints.)
Lamb, ...	Essays of Elia.
Scott, ...	Ivanhoe.
Campbell, ...	Rhetoric, as in 1872.
Ruskin, ...	Selections from the Writings of. (Smith, Elder & Co.)
Mill, ...	Inaugural Address at St. Andrews.

HONOR EXAMINATION.

Greek.

Homer, ...	Iliad, first twelve Books.

Pindar, ...	Olympic Odes.
Æschylus, ...	Prometheus and Agamemnon.
Sophocles, ...	Œdipus Tyrannus and Antigone.
Euripides, ...	Hecuba and Medea.
Aristophanes, ...	Knights, Clouds and Frogs.
Herodotus, ...	Books II. and III. to the end of Chap. 66.
Thucydides, ...	Books VI. and VII.
Demosthenes, ...	Orations against Leptines and Meidias.
Plato, ...	Republic.
Aristotle, ...	Politics.

HONOR EXAMINATION.

Latin.

Virgil, ...	Georgics; Æneid, first six Books.
Horace, ...	Odes, Epodes, Satires I, (except 2 and 8) Epistles I. De Arte Poetica.
Juvenal, ...	Satires, (except 2, 6, 9).
Persius, ...	Satires.
Lucretius, ...	Books I. and VI.
Catullus, ...	1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 12, 22, 30, 31. 46, 49, 51, 63, 64, 65, 66.
Plautus, ...	Aulularia.
Terence, ...	Andria.

Livy,	Books XXI. to XXV.
Sallust,	Bellum Catilinarium.
Cicero,	Orations against Catiline, first book of letters to Atticus, and De Officiis.
Tacitus,	Histories.

HONOR EXAMINATION.

Arabic.

Hammasoah,	The whole.
Motanabbi,	
Makamát-í-Hariri,	
Saba-i-Moallakah,	

HONOR EXAMINATION, 1872 AND 1873.

Sanskrit.

Kálidása,	Sakuntalá. Meghadúta.
Bhartrihari,	Bhatti Kávya, VI—IX.
Bhavabhúti,	Víracharita. Uttaracharita.
Súdraka,	Mrichchhakatika.
Dandí,	Dasakumáracharita.
Srí Harsha,	Naishadhacharita, II. III. XIV. XVII.
Bháravi,	Kirátárjuníya XI—XIV.
Vyása and Sankara,	Vedánta Sútras with Sánkara Bháshya I. Adhyáya, 4th Páda.
Rig Veda Sanhitá,	1 Ashtaka, 1 to 4 Adhyáyas.
Mammata Bhatta,	Kávya Prakása.

Vishwanátha Tarkapanchánana, ...	Bháshá Parichchheda and Siddhánta Muktávalí.
Vachaspati Misra, ...	Tattwa Kaumudí.
Pánini,.....	Káraka and Samása as in the Siddhánta Kaumudí.

HONOR EXAMINATION, 1872 AND 1873.

History.

As a period:—

The History of England from 1760 to 1832.

(*a*). Hallam's Constitutional History of England.

(*b*). Guizot's History of Modern Civilization.

(*c*). Political Economy.

(*d*). Taylor's Historical Evidence.

TEXT-BOOKS IN ARTS.

History.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, 1871.

Dr. Collier's History of the British Empire (Nelson's School Series).

Marshman's History of India, Vol. I.

FIRST EXAMINATION, 1871.

History.

Taylor's Student's Manual of Ancient History.

Psychology and Logic.

Psychology, as in Reid's Inquiry, or in Abercrombie's Intellectual Powers.

Logic—as in Fowler (Clarendon Press Series).

B. A. EXAMINATION, 1871—1873.

History.

Elphinstone's History of India.

Macfarlane's "British India," or Marshman's History of India, Vol. 2.

Schmitz's Greece and Rome.

History the Jews, as in Taylor's Manual of Ancient History, Chapter 5, and Chapter 12, Section VII.

1874.

History of England (Student's Hume).

Exphinstone's History of India.

Macfarlane's "British India," or Marshman's History of India, Vol. 2.

Mental and Moral Science.

Hamilton's Metaphysics.

Fleming's Moral Philosophy.

Zoology and Comparative Anatomy.

Milne Edward's Zoology, Parts I and II.

Chemistry.

Roscoe's Elementary Lessons.

HONOR EXAMINATION.

Pure Mathematics.

Algebra, as in Todhunter or Wood, omitting the theory of Probabilities and Indeterminate Equations of a degree higher than the first.

Trigonometry, as in Todhunter, omitting Articles 318 to the end.

Theory of Equations, as in Todhunter, Caps. I—XVIII. Articles 242—248 and Cap. XXV. to the end.

Geometry of two dimensions, as in Turnbull and Salmon, with the exception of Involution, Infinitesimals and Projections.

Geometry of three dimensions, as in Aldis, omitting Cap. IX. on Functional and Differential Equations to families of surfaces: or the corresponding propositions in Frost and Wolstenholme.

N. B. Tetrahedral and Quadriplanar coordinates will not be required.

Differential Calculus, as in Todhunter.

Integral Calculus, as in Todhunter, Caps. I—IX. omitting Articles 90—96.

Differential Equations, only as required for the propositions in which they appear.

Spherical Trigonometry, as in Todhunter, Caps. I—VIII. and Cap. XII.

N. B. All limits are inclusive.

Mixed Mathematics.

Statics, as in Parkinson and Todhunter, with the exception of Poisson's proof of the parallelogram of forces, Lagrange's proof of Virtual Velocities; also Caps. VII, IX, and the articles upon the attraction of Spheroids, Ivory's Theorem and Potentials.

Particle Dynamics, as in Tait and Steele, omitting Caps. VI, XI, XII, the more complicated problems of constrained motion upon surfaces, and all propositions involving the application of the Calculus of Variations.

Hydro-mechanics, as in Besant's elementary treatise, with the exception of the theory of sound; also the

larger treatise of the same author, omitting Caps. VII, X, XII, and all propositions involving the Dynamics of a rigid body.

N. B. In Cap. VIII. only propositions involving resolution along lines of motion are required.

Optics, as in Parkinson, omitting the formulæ for the calculation of spherical aberration, and the propositions at the end of Cap. VI. on refraction and reflexion at different surfaces in any manner.

Astronomy, as in Main's Practical and Spherical Astronomy, with the exception of the articles mentioned below.

Cap. II.		Articles	17, 17—19, 33, 36.
III.		„	10.
V.		„	11, 12.
VI.	(1)	„	4—8.
VI.	(2)	„	9—12.
VI.	(3)	„	10—11, 19, 24, 25.
VII.		„	7—15, 18.
VIII.		„	9—11, 16—21.
X.		„	6—8, 34—36.
XI.		„	12 to end.

In supersession of the Regulations in Law published at pages 47—51, *the following amended Regulations took effect from* 1*st January*, 1871 :—

*LICENCE IN LAW.

The Regulations for the Licence in Law are abolished.

*BACHELOR IN LAW.

1. An Examination for the Degree of Bachelor in Law shall be held annually in Calcutta, and shall commence in the first week in January.

2. Any Graduate of the University may be admitted to the Examination, provided that he has prosecuted a regular course of study in a school of law recognized by the Syndicate for not less than three academical years, two of which shall be after passing the B. A. Examination.

3. Every candidate for admission to the Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least thirty days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.

4. A fee of thirty rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate, who fails to pass or present himself for Examination, shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A

* Persons who entered upon the study of Law in an Affiliated College before the 1st January, 1871, will be allowed to present themselves for examination for the Licence or for the Degree of B. L. after completing their attendance on lectures in the manner prescribed in para. 2 of the Old Regulations.

candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Examinations on payment of a like fee of thirty rupees on each occasion.

5. The Examination shall be written and oral.

6. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—

The Principles of Jurisprudence.

The Theory and Law of Property.

The Law relating to Persons in their public and private capacities.

The History and Constitution of the Courts of Law and Legislative Authorities in India.

The Land Tenures of Bengal and the Revenue Laws.

The Law of Mortgage, Registration, Limitation, and Prescription.

The Hindu and Mahomedan Law in general use and application, as modified by the Acts and Regulations of the Bengal Code.

The Law of Contracts and Torts.

The Principles of Judicial Inquiry in Matters of Fact, and the Rules of Evidence in use in the Mofussil Courts.

Criminal Law and Criminal and Civil Procedure.

7. Six papers shall be set at the Examination, and the subjects shall be distributed in the following manner :—

i. The Principles of General Jurisprudence; the Theory and Law of Property; the Law relating to Persons in their public and private capacities; and Legal History and Constitution.

ii. The Land Tenures in Bengal; the Revenue Laws; the Law of Mortgage, Registration, Limitation, and Prescription.

iii. The Hindu and Mahomedan Law.

iv. The Law of Contracts and Torts.

v. Civil Procedure and Evidence.

vi. Criminal Law and Criminal Procedure.

8. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates arranged in two divisions, each in order of merit. The first student of the first class shall receive a Gold Medal, provided that he is considered by the Examiners to have evinced sufficient merit. The Syndicate shall be at liberty to award one or more special prizes, if they deem it expedient.

THE UNIVERSITY.

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The Hon'ble the Lieut.-Governor, N. W. Provinces.
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The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Calcutta.
The Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief of the Forces in India.
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Pandit Eshwar Chunder Bidyasagur.

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Baboo Kanai Lall Dey.

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1868 Ashotos Mookerjee,.....Pres. Coll.
1869 Anandmohan Bose, ... ditto.
1870 Gaurisankar De,..... ditto.
1871 Sarada Charan Mitra, ... ditto.

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English, ... { Rev. R. Robinson. / R. Parry, Esq. / Dr. W. Robson. / Rev. J. Naylor. }

Bengali,	Baboo Somenath Mookerjea. „ Nakuleswar Banerjea. Rev. Biprochurn Chuckerbutty. Pandit Aghor Náth Tatwanidhi.
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Mathematics,	R. Thwaytes, Esq. M. Mowat, Esq. Rev. J. Henry. W. McLaren Smith, Esq.

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Bengali and Sanskrit,	Rev. K. M. Banerjee. Pandit Mahes Ch. Nyáyratna.
History,	Rev. C. M. Grant. E. Lethbridge, Esq.
Mathematics and Natural Philosophy,	Rev. T. Skelton. M. H. L. Beebee, Esq.
Mental and Moral Science,	Rev. S. Dyson. J. C. Nesfield, Esq.
Physical Science,	J. Willson, Esq. H. F. Blanford, Esq.

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Hindi and Oorya,	Rev. K. M. Banerjea.
Arabic, Persian & Urdu,	H. Blochmann, Esq.

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Sanskrit, ...	Rev. K. M. Banerjea. Pandit Mahes Ch. Nyayratna
Arabic,.....	H. Blochmann, Esq. Maulavi Obeydullah.
History, ...	E. Lethbridge, Esq.
Mathematics, ...	Rev. T. Skelton. M. H. L. Beebee, Esq.
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Natural and Physical Science, ...	J. Willson, Esq. H. F. Blanford, Esq.

LAW.

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L. A. Goodeve, Esq. . . A. Phillips, Esq.

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Physiology and Comparative Anatomy,	J. Ewart, Esq. M. D.
Materia Medica,....	S. G. Chuckerbutty, Esq., M. D
Medicine and Midwifery, ...	N. Chevers, Esq., M. D.
Surgery and Ophthalmic Surgery, ...	J. Fayrer, Esq., M. D.
Chemistry and Medical Jurisprudence,	W. Palmer, Esq., M. D.
Botany, ...	C. B. Clarke, Esq.

L. C. E. and B. C. E. Examinations.

Lieut. Crichton. Mr. Scott. Mr. Sutcliffe. Mr. Locke.

REGULATIONS REGARDING ACADEMICAL COSTUME.

Graduates shall wear a European dress with a College Cap, or a white Chapkan and Trowsers with a Shawl Pagree and black Taz. They also shall wear Gowns and Hoods for the several degrees, as described below—

For the Degree of B. A.

A black silk or stuff gown. The Hood shall be of black silk or stuff, edged on the inside with a border of dark blue silk.

For the Degree of B. L.

A black silk or stuff gown. The Hood shall be of black silk or stuff, edged on the inside with a border of green silk.

For the Degree of B. M.

A black silk or stuff gown. The Hood shall be of black silk or stuff, edged on the inside with a border of scarlet silk.

For the Degree of B. C. E.

A black silk or stuff gown. The Hood shall be of black silk or stuff, edged on the inside with a border of orange-coloured silk.

For the Degree of Doctor or Master in any of the Faculties.

A black silk or stuff gown. The Hood shall be of black silk or stuff, with a lining of silk corresponding in colour with the inside border of the Hood for Bachelors of the Faculty.

Endowments.

PREMCHAND ROYCHAND STUDENTSHIPS.

Premchand Roychand, Esq., of Bombay, in a letter to the Government of India, offered to make a donation of two lakhs of Rupees to the Calcutta University, and on the 9th February, 1866, paid over this amount to the Government of India, to be transferred to the University, and held by it as a Body Corporate under Section 2, of Act II. of 1857. Mr. Premchand Roychand further expressed a hope, "that the money should be devoted to some one large object, or to a portion of some large object, for which it might in itself be insufficient."

The Senate, at a Meeting on the 21st July, 1866, accepted Mr. Premchand Roychand's munificent donation, and directed that it should be invested in 5 per cent. Government Securities. The Senate also sanctioned the following plan for appropriating the proceeds of the donation—

1. Five Studentships, to be called Premchand Roychand Studentships, of Rupees 2,000 a year each, to be founded and maintained by the interest of the two lakhs, and its accumulations during the next five years.

2. Any M. A. of this University to be eligible for one of these Studentships during eight years from the time that he passed the Entrance Examination.

3. Such Studentship to be tenable for five years, and one election to be made annually after Examination.

4. Candidates to give notice of intention to appear six months before the Examination, and to select not

more than five of the following subjects, each to receive a maximum of 1,000 marks :—

1. English.
2. Latin.
3. Greek.
4. Sanskrit.
5. Arabic.
6. History of Greece, Rome, England and India; and a general view of the History of Modern Europe from Guizot, Hallam, &c. To include Political Economy.
7. Moral Sciences :—viz. Ethics, Mental Philosophy, Logic.
8. Pure Mathematics.
9. Mixed Mathematics.
10. Physical Science.

5. The names of the Students to be printed in the Calendar after the Fellows, and after them the names of Ex-Students.

DUFF SCHOLARSHIPS.

The Subscribers to a Fund, raised for the purpose of commemorating the services of the Rev. Dr. Duff, directed the investment of the amount collected (Rupees 20,000) in Government Securities; and offered to transfer the same to the University of Calcutta on the following conditions :—

1. The interest of the money shall be applied to establish—

1. A Scholarship of Rupees 15 a month, tenable for one year by the student who shall obtain in the First Arts Examination the highest number of marks for Languages.

II. A Scholarship of Rupees 15 a month, tenable for one year by the student who shall obtain in the First Arts Examination the highest number of marks for Mathematics.

III. A Scholarship of Rupees 15 a month, tenable for one year by the Student, who, having been educated for at least one year in the Free Kirk Institution, shall obtain the highest number of marks in all the subjects of the First Arts Examination taken together.

IV. A Scholarship of Rupees 15 a month, tenable for one year by the Student, who, being a Christian in religion, and having been educated for at least one year in any of the affiliated Institutions for the education of Europeans and Eurasians, shall obtain the highest number of marks in all the subjects of the First Arts Examination taken together.

2. The above Scholarships shall be called "Duff Scholarships," and shall be tenable with any other Scholarships.

3. The surplus of the Funds, after paying any small incidental expenses, shall be suffered to accumulate, and used for the purpose of giving rewards to any students of the University, who shall pass with credit in the Evidence of Revealed Religion, Natural Theology, and Moral Philosophy in the Examination for Honors, or for the degree of M. A., such rewards to be called "Duff Prizes."

4. Should the accumulations appear to the Syndicate greater than is necessary to carry out Rule 4, they may add to the value of the Duff Scholarships or increase their number.

5. The Syndicate shall have the power of putting a fair interpretation on any doubtful point in the above rules.

The Senate, at a meeting on the 21st July, 1866, accepted this benefaction from the Subscribers of the Duff Memorial Fund.

ESHAN SCHOLARSHIP.

Baboo Eshan Chundra Bose, of Calcutta, bequeathed, by his Will, to the University, the sum of Rs. 12,000, in Government Securities of the 5 per cent. loan, for the purpose of founding a Scholarship to be awarded annually in accordance with the terms specified in the following extract from the Will,—

"I direct my said Executors, immediately on my decease, if the same shall not be contributed during my lifetime, to set apart out of my estate, Government Securities of the late East India Company, or of the Government of India, or both of them, for the amount of Rupees twelve thousand, of some five per cent. loan, or otherwise that my Executors shall immediately, after my decease, invest a sufficient part of my Estate in the purchase of similar Government Securities for Rupees twelve thousand, of some five per cent. loan, so as to provide an annual income of Rupees six hundred, and to endorse over and transfer the same to the Government of Bengal, or the President, for the time being, of

the Syndicate of the Calcutta University, subject to the trusts hereinafter mentioned concerning the same, that is to say, interest to found a Scholarship in the Calcutta University, to be called "Eshan's Scholarship" to be awarded to the first scholar, being a Hindu Native of *India, on the B. A. list for the year in the order of* merit, in consideration of his continuing his studies at the Calcutta Presidency College, with a view to the attainment of the higher degree of M. A., and to be paid to him upon or in case of his attaining that degree, but not otherwise."

Scholars.

1869. Kartic Chandra Mitra, ...Presy. Col.
1870. Sarada Charan Mitra,.....Presy. Col.
1871. Isan Chandra Basu, ...Presy. Col.

TAGORE LAW PROFESSORSHIP.

The Hon'ble Prosanna Coomar Tagore, C. S. I. bequeathed, by his Will, to the University, a monthly allowance of Rs. 1,000, for the purpose of founding a Professorship of Law in connection with the University, to be called the "Tagore Law Professorship." The terms of the bequest are given in the following extract from the Will :—

"I am desirous of founding a Law Professorship to be called "The Tagore Law Professorship," and of providing an adequate remuneration for the Professor who shall fill the chair provided by me. I direct that my Trustees or Trustee do, and shall, as soon as may conveniently be after my death, invest in Government Securities such a sum of money taken from my personalty

or by degrees from the income of my real estate at the discretion of my Trustees or Trustee as will produce the monthly sum of 1,000 rupees, and that when such sum has been invested, the same may be assigned, transferred and made over to the University of Calcutta *to be held upon the following Trusts, that is to say:* In Trust to pay out of the interest accruing due therefrom the annual sum of 10,000 rupees, by equal monthly payments to the "Tagore Law Professor" for the time being, and in Trust to apply the residue of the interest in the manner hereinafter mentioned. And I desire that until such sum shall have been so invested and made over as hereinbefore directed my said Trustees or Trustee shall either from the proceeds of my personal estate or from the rents, issues and profits arising from my real property, pay the sum of 1,000 rupees a month to the University of Calcutta to be applied by the University in the same manner and for the same purposes as the interest to accrue due from the funds which I have hereinbefore directed to be made over to the University. And I declare that the right of appointing a Professor to the said "Tagore Law Professorship" and of removing or dismissing the incumbent therefrom shall be vested in the Senate of the University. And that the first appointment shall be made so as to begin to take effect not later than the end of one year from the date of my death, my will is, that the "Tagore Law Professor" shall read or deliver yearly at some place within the Town of Calcutta one complete course of Law Lectures without charge to the Students and other persons who may attend such Lectures. Within

six months after the delivery of each course of Lectures the Lectures shall be printed and not less than 500 copies thereof shall be distributed gratuitously. I desire that the expence of such printing and distribution may be defrayed out of the residue of the annual interest of the said fund. Whatever portion of the residue may remain after defraying the expences, I desire that it may be devoted to the printing and publication of approved works on Law or Jurisprudence. It is my will that the said "Tagore Law Professorship" shall save as herein provided be as to the kind of Law which is to be taught and in all other matters and things regulated by and subject to the control of the Senate of the said University.

At a meeting of the Senate on the 10th July, 1869, the following scheme for Lectures was adopted :—

(*a*). That the Professor, to be appointed, shall deliver in each year a course of Lectures on some branch of Hindu, Mahomedan or Anglo-Indian Law, the subject or subjects to be selected annually by the Syndicate in consultation with the Faculty of Law and the Professor.

(*b*). That the selection be made with a view to the ultimate formation of a body of Institutes of Indian Law.

(*c*.) That the Professor be appointed for a term of three years, and, at the expiration of that term, be eligible for re-appointment.

At the same meeting Mr. Herbert Cowell was elected Professor by the Senate.

UNIVERSITY LIBRARY.

Baboo Joykissen Mookerjee, of Ooterpara, made a donation of Rs. 5,000 to the University, on the 20th July, 1869, for the purpose of forming a Library. The amount has been invested in four per cent. securities till the completion of the University building.

INSTITUTIONS AFFILIATED TO THE UNIVERSITY.

(Connected with Government.)

1. Presidency College, Calcutta, (In Arts, Law and Civil Engineering).
2. Medical College, Calcutta.
3. Hooghly College, (In Arts and Law).
4. Dacca College, (In Arts and Law).
5. Kishnaghur College, (In Arts and Law).
6. Berhampore College, (In Arts and Law).
7. Agra College, (In Arts and Law).
8. Queen's College, Benares, (In Arts and Law).
9. Saugor School.
10. Sanskrit College.
11. Ajmere College.
12. Bareilly College.
13. Patna College, (In Arts and Law).
14. Thomason College, Roorkee.
15. Lahore Government College.
16. Delhi Government College.
17. Gowhatty School, (In Arts and Law).
18. Calcutta Mudressa.
19. Cuttack School, (In Arts and Law).
20. Chittagong School, (In Arts and Law).

(Unconnected with Government).

21. Canning College, Lucknow, (In Arts and Law).
22. Bishop's College.
23. Doveton College, Calcutta.
24. St. Paul's School.
25. Free Church Institution, Calcutta.
26. La Martiniere College, Calcutta.
27. London Missionary Society's Inst., Bhowanipore.
28. Serampore College.
29. St. Xavier's College, Calcutta.
30. St. John's College, Agra.
31. Joy Narain's College, Benares.
32. St. Thomas's College, Colombo.
33. St. Stephen's College, Delhi.
34. General Assembly's Institution, Calcutta.
35. Lahore Mission School.
36. Cathedral Mission College, Calcutta.
37. Victoria College, Agra.
38. Church Mission School, Umritsur.
39. Bishop's School, Simla.
40. Christ Church School, Cawnpore.
41. Sehore School.
42. La Martiniere College, Lucknow.
43. Mussooree School.
44. Allahabad High School.
45. St. Peter's College, Agra.
46. London Mission School, Benares.

AFFILIATION.

1. Institutions, or departments of Institutions, may be affiliated in Arts, Law, Medicine and Civil Engineering.

2. The power of affiliating rests, under the sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council, with the Syndicate, to whom all applications for affiliation must be addressed through the Registrar.

In the case of a Government Institution, application must be made by the Director of Public Instruction, or other Chief Educational officer of the province in which the Institution is situated.

In the case of any other Institution, application must be made by the chief controlling authority of such Institution.

Every application must be countersigned by two Members of the Senate, and, if thought necessary in the case of distant Institutions, by the Secretary to the Government of the Province in which the Institution is situated.

3. The application must contain :—

(*a*) A declaration that the Institution has the means of educating up to the standard under which it desires to be affiliated.

(*b*) A statement shewing the provisions made for the instruction of the students up to the same standard.

(*c*) Satisfactory assurance that the Institution will be maintained on the proposed footing for 5 years at least.

4. The Syndicate may, with the sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council, at any time, withdraw the privilege of affiliation from any Institution.

Presidency College.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

The Presidency College was established on the 15th June, 1855, under orders from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors in their Despatch No. 62, dated 15th September, 1854, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction of Bengal.

The College is open to all classes of the community. and the course of instruction is adapted to the requirements of the University for Degrees in Arts, Law and Civil Engineering.

General Department.—Students who have passed the University Entrance Examination are admissible to this Department.

There is an admission fee of 10 Rs., and the monthly tuition fee is 12 Rs., except in the case of students holding Junior Scholarships, who pay only 6 Rs.

Seven Scholarships, founded in commemoration of the donors whose names they bear, are attached to the College, and are tenable by Graduates in Arts for one year after taking the Degree of B. A., viz. :—

The Burdwan Scholarships,. .	value	50 Rs.	a month.
„ Dwarkanath Tagore,, . .	„	50 Rs.	„
„ Bird Scholarship,.	„	40 Rs.	„
„ Ryan „	„	40 Rs.	„
Three Hindu Coll. Scholarships,	„	30 Rs.	„

Law Department.—Students are admissible to this Department who have passed the First Examination in Arts. Candidates for admission, who are not already

members of the General Department, are required to pay an Entrance fee of 10 Rs. During the first two years, students pay a monthly tuition fee of 5 Rs., and during the third year they pay 10 Rs. a month.

Civil Engineering Department.—Students are admissible to this Department, who have passed the University Entrance Examination. The Entrance fee is 10 Rs. and the monthly tuition fee 5 Rs. There are two Scholarships, each worth 10 Rs. a month, attached to this Department, which were founded in memory of the late Major General Forbes. These Scholarships are tenable for one year, and are awarded after the annual College Examination in May to the most deserving students in the second year class. Five Government Scholarships, each worth 50 Rs. a month and tenable for two years, are available annually for students who pass the University Examination for the Licence in Civil Engineering, or the degree of B. C. E. Holders of these Scholarships receive practical training, (1) in the Government Survey Department for six months; (2) in Government workshops for six months; (3) in Government works in progress for one year. Other students, who pass the University Examination but for whom no Scholarships are available, are allowed to go through the same course of practical training free of charge.

Instructive Staff.

General Department.

Mr. J. Sutcliffe, M. A., Principal and Professor of Mathematics.

Mr. J. Sanders, Professor of English Literature.

Mr. A. W. Croft, M. A., Offg. Professor of Mental and Moral Philosophy and Logic.

Mr. H. F. Blanford, Professor of Natural Science.

Mr. C. H. Tawney, M. A., Professor of History.

Mr. M. L. Beebee, M. A., Professor of Nat. Phil. and Astronomy.

Baboo Kisto Comul Bhuttacharjee, B. A., Professor of Sanscrit.

Dr. Robson, Assist. Prof. of Eng. Literature.

Baboo Peary Churn Sircar, Assist. Prof. of History.

Baboo Mohesh Chunder Banerjea, Assist. Prof. of Eng. Literature.

Baboo Raj Krishna Banerjee, Assist. Prof. of Sanscrit.

Law Department.

Mr. H. Millet, Professor of English Law.

Mr. T. D. Ingram, Professor of Jurisprudence and Indian Law.

C. E. Department.

Mr. J. M. Scott, C. E., M. A., Professor of Civil Engineering.

Mr. S. F. Downing, Assist. Prof. Civil Eng.

Mr. W. Griffiths, B. A., Assist. Prof. of Mathematics.

Mr. C. Grant, Drawing Master.

Medical College of Bengal.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

1. The Medical College of Bengal was founded by Lord William Bentinck, in the year 1835.

The Government of the College and Hospital is vested in the Principal, aided by a Consultative Council, composed of all the Professors, subject to the general control of the Director of Public Instruction.

THE PRIMARY OR ENGLISH CLASS.

This class consists of Scholarship-holders, free Students and paying Students. The number of free Students in the College, at one time, is limited to 50, and nomination to the free list has been left, by the Director of Public Instruction, in the hands of the Principal.

Free presentations are made entirely with reference to the ability of applicants, as shown by the position they may have held at the Entrance Examination in Arts of the University, or by possession of Scholarships from other Colleges.

Paying Students are required to pay an admission fee of Rs. 15, and 5 Rs. per mensem during their stay in the College.

They are required to follow the curriculum of the College as laid down for the primary or English class, and are subject to the same rules regarding discipline.

Students who do not intend to graduate at the Calcutta University, or who are desirous of attending single courses of lectures, may enter as casual students; they are not required to follow the College curriculum, but in other respects are amenable to the College Regulations. If they enter for more than a single course of lectures, they are required to comply with the rules which regulate the admission of other applicants to the primary class.

Casual students pay in advance fees of Rs. 40 for each course of lectures, and Rs. 60 for each six months' attendance on the different departments of hospital practice.

The expenditure on Scholarships of the primary class is limited to Rupees (400) four hundred a month, and this sum is ordinarily distributed among the students of the five years as follows:

To *Students of the 4th and 5th years, 14 Senior Scholarships at 12 Rupees a month,	168	0	0
To Students of the 3rd year, 8 Junior Scholarships at 8 Rs. a month,.....	64	0	0
To Students of the 3rd year, 5 augmentation Scholarships at 8 Rs. a month,....	40	0	0
To Students of the 2nd year 8 Junior Scholarships at 8 Rs. a month, ...	64	0	0
To Students of the 1st year, ditto ditto ditto,	64	0	0
Total, per mensem,.....Rs.	400	0	0

The Senior Scholarships are awarded according to the results of the "First Licentiate Examination." But they

* For Students of these two years, University Scholarships are also available, and, for those of the 5th year, the Goodeve Scholarship likewise.

are not awarded to students who gain University Scholarships at such Examination. They are tenable for two years, on condition that the conduct and progress of the holder are satisfactory.

The Junior Scholarships are awarded either upon the published results of the University Entrance Examination, or on a Special Examination to be held for the purpose according as may be found from time to time most convenient. They are tenable for three years, on the like condition as above.

In the event of a Scholarship being forfeited, the amount already drawn is not liable to be refunded by the holder.

Any Scholarship falling vacant by the death, resignation, &c. of the holder, may be awarded to Students of the same term, next in order of merit, who may be without a Scholarship, and may be possessed of the requisite qualifications.

The Goodeve Scholarship (value Rs. 12 a month) may be held in conjunction with any Scholarship awarded under these Rules.

Students of this class, excepting casual students, are required to follow the subjoined curriculum, which is framed for obtaining the Calcutta University Licence in Medicine and Surgery.

Curriculum of Studies for the Primary Class.

1st year.	2nd year.	3rd year.	4th year.	5th year.
Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy. General Anatomy and Physiology. Chemistry. Botany.	Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy. General Anatomy and Physiology. Dissections. Chemistry. Botany. Materia Medica. Practical Pharmacy.	Comparative Anatomy and Zoology. Dissections. Materia Medica. Practical Chemistry.	Medicine. Surgery (including operations.) Midwifery. Medical Jurisprudence. Dissection of regions and performance of surgical operations on the dead body.	Medicine. Surgery (including operations.) Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery. Midwifery. Medical Jurisprudence. Dentistry. Dissection of regions and performance of Surgical operations on the dead body.
		Hospital and Dispensary attendance. Medical Wards 6 months. Surgical Wards ditto. With Clinl. Lecture and Clinl. Instruction.	Medical Wards 6 months. Surgical Wards ditto. With Clinl. Lecture and Clinl. Instruction.	*Practical Midwifery.* Medical Wards 3 months. Surgical do. do., Eye Infirmary ditto. Outdoor Dispensary do. With Clinl Lecture and Clinl. Instruction.

NOTE.—Students are recommended also to attend Lectures on Surgery and Medicine, or any of the Junior Subjects, with which they may not feel themselves familiar, during their third year.

MILITARY OR HINDUSTANI CLASS.

The instruction of this class is conducted in Urdu.

2. The Course of Study is not prescribed by the University, but is in accordance with the order of the Government of India, and is as follows:

First year.	Second year.	Third year.
Anatomy.	Anatomy.	Clinical Medicine.
Dissection.	Dissection.	Clinical Surgery.
Materia Medica.	Materia Medica.	Dissection of Surgical Regions.
Practical Pharmacy.	Medicine.	
	Surgery.	
	Practical Pharmacy.	

Hospital attendance.

Medical Wards, months,	4	Medical Wards, months.	6
Surgical Wards, months,	4	Surgical Wards, months,	6
Outdoor Dispensary months,	4		

3. If duly qualified, the Student receives a certificate, signed by the Principal, the Professors of Medicine, Surgery, Materia Medica and Anatomy, and by the native teachers of these subjects, declaring that he is sufficiently versed in Anatomy, Materia Medica, Practice of Medicine and Surgery, to qualify him for the office of native Doctor.

4. The Students of this class are all natives, chiefly Mussulmans, and are duly enlisted as Soldiers from the date of their joining the College. They are destined for employment chiefly in Military, but also in civil hospitals and Dispensaries.

THE BENGALI CLASS.

The instruction of this class is conducted in the Bengali language.

The course of Study is not prescribed by the University, but is in accordance with the orders of Government.

The course of Study of this class is precisely similar to that of the Hindustani class, the only difference being that the Bengali language is employed, instead of the Urdu, as a medium of communication.

The Students remain the same time in the College, undergo similar Examinations, and obtain the same description of certificate of qualification.

The Students of this class are destined for employment as native doctors in the civil hospitals of Bengal, whilst many engage in private practice, instead of entering Government service.

PRESENT STAFF OF PRIMARY OR ENGLISH CLASS.

Principal,	N. Chevers, M. D.
Professor of Anatomy and Physiology, and Curator of the Museum,	J. Ewart, M. D.
Professor of Comparative Anatomy and Zoology,	J. Ewart, M. D.
Offg. Professor of Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy and Clinical Surgery,	H. Cutcliffe, M. D.
1st Demonstrator of Anatomy,	Sub-Asst. Surgeon, Nilmadhub Mookerjee.

2nd ditto ditto ditto,	Sub-Asst. Surgn. Chunder Mohun Ghose, M.B.
Professor of Botany,	C. B. Clarke, M. A.
Professor of Materia Medica,	S. G. Chuckerbutty, M. D.
Professor of Chemistry,	F. N. Macnamara, M. D.
Professor of Medicine,	N. Chevers, M. D.
Professor of Surgery,	J. Fayrer, M.D., F.R.C.S.
Professor of Midwifery,	T. E. Charles, M. D.
Professor of Medical Jurisprudence,	C. T. O. Woodford, M. D.
Professor of Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery,	N. C. Macnamara.
Professor of Dentistry,	J. P. Smith, M.D.
Professor of Hygiene,	S. C. Mackenzie.

STAFF OF SECONDARY OR VERNACULAR CLASSES.

Teacher of Anatomy,	Sub-Asst. Surgeon Chunder Mohun Ghose, M. D.
Teacher of Materia Medica,	Sub-Asst. Surgeon Jugobhundo Bose, M. D.
Teacher of Medicine,	Sub-Asst. Surgeon, Tumiz Khan Bahadoor.
Teacher of Surgery,	Sub-Asst. Surgeon, Ram Narain Doss, Rai Bahadoor.
Teacher of Midwifery,	Sub-Asst. Surgeon, Meer Ushruftally.
Teacher of Chemistry and Medical Jurisprudence,	Sub-Asst. Surgeon Kanney Lall Dey.

SUCCESSION LISTS.

Principals.	*Secretaries.*
1835 M. J. Bramley.	1837 David Hare.
1856 J. McRae, M. D.	1841 F. J. Mouat, M. D.
1856 T. W. Wilson, M. D.	1854 E. Goodeve, M. B.
1857 W. C. B. Eatwell, M. D.	1855 F. N. Macnamara.
1860 S. B. Partridge, F. R. C. S. (offg.) [M. D.	
1861 N. Chevers, M. D.	
1865 C. R. Francis, M. B., (offg.)	
1866 J. Ewart, M. D., (offg.)	

Sanskrit College, Calcutta.

AFFILIATED, 1860.

This Institution is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Lower Bengal. It was founded in 1824, for the encouragement of the study of the Sanskrit language, and literature, and at first Sanskrit was studied exclusively.

The College is open to all respectable Hindus, without any distinction of caste. The Schooling fee is five Rupees per month in the College Department, and three Rupees in the School Department. The students of the College Department read the B. A. and F. A. Course, and the upper students of the School Department read the University Entrance Course in English. In Sanskrit they read a much higher standard. There is a Sanskrit Honor class attached to the College Department. There are three Graduate Scholarships of 50, 35 and 25 Rupees, respectively, and there are fourteen senior Scholarships,

varying from ten to twenty Rupees per month. There are also eight junior Scholarships of eight Rupees each.

All the students learn Sanskrit and English.

A valuable Sanskrit Library of Manuscripts and printed works is attached to the College, and a Government grant of 600 Rupees per annum is applied to the purchase of Standard English and Sanskrit works.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal,....Babu Prásannakumár Sarvadhikárí.

English.

Lecturer, ...Babu Syámá Chárán Gángúli, B. A.
„ „ Beni Madháv Dé, M. A.
Head master,..Babu Táriní Chárán Cháttopádhyáy.
Second do. .. „ Díná Nath Mukhopádhyáy, B. A.
Third do. .. „ Nrisinhá Chandra Mukhopádhyáy, [M. A.
And three other English Masters.

Sanskrit.

Professor of Philosophy, and Rhetoric, ...Pandit Máhes Chandra Nyáyáratná.
Professor of Law, ... „ Bharat Chandra Siromani.
„ of Literature, ... „ Dvarká Náth Vídyábhúshun.
„ of Grammar,..... „ Tárá Náth Tárkaváchaspatí.
Assistant Professor of Rhetoric and Grammar, .. „ Gíris Chandra Vídyaratná.
And eight other Pandits.

Hooghly College.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

This Institution was founded in 1836, and is mainly supported from funds bequeathed by Mahommed Moshim, a wealthy Mahommedan gentleman, who, dying without heirs in the year 1806, left his large property, yielding an annual income of 45,000 Rupees, to Mahomedan Trustees "for the service of God." Owing to the misappropriation of the Funds, Government assumed the office of Trusteeship. The right of assumption was opposed by the original Trustees, but upheld both by the Courts in India and by the Privy Council in England. The period of litigation extended over many years, during which the annual income accumulated, forming a surplus of Rs. 8,61,100. This surplus was devoted to the foundation and endowment of the Hooghly College, and was further increased by a portion of the original Zemindari that became available on the death of one of the Mootawallees of the Hooghly Imambarah, an Institution which also derives its support from Mahomed Moshim's legacy. Another source of increase to the College endowment has been the accumulation of unexpected income, so that at present it yields not less than Rs. 51,000 per annum.

The College consists of three Departments, an English, an Arabic, and a Law Department, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Lower Bengal. The English Department is open to all students who have passed the University Entrance Examination, the fees being one rupee per mensem for Mahomedans,

and Rs. 5 for all others. In the Law Department, the fee is is Rs. 5 per mensem.

Scholarships.

In 1846 a sum of Rs. 5,000 was given by Ranee Kuttianee, a large landed proprietress, for the foundation of a Senior Scholarship in the Hooghly College, to be competed for by the students of this Institution alone. Owiug to some misapprehension, the Scholarship remained unawarded for some years, during which the principal was considerably increased by the accumulation of interest, so that it now yields an income of about Rs. 320 per annum; this being more than sufficient to support the existing Scholarship of Rs. 16 per mensem, it has been determined to open another, equal in value, as soon as the yearly savings afford an adequate fund.

Zemindary Scholarship.

Two Junior Scholarships of 8 rupees per mensem are attached to the Collegiate and Branch Schools, preference being given to students of the latter. These Scholarships were founded in 1843, and are supported by the surplus of the liberal contributions made by wealthy zemindars* of the district for the purpose of building the Branch School.

* D. C. Smyth, Esq.
Maharaj Dhiraj Matab Chunder Bahadoor.
Baboo Dwarka Nath Tagore.
„ Cally Nath Moonshee.
„ Pran Chunder Roy.
„ Sree Narayan Chowdry.
„ Ram Narain Mookerjee.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

COLLEGE.

R. Thwaytes, M. A., ...	Principal.
R. Parry, ...	Professor.
Baboo Eshan Chunder Banerjee,	Professor.
E. Lethbridge, M. A., ...	Professor.

Baboo Trailokya Nath Mitra,
M. A. and B. L., ... Law Lecturer.
Baboo Gopal Chunder Gupta, .. Asst. Professor of Sanskrit.
Moulvee Obeydoolah,.....Professor of Arabic.
Baboo Jadu Nath Banerjee,....Head Pandit.

Dacca College.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

The College is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Lower Bengal.

It was originally opened as a School, by the General Committee of Public Instruction, in the year 1835. In 1841, it was converted into a College, when a Principal was appointed, and an increase made to the staff of teachers. The College building was erected, partly by public subscription, in the same year, at a cost of Co.'s Rs. 36,679.

Any person, who has passed the University Entrance Examination, may be admitted. Students in the General Department pay a monthly fee of Rupees 5, and in the Law Department also a fee of Rs. 5.

A silver Medal, called the Donnally prize, is awarded annually, of the value of the interest on Rs. 1,000, subscribed by the native assistants of the late Abkarree Commissioner's office, in memory of the late Mr. A. F. Donnally.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

W. Brennand, Principal.

A. W. Garrett, B. A., Professor.
F. J. Rowe, B. A., Professor.
Shomanath Mookerjee, Assistant Professor.
Opendronath Mitter, M. A. &. B. L., Law Lecturer.

Kishnaghur College.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

This College was founded by Government in 1845, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Lower Bengal.

Any person, who has passed the University Entrance Examination, may be admitted. Students pay a monthly fee of Rupees 5.

The College building was erected at a cost of Rs. 66,876; Rs. 17,000 of which was collected by private subscription. In consideration of the liberality thus manifested in the district, a donor of Rs. 1,000 is allowed to place a boy, free of expense, at the College in perpetuity, and another, for every Rs. 500 additional he may have subscribed. Part of the ground occupied by the building was purchased by Government; for the remainder, the College is indebted to the munificence of the Maharajah of Nuddea and the Rani Surnomye of Cossimbazar.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal,—Alfred Smith, M. A. *(on leave.)*
Offg. Principal,—S. Lobb, M. A.
Professor,—W. G. Willson, M. A.
Professor,—C. Martin, B. A.
Head Master,—Babu Umes Chandra Datta.

Lecturer in Law, Prasanna Kumár Bose, M. A. and B. L.
Assistant Professor of Sanskrit, Babu Nakuleswar Bandopádhyáy.

PRINCIPALS.

1845 Captain D. L. Richardson.
1846 Marcus Gustavus Rochfort.
1855 Edmund Lodge, B. A.
1857 James Graves, M. A., (Officiating).
1857 Leonidas Clint, B. A.
1858 Alfred Smith, M. A.

Berhampore College.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

This College, founded in 1853, is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction.

It has two Departments, the monthly fee in *each* of which is Rupees 5.

It is open to all classes of the community, and any University under-graduate is admissible.

The building, the foundation stone of which was laid in 1863, was occupied in 1869.

One moiety of its cost was paid by the community.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal,.....Robert Hand.
Professor,.....David Carnduff.
Ditto, ...W. McLaren Smith, M. A.
Head Master, ...Rev. Lál Béhári De.
2nd do. .....Babu Harí Dás Ghosh.

Asst. Professor of Sanskrit, „ Rámgati Nyáyáratná.
Lecturer in Law,..... „ Guru Das Bandyopadhyay, M. A. and B. L.

Patna College.

AFFILIATED, 1862.

This College is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Lower Bengal.

It was opened as a Collegiate School in 1862, and raised to a College in 1864. All students are admissible who have passed the University Entrance Examination, and instruction is given up to the standard of the B. A. Examination of the University of Calcutta.

A Law Department was added in May, 1864, and a Lecturer was appointed.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

General Department.

J. W. McCrindle, M. A., ... Principal.
J. K. Rogers,..... Professor.
A. L. V. Ewbank, B. A.,.. Professor.
J. Behrendt, ... Head Master.
A. Phillips,..... 2nd Master.
Soshibhusan Chatterjee, M. A., 3rd Master.
F. Tiery, B. A., ... 4th Master.
Choto Ram Tiwari, ... Asst. Profr. of Sanskrit.
Nasir Khan, ... Head Moulvi.

Law Department.

Nobin Chunder Dey, B. A. and B. L., Law Lecturer.

Agra College.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

Agra College is partly supported by Government, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, North-Western Provinces. It was established by the direction of the General Committee of Public Instruction in 1823-4, and placed under the superintendence of a local Committee, consisting of the Government officials of the place, with a paid Secretary, who also acted as overseer of the Institution.

It was opened to all classes of the population, and "was designed to diffuse more widely than Native Schools the possession of useful knowledge, to give a command of the language of ordinary life, and of official business—to teach, principally, Hindee and Persian, with the native mode of keeping accounts (Lilavatti) and to give instruction in Sanscrit and Arabic. It was not designed to impart an elementary education: the pupils were expected to have made considerable progress before their admission."

Separate teachers of Sanscrit, Hindee, Persian and Arabic were appointed. All were taught gratuitously, and more than two-thirds of the whole received stipendiary allowances.

Subsequently, in successive years, the introduction of new subjects, and the addition of new teachers gradually changed the character of the Institution, from that of a purely Oriental School to that of an Anglo-Vernacular College, with upper and lower departments of study, having a Principal, and containing (1862) no pupil who does not study English with Urdu or Hindi.

ENDOWMENTS, &c.

The College is endowed by a fund in the districts of Agra and Allyghur, amounting to about a lakh and a half of Rupees, from villages formerly held by Gungadhur Pundit, (who held his jagir, under Educational services, from a late Rajah of Gwalior) : the interest of which fund and the annual collections from the villages exceeded 20,000 Rupees. To this have been added, from time to time, by Government, additional allowances for Teachers, Scholarships, &c. both sources of revenue amounting annually to about 35,000 Rupees. There are also Scholarships endowed by various private benefactors, amounting to one hundred Rupees a month.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal,—K. Deighton, B. A.

Officiating Professor of Literature aud History—R. A. Lloyd, B. A.

Professor of Mathematics,—(Vacant.)

Head Master,—S. E. Marston.

FEES.

The fees of Students vary with the income of the parents. Those whose monthly income is Rs. 100, pay Rs. 5; those who have Rs. 70, pay Rs. 3; and those who have only Rs. 30, pay one Rupee : all incomes under Rs. 30 are charged 8 annas per month. An Entrance fee of 2 Rupees is paid by all.

Queen's College, Benares.

AFFILIATED, 1860.

The Benares Sanskrit College was founded by Government in 1791, for the cultivation of the language,

literature, and (as inseparably connected with these) the religion of the Hindus. In 1830, an English Institution was established, distinct from the Sanskrit College at first, but incorporated with it in 1853.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF

English Department.

Ralph T. H. Griffith, M. A., Principal.
E. E. Rogers, M. A., Professor of Mathematics.
W. H. Wright, B. A., Professor of English Literature.
Babu Muthra Prasad Misra, Head Master.
,, Madhava Chandra Deva, B. A., Supy. Teacher.
,, Umesh Chandra Sanyal, M. A. Assistant Master.
Sixteen Teachers and a Librarian.

Sanskrit Department.

A. E. Gough, Esquire, B. A. Anglo-Sanskrit Profr.
Pandit Govind Deva Sastri, Assistant ditto ditto.
,, Bapu Deva Sastri, Professor of Mathematics.
,, Rajaram Sastri, Professor of Law.
,, Becharam Tiwary, ditto of Sankhya.
,, Kali Prasada Siromoni, ditto of Logic.
,, Ram Chandro Sastri, ditto of Sahitya.
,, Sital Prasad, ditto of Poetry.
Nine Teachers and a Librarian.

FORMER SUPERINTENDENTS AND PRINCIPALS

Captain Fell.
John Muir, C. S.
Major Thoresby.
Rev. A. W. Wallis, M. A.
James R. Ballantyne, LL. D.

Bareilly College.

AFFILIATED, 1862.

This College is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, North Western Provinces. It was opened as a school in 1836, and constituted a College in 1852.

The College is open to all classes, on payment of an Entrance and monthly tuition fee; the latter varies from eight annas to five Rupees, according to the income of the parents or guardians of the boys.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

H. Templeton,—Principal.
A. S. Harrison, B. A. Professor of Mathematics.
G. A. Stack, Professor of Literature.
C. Dodd, Head Master.
Babu Peary Mohan Biswas, M. A., Asst. Pro. Math.
Moulvie Mahomed Ahsum, Head Moulvie.
Deadut Tewari, Pandit.
Sixteen junior Masters and Teachers.

PRINCIPALS.

1853 V. Tregear.
1855 C. Buch, Ph. D.
1859 M. Kempson, M. A.

Saugor High School.

(FOUNDED, 1836.)

AFFILIATED, 1860.

This Institution is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Central Provinces.

Instruction in languages is given in English, Urdu, Hindi and Sanskrit—the first of which is compulsory on all students.

Monthly amount of Scholarships.

10 Senior Scholarships,....Rs. 123
19 Junior Scholarships,....Rs. 106

Total,....Rs. 229

The school is open to all classes on payment of an Entrance and monthly Tuition Fee. The Tuition Fee varies from two annas to five rupees according to the wealth of the parents.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

George Thompson, B. A. Offg. Head Master.
Joseph Elliott. Master.
W. H. Bachman, Second ditto.
J. H. Firth, Third ditto.
Hari Gopal Padhye, B. A. Professor of Sanskrit.
Eight junior Assistants and native Teachers.

Ajmere College.

AFFILIATED, 1861.

The College is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Director, Public Instruction, N. W. P. It was opened as a school, which after having been closed for many years, was re-established in the early part of 1851. In 1861 it was converted into an Anglo-Vernacular school, and on 1st April, 1868, it was raised to the *status* of a College, when the instructive staff was augmented and improved to suit the growing wants of the Institution. A new and commodious build-

ing was sanctioned by Government in June 1867, and was occupied in February, 1870.

Fees.

Students are admitted on the payment of an Entrance Fee, equivalent to the tuition fee at which their parents' income may be rated.

Scholarships.

The endowment is the "Thomason Scholarships" of Rs. 8 per month for the most proficient scholar in Mathematics. An annual donation of Rs. 500 from his Highness the Maharajah of Jeypore is distributed into 12 Junior Scholarships, which are conferred on those whose merits are not quite such as to entitle them to the higher Government stipends.

Connected with the College is a Boarding house for district students, under the management of Lalla Jumna Dass, one of the junior Teachers.

A well supported library, which owes many of its most valuable works to the munificent bequest of the late lamented Colonel Dixon, Commissioner of Ajmere, is accessible alike to residents of the station and pupils of the School.

Instructive Staff.

J. E. Goulding, Principal (on leave to Europe).

C. H. De Mello, Offg. ditto.

T. Harris, B. A., Head Master.

S. Smith, Teacher of Mathematics and two Masters.

Moulvie Mohammad Hussen, 1st Arabic and Persian teacher.

Pundit Sheo Naràin, 1st Sanskrit and Hindi teacher.

16 Assistant Teachers.

Bishop's College.

(FOUNDED, 1820.)

AFFILIATED, 1860.

This College was designed by Bishop Middleton, primarily as an aid to evangelistic work ; which its members were to labour to promote as well by the education of native and other youths, to be employed as missionaries, catechists or school-masters, as by the composition of books and tracts. In 1830, the statutes were modified so as to allow of the admission of lay or general students not intended for clerical or educational work.

FOUNDATION.

One Fellowship,—founded by the late Rev. John Natt.

Twenty-one Scholarships, founded by various societies and individuals.

The holders of scholarships have rooms, boarding and tuition, free of charge.

TRUSTEES.

The Incorporated Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign parts.

VISITOR.

THE BISHOP OF CALCUTTA.

MEMBERS.

T. Skelton, M. A.,—*Principal.*

Vacant,—*Vice-Principal.*

J. W. Coe,—*Tutor.*

PRINCIPALS.

1821 William Hodge Mill, D. D.

1841 George Undy Withers, D. D.

1849 William Kay, D. D.

Doveton College.

(FOUNDED, 1855.)

AFFILIATED, 1857.

This College is attached to the Parental Academic Institution, a boarding and day-school, which was established on the 1st March, 1823, by a body of Christian parents who were anxious to secure for their children the benefits of a liberal education.—In 1855 a legacy of two lakhs and 30,000 Rupees, was bequeathed to the Institution, by the late Captain John Doveton.

SCHOLARSHIPS AND PRIZES.

Two scholarships, varying in value from Rs. 15 to 25 per month, are annually given to the two students who pass highest in the First division in the Entrance Examination or First Examination in Arts. The number which may be held simultaneously is restricted to eight. If held along with a Government Scholarship, its amount is deducted from the above sums. Each scholarship carries with it the privilege of free education.

A gold medal, of the value of Rs. 120, is annually given to the best scholar in one of the advanced classes.

VISITOR.

THE LORD BISHOP OF CALCUTTA.

Chairman of Committee of Management.—H. Andrews.

Secretary.—J. Bruce.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

H. Roberts,..... Principal.

A. Pirie, ... Prof. of Mathematics.

LIST OF PRINCIPALS.

1850 Rev. A. Morgan.

1858 George Smith, LL. D.

1858 J. W. McCrindle, M. A.
1866 J. Sime, B. A.
1869 R. Dick, M. A.

St. Paul's School.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

This Institution was founded in 1845, and is under the control of a Committee, of which the Bishop of Calcutta is President, and the Venerable the Archdeacon, Vice-President.

FOUNDATION, SCHOLARSHIPS AND PRIZES.

1. *Foundation.*—One boarder and four day-boys are on the foundation; the first receives his board and education free, and the other four, their education. The nomination to these is with the Bishop of Calcutta.

2. *Bishop Wilson's Scholarships.*—Two Scholarships of 20 Rupees a month have been endowed in memory of the late Bishop Wilson, each to be held for two years. According to the terms of the endowment, these scholarships are competed for by the whole of the Christian boys in the school, whether boarders or day-boys; one being given every year. They were instituted in the hope that the higher boys may be induced to extend the period of their studies, and become fitted to graduate in the University.

3. *Prizes.*—Two silver medals, one for proficiency, the other for general good conduct, are awarded at the annual Christmas Examination. Prizes in books are also given to the most proficient in each class.

COURSE OF STUDY.

The subjects of Examination for Entrance into the

University of Calcutta form the basis of instruction in the first class.

The study of the remaining five classes is arranged in a gradual proportion down to the first elements of learning. The whole course, assigned for each class is so adjusted as to occupy one year.

In addition to the above school course, there is in operation a course of training for the B. A. Degree in the University of Calcutta. This is done in conformity with the conditions of affiliation to the University. The subjects appointed to be read are divided in such a way as to embrace a distinct course for each year.

LIST OF RECTORS.

1847 Rev. J. Kyd, M. A.
1849 Rev. S. Slater.
1852 Rev. J. Richards, M. A.
1855 Rev. G. Pridham, B. C. L.
1859 Rev. W. Ayerst, M. A.
1862 Rev. F. C. Cardew, M. A.
1864 Rev. J. C. Nesfield, M. A.

PRESIDENT.

The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Calcutta.

VICE-PRESIDENT.

The Venerable the Archdeacon of Calcutta.

Committee.

The Hon'ble F. B. Kemp.
The Hon'ble Sir C. P. Hobhouse, *Bart.*
H. Woodrow, Esq., M. A.
Rev. G. F. P. Blyth, M. A.
Rev. W. Spencer, M. A.
Rev. B. T. Atlay, M. A., *Honorary Secretary.*

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Head Master, Rev. G. M. Wilson, M. A.
Assistant Master, Rev. W. Sadler.
" " Capt. Coombs.

Free Church Institution, Calcutta.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

Originally established by Dr. Duff in August, 1830, for the education of native youth under the name of the General Assembly's Institution, and since 1843 designated the Free Church Institution, being supported by the Free Church of Scotland.

The Institution, since 1857, has been in a handsome new edifice, Nimtollah Street, which has been erected at a cost of upwards of £15,000.

It consists of two departments, a College Department, and a Preparatory and Normal School.

In the College department all the branches of a higher education in English Literature, Science, and Philosophy, with Bengali and Sanskrit, are taught, in immediate connection with systematic instruction in the doctrines and evidences of Natural and Revealed religion.

For the last 20 years, the average number of pupils has exceeded a thousand; of whom about a hundred and fifty belong to the College department.

SCHOLARSHIPS.

1. There is an endowment of Rs. 100 per month for small scholarships of 5 or 6 Rupees per month each, which are allotted only to those who pass the University Entrance Examination.

2. There are two endowed Theological Scholarships,

of Rs. 16 per month each, called "the Duff Scholarships," designed for students who are candidates for the Christian ministry.

3. There is also an endowed "Hawkins Scholarship," of Rs. 8 per month, founded by the liberality of the gentleman whose name it bears.

4. A few Senior and Junior Government Scholarships have been granted to those who most successfully pass the University Examinations.

ANNUAL PRIZES.

1. Endowed prizes:—The Hawkins gold medal of Rs. 100 to the most successful student in the Institution.

The Macdonald Prize.

The Ewart Memorial Prize of Rs. 50.

The Kelloe Prize of 40 or 50 Rupees, founded by the late Mr. Buchan of Kelloe.

These are usually allotted for the best essays on prescribed subjects.

2. Besides these, prizes for General scholarship and regular attendance are awarded in all the classes; with several more for special exercises or essays.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Rev. J. Murray Mitchell, M. A., LL. D., Superintendent.
" K. S. Macdonald, M. A.
Mr. Martin Mowat, M. A.
Rev. W. C. Fyfe, (*Europe*).
" Kalichurn Banerjee, M. A.
" Umesh Chandra Chatterjea.
" Banimadub Pal, B. A.
" Krishna Chundra Das, B. A.
" Dhone Kristo Ghose, B. A.

Rev. Brajanath Sarma, with upwards of 20 native Teachers and Pandits in the School Department.

La Martiniere College.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

This Institution was founded by Claude Martin, a native of Lyons in France and a Major-General in the service of His Majesty, the King of Oude. By his will he bequeathed a sum of three hundred and fifty thousand Sicca Rupees, afterwards considerably augmented, to be devoted to the establishment of a school for the Christian inhabitants of Calcutta, under the direction of the Government and the Supreme Court.

GOVERNORS.

The Governor-General, the Members of Council, the Judges of the Supreme Court, the Bishop of Calcutta, and the Advocate-General for the time being, together with four additional Governors to be elected by them annually. The four Governors so elected, with one of the ex-officio Governors, form a board of Acting Governors, to whom the general control of the Institution is entrusted.

FOUNDATION BOYS.

The Governors from time to time select from among the Christian population of Calcutta, a sufficient number of poor boys, of an age of not less than 4, nor more than 10 years, so that there may always be at the least 75 boys on the establishment of the school. These boys are entirely educated and supported out of the funds of the school. Boarders and day-scholars may be admitted

at the discretion of the Governors, provided that they are not a burden on the charity.

The Institution was opened on the 1st March, 1836. It is divided into two departments, College and School. The Educational Staff consists of a Head Master, and five assistant Masters, together with Surveying, Drawing, and Music Masters and a Pandit.

Prizes and Scholarships.

A gold medal is annually awarded on the 13th of September, the anniversary of the death of the Founder, to the head boy of the College Department, and prizes of books are given in all the classes.

Two Scholarships are also then awarded, tenable for two years, one in the College Department, of Rs. 20 a month, one in the 1st class of the school, of Rs. 16.

Acting Governors.

W. S. Seton-Karr, Esq.
The Hon'ble J. B. Phear.
T. Bruce Lane, Esq., C. S.
The Ven. Archdeacon Pratt.
The Rev. W. C. Bromehead.
Secretary and Medical Officer, F. N. Macnamara, M. D.

Principals.

1844 A. M. W. Christopher, B. A.
1848 H. Woodrow, M. A.
1854 W. S. Atkinson, M. A.
1860 L. Ewbank, M. A.
1862 C. W. Hatten, B. A.

Head Master.

J. A. Aldis, M. A.

Assistant Masters.

A. Webb. H. Gick. F. J. Bennett. G. A. Lorimer, B. A. J. H. Ellis. J. Hodges. Drawing Master, C. Augier. Surveying Master, T. A. Jones. Music Master, G. B. Lissant. Pandit, Ramkumar Chatterjea.

London Missionary Society's Institution, Bhowanipore.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

This Institution was founded by the London Missionary Society in the year 1838. In 1854 the large and handsome building now used, consisting of a Library, a Hall, and sixteen class-rooms, was first opened.

The Institution is divided into three departments, viz. a College department for undergraduates of the University, a School department, and a Theological class for training Christian natives for missionary work.

The course of study comprehends English, Sanskrit, and Bengali Literature, Mental and Moral Philosophy, Mathematics, History and Geography, together with the Sacred Scriptures and Christian Evidences.

The number of students and scholars amounts to more than 500. A branch school at Behala, four miles to the south-west of Calcutta, contains 150 boys.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Rev. J. P. Ashton, M. A., Principal.
Rev. J. Naylor, B. A.
Rev. T. E. Slater.
Baboo Gopal Chundra Saha, M. A.
Baboo Taranáth Chakravarti, M. A.

Pandit Ram Kumar Chakravarti.
Baboo Parbati Charan Bandhyopadhyaya.
Fourteen Teachers and two Pandits.

St. Xavier's College.

AFFILIATED, 1862.

This Institution was established under the direction of the Society of Jesus, in January, 1860, in the large building formerly appropriated by the late Dr. Carew for St. John's College. It is mainly intended for the liberal education of Catholic youth, but is open alike to pupils of other religious persuasions, on the same principle of non-interference as the old St. Xavier's College, which broke up in 1846.

Besides the paying boarders and day-pupils, some free scholars are admitted, especially for the higher studies, as hitherto no scholarships have been founded.

The course of studies is similar to that followed in the European Colleges of the same Society, but adapted to the wants of this country. One or two years' training in the elementary division is generally required, before a student can enter the first year's or lowest class. The successive higher classes are organized in accordance with the University curriculum, and with a plan of gradual development extending over four years.

Medals and prizes in books are awarded to the best scholars, at the Christmas Examination.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Very Rev. H. Depelchin, Rector.
Rev. J. Henry, Prefect of Studies.
Rev. J. Nieberding, Prefect of Discipline.

Rev. F. Carette.
Rev. A. De Bie.
Rev. P. De Boeck.
Rev. F. De Cock.
Rev. J. Fierens.
Rev. E. Francotte.
Rev. E. Lafont.
Rev. B. Larcher.
Rev. C. Högger.
Mr. W. Pereira.
Mr. A. Voss.
Mr. Ch. Durup de Dombal.
Br. Krynen.
Br. Swords.
Moonshee, Wahed Khan.
Pandit, Gopal Chandra Ghosh.
Pandit, O. C. Tarkalankara.
Drawing Master, Mr. C. Augier.
Music Master, Signor A. Nicolipi.

Sub-prefects, ... { A. Eeckman. F. Soenen. J. Johnston.

Serampore College.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

This Institution was founded in 1818, under the patronage of the Marquis of Hastings, then Governor-General of India, by the Revs. Dr. Carey, Dr. Marshman, and W. Ward, who, together with Col. Krefting, the Danish Governor of Serampore, and J. C. Marshman, Esq., formed the first Council.

In 1821, it received a munificent donation from the King of Denmark, consisting of certain premises to the northwest of the College, and this act of liberality was followed in 1828, by the grant of a Royal charter giving perpetuity to the Institution and its endowments. At the cession of Serampore, to the East India Company, this charter was confirmed, at the especial request of the Danish Sovereign.

The ground on which the College stands, was purchased chiefly by subscription; the entire expense of the buildings, amounting to about £15,000, was met out of the private funds of the Serampore Missionaries, who were the first promoters of the undertaking. After the death of Dr. Marshman, the funds for carrying on the operations of the College were provided partly by the endowments, but chiefly by the liberality of J. C. Marshman, Esq., the only surviving member of the original Council. On his departure from India in 1856, the College was placed under the general direction of the Baptist Missionary Society, which has since contributed towards its support and become identified with its operations.

It is conducted by three European Professors, assisted by twelve native teachers. The number of youths in the College department is about *seventy*, in the school *three hundred.*

The interest of funds raised by the late Mr. Ward in Europe and America supports wholly, or in part, several European youths, connected with the Mission or wishing to become so, and also a boarding School for the children of native preachers. Scholarships to the amount of

about 40 Rs. monthly are distributed amongst the most deserving of the native students in the College classes.

An education fee, exacted from the European students, contributes to the preservation and improvement of the Library.

The course of study is intended to impart a liberal education, and special attention is paid to the principles of Christianity.

The present members of the Council are J. C. Marshman, Esq., R. Scott Moncrieff, Esq., Revs. J. Sale, J. Trafford, J. Wenger, and C. B. Lewis.

The education is conducted by the Rev. J. Trafford, A. M., Principal, Rev. T. Martin, and Rev. J. W. Thomas, Tutors.

St. John's College, Agra.

AFFILIATED, 1861.

This College was established in 1850, in connection with the Mission of the Church Missionary Society at Agra, chiefly at the instance of an influential body of Civilians and Military Officers then forming the Committee of the Local Church Missionary Association, who wished to have an Educational Institution of a high order connected with the Mission.

The large and handsome gothic building, in which the classes are now held, erected from the design of Major Kitto, was completed in 1853.

Scholarships.

1. The College is endowed with two scholarships founded in memory of the late Mr. Thomason and bearing his name, value Rs. 10 per month each, and tenable for one year. These scholarships are assigned at the annual Christmas examination to the two most proficient students in English literature.

2. There are also two endowed theological scholarships, founded in 1861, value Rs. 5 per month and tenable for one year, assigned to the two students who shew themselves best acquainted with the doctrines and principles of the Christian religion.

3. Other scholarships, to the value of nearly Rs. 40 per month, are given from the general funds of the College for proficiency in English, Mathematics, Hindee, and Persian.

4. A scholarship, of the value of Rs. 5 per month at least, is awarded to each student who has passed the Calcutta University Entrance Examination.

FEES.

Every student required to pay 2 Rs. fee, entrance and schooling fees, ranging from 1 Re. to Rs. 5 per month according to the income of his parent or guardian.

PRINCIPALS.

1850 Rev. T. Valpy French, M. A.
1858 Rev. H. W. Shackell, M. A.
1861 Rev. J. Barton, M. A.
1863 Rev. C. Ellard Vines, B. A.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal, Rev. C. Ellard Vines, B. A.
Vice-Principal. R. J. Bell, Esq.

Head Master, A. H. Wright, Esq.
Asst. Master, Mr. Williams.
" Babu Hari Charan Chakravarti.
" Babu Damodur Das, B. A.
" Babu Muttra Das.
Moulvie, Moulvie Mahomed Bashir.
Pandit, Kali Das.

Joy Narain's College, Benares.

AFFILIATED, 1862.

A free school was founded in the year 1818 by Rajah Joy Narain Ghosal, Bahadoor, in gratitude for his recovery from a protracted illness.

He endowed it with a monthly sum of Rupees 200, increased by Government to Rupees 452, and appointed the Committee of the Calcutta Church Missionary Association for the time being trustees, with directions that they should "appoint such members as shall be able to satisfy the enquiries of the learned of this ancient city on subjects of Science, History and Religion."

In 1853, the spacious school room provided by Joy Narain having been found insufficient for the number of students, the present building was erected; at the same time the school was raised to a College, and named after the founder.

SCHOLARSHIPS.

Thomason,.....Rs. 102
Vankatacharya's, ... 260

Munshi Situl Sing's, ... 200
Rajah Sutt Churn Ghosal's,..... 60
And a gold medal, value Rupees ... 100

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Rev. H. D. Hubbard, M. A., ... *Principal.*
Rev. R. A. T. Hoernle, ... *Sanskrit Lecturer.*
Mr. H. Pink,..... *Asst. Master.*
Baboo Timothy Luther, ... *Head Master.*

Eleven English Teachers and twenty-three Teachers for the Classical and Vernacular Languages of India.

St. Thomas's College, Colombo.

AFFILIATED, 1864.

This Institution was founded by Bishop Chapman, in 1851, and consists of two parts; the College and Collegiate School.

The College instruction comprehends two courses of study; one adapted to those who desire a general education; the other, to those who intend to devote themselves to the ministry.

The former course consists of Lectures in Divinity, Logic, Classics, Mathematics, History, Natural Science, and the study of the English language.

The instruction in the Theological Course is in strict conformity with the principles of the Church of England.

No scholar of the School, who has passed the Enrance Examination of the Calcutta University, is per-

mitted to continue in the School; he must either enter the College, or cease his connection with the Institution.

There is also an Orphan Asylum appended to the Institution.

Visitor,.....	The Lord Bishop of Colombo.
Warden, ...	Rev. George Bennett, M. A.
Lecturer in Divinity, ...	Ditto ditto.
„ Classics, &c.	Ditto *(pro tem.)*
„ Singhalese,.	Rev. C. Alwis.
„ Tamil, ...	
„ Music, ...	Mr. H. C. Hancock.

COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.

Head Master, ...	(Vacant).
Assistant Masters, ...	Messrs. H. C. Hancock, Tocke, Rae, F. H. Perera, Elders, and C. Perera.
Supdt. of Orphan Asylum,	Mr. S. Dias.

General Assembly's Institution, Calcutta.

AFFILIATED, 1864.

This Institution was founded in 1830. It is supported by the Church of Scotland, and is under the control of the General Assembly's Foreign Mission Committee.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Rev. R. Jardine, B. D., *Principal.*

Rev. Charles M. Grant, B. D.

Mr. J. Wilson.
Babu Gauri Sankar De, M. A.
„ Upendra Nath Dev, M. A.
„ Hara Nath Bhattacharjya, M. A.
Pandit Bireshwar Bidyaratna.
„ Harishchandra Tarkalankar.

Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee.

AFFILIATED, 1864.

The Thomason College was founded in 1847, under the auspices of the Hon'ble James Thomason, Lieutenant-Governor, N. W. Provinces. It is designed to supply the Public Works and Survey Departments with Assistant Engineers, Overseers and Sub-Surveyors or Sub-Overseers.

The College is divided into Senior, First, Second and Third departments. The Senior consists of officers of the Army, the First of Civilians (English and Native); both of these departments pursuing the same course of study. The students remain for three terms, and on the successful completion of their studies receive certificates and appointments as Assistant Engineers or Surveyors in the Government service. Senior department students pay 10 rupees a month, instruction is gratuitous to the rest; and in the native class are 6 Scholarships of 50 Rs. a month, open to natives of the Upper Provinces only. Candidates for the 1st Department must be 18 years of age, and must have passed the First Examination in Arts of the Calcutta University.

The second department consists chiefly of English soldiers, but there is also a Civilian class (English and Native) attached. The students remain one term, and are passed out as Overseers in the Public Works Department. Instruction is gratuitous, and there are six Scholarships of 30 Rs. monthly in the English Civil class, and six of 10 Rs. monthly in the native class. The Entrance Examination comprises Arithmetic, Practical Geometry, and Mensuration, with English Dictation and Reading.

The instruction in both the above departments is entirely in English.

The third department is for natives only, (the instruction being in the Vernacular) who remain two terms, and are passed out as Sub-Overseers or Sub-Surveyors of the 1st and 2nd class. In this department, there are ten Scholarships of 10 Rs., and forty of 5 Rs. monthly. The Entrance Examination comprises Arithmetic, Geometry, and Mensuration, with Urdu Dictation and Reading.

The course of study varies in the different departments, but includes Mathematics, Civil Engineering, Surveying and Drawing for all, besides instruction for the higher departments in Chemistry, Mineralogy and Photography.

The following is the detail of the four principal subjects for the two higher departments.

Mathematics.

Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry, Statics, Dynamics, Hydrostatics and Hydrodynamics, Conic Sections, Differential and Integral Calculus, Spherical Trigonometry.

Civil Engineering.

Building materials, their nature, uses and strength, principles of general construction, including earthwork, masonry and carpentry. Special constructions, such as Roads, Bridges, Building, Irrigation Works, and Railways, applied Mechanics, Machinery, Designing, Estimating, Laying out work.

Surveying.

Use and adjustment of instruments, viz., Chain, Compass, Sextant, Level and Theodolite, taught practically in the field. Execution of Surveys with the Chain and the Compass, Theodolite and plane Table. Trigonometrical Surveying, Levelling, Contouring. Practical Astronomy.

Drawing.

Construction of Scales, making Plans and Sections from actual measurements. Mapping, and a regular course of Engineering, Architectural, Mechanical and Perspective Drawing.

The subjects taught to the two lower departments are of course both fewer and more restricted.

The preceptive Staff of the College is as follows :—

Lieut.-Col. J. G. Medley, R. E., ...	Principal.
Lieut. C. S. Beauchamp, R. E., ...	Asst. ditto.
Lieut. R. Pulford, R. E., ...	Ditto ditto.
Murray Thomson, Esq., M. D., ... F. R. S. E.,	Prof., Experimental Science.
J. Elliott, Esq., B. A., ...	Prof. of Mathes.
W. Scotland, Esq.	Drawing Master.
Mr. P. Keay, ...	Head Master.

Lahore Mission School.

AFFILIATED, 1864.

This Institution was founded on the 19th December, 1849, soon after the annexation of the Punjab, and is the oldest English school in the Province.

The four religions represented in the school are the Hindu, Musulman, Sikh and Christian. The greater part are Hindus. The number of Sikhs is small, owing to the fact that they compose a small part of the community.

The Instructive Staff consists of the Rev. C. D. Forman, M. A., Principal, J. Newton, Jr., M. D., Mr. D. Maitra, Head Master, and fourteen other Teachers.

Cathedral Mission College, Calcutta.

AFFILIATED, 1865.

This College was established by the Church Missionary Society in 1865, chiefly at the instance of the late Bishop Cotton, who, in his last charge, delivered in 1863, expressed his earnest desire to see a Missionary College established in connection with the Church of England, in which native under-graduates of the University might be educated up to the B. A. standard under purely Christian influences.

It takes its name from the circumstance of the Missionaries, who take part in the work of instruction within its walls, being supported by the Cathedral Endowment Fund, originally raised by Bishop Wilson for the support of a body of Missionary Canons in connection with his new Cathedral, with the view of there-

by exercising a directly Christian influence upon the upper classes of native society. When, however, he failed to obtain a charter for the foundation of a Cathedral Chapter, he resolved to carry out the object he had at heart, by assigning a considerable portion of the interest of the Fund to the Church Missionary Society, for the support of certain of its Missionaries labouring in Calcutta who should be called Cathedral Missionaries, the remainder being left on the original footing.

The course of study is that prescribed by the University for its Examinations for degrees in Arts, with the addition of the Bible and the Evidences of Christianity.

SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS.

The monthly tuition fee is Rs. 5, with an admission fee of one Rupee. About twenty small Scholarships, varying in value from Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 per month, are awarded to those students who acquit themselves with most credit at the half-yearly College Examinations.

Ten Exhibitions of the monthly value of Rs. 5 each, and tenable for one year, are given annually to the ten best students from the various Schools maintained by the Church Missionary Society in Lower Bengal, who have passed the Entrance Examination, and wish to continue their studies in the College.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Rev. J. Barton, M. A., (Camb.) Principal (At home).
Rev. S. Dyson, Officiating Principal.
Rev. A. P. Neele.
Rev. R. P. Greaves, M. A. (Camb.)
Rev. C. Baumann, Ph. D., (Berl.)

J. Willson, Esq., B. A., (Dub.)
Baboo Joy Gobindo Shomé, M. A.
Baboo Kanti Chunder Banerjee.

Dehli College.

AFFILIATED, 1864.

An Oriental College founded in 1792, and supported by voluntary contributions of Mahomedan gentlemen, acquired a large accession of income in 1829, by the munificent gift of 1,70,000 Rupees of the late Nawab, Ilmad-ud-Dowlah, formerly minister at Lucknow. The College was then divided into two departments, an Oriental and an English: and in 1841, Mr. F. Boutras was appointed first Principal. In 1855 the Institution, up to that time, under the supreme direction of a managing Committee, was placed under the control of the D. P. Instruction for the N. W. P. In 1857, the very valuable oriental Library was plundered and destroyed by the Mutineers, after which in 1858, a new School was founded, which is now, by affiliation to the Calcutta University, the present Dehli College. Students pay fees of Rs. 2 and Rs. 5.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal, ...	J. Sime, M. A.
Professor, ...	R. Dick, M. A.
Offg. Arabic Professor,....	Moulavi Ziyauddin.
Head Master, ...	I. C. Beddy.
2nd Master,.....	Saugor Chand, B. A.

&c. &c.

The College has connected with it, under the management of the Principal, a Zillah School teaching up to

the Entrance Examination, four Anglo-Vernacular Schools and six purely Vernacular Schools.

Former Principals.

F. Boutras.
A. Sprenger, M. D.
J. Cargill, B. A.
F. Taylor, M. A.
E. Willmot, B. A.

Lahore Government College.

AFFILIATED, 1864.

This Institution is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Punjab. It was opened in 1864.

The College is open to all classes on payment of a monthly tuition fee of Rupees 2.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

G. W. Leitner, M. A., Ph. D.	Principal.
T. W. Lindsay, B. A.	Professor of Mathematics.
Maulavi Mahammed Hosein,	Asst. Professor of Arabic.
C. S. Kirkpatrick, ...	Head Master of the School.
C. S. Rebsch, ...	Second ditto ditto.

And 13 other Masters in the School.

Canning College, Lucknow.

AFFILIATED, 1867.

This College, founded by the talooqdars of Oudh in memory of the late Earl Canning, was opened on the 1st of May, 1864. The institution comprises four departments, the College proper, a Law Department, an

English School, and an Oriental department, in which only Sanskrit, Persian and Arabic are taught.

Canning College is supported by the talooqdars of Oudh, aided by Government. By a *sunud* duly executed, the talooqdars unanimously endowed the College in perpetuity with a percentage of the revenues of their talooqdars. This sum, amounting on an average to twenty-seven thousand rupees per annum, is collected by the officers of Government, as a part of the revenue due to Government, and is deposited in the Government treasury for the use of the College. A Government Grant-in-aid, equal in amount to the talooqdars' subscriptions, is also enjoyed by the College, so that its total income from endowment, grant-in-aid, and fees, aggregates sixty thousand rupees per annum.

The institution is open to all classes, and its object, as declared by the rules, is to impart instruction in the English Language and Literature, in Mathematics and Science, in the Oriental classical Languages and the Vernacular Languages of the province of Oudh. Its management is vested in a Committee consisting of the Commissioner of Lucknow, Director of Public Instruction in Oudh, the Civil Judge, and representatives of the talooqdars.

Monthly fees vary with the income of parents or guardians. In the Oriental department, they range from one anna to four annas, and in the English School from eight annas to ten rupees.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

R. Boycott,..... Principal.
M. A. White, M. A..... Senior Professor.

J. Gall, M. A., LL. B.,...	Junior Professor.
Theodore Thomas,.....	Professor of Law.
Rajcomar Surbhadicarry, B. A.	Professor of Sanskrit.
Syud Hossain, B. A.....	Professor of Arabic.
Babu Chandra Kumar Roy, B. A.	Assistant Professor.
J. G. Sykes, B. A.....	Offg. Assistant Professor.
Rev. R. W. Evans, B. A.	

Victoria College, Agra.

AFFILIATED, 1865.

This College was founded in 1862, by Pandit Bunseedhur and other respectable Natives. It is managed by a Committee of native gentlemen; the chief supporters being the Maharajahs of Jeypore, Ulwar, and Bhurtpore, and Pandit Ajoodhia, the late Secretary. The Government also gives a liberal Grant-in-aid.

The Entrance fee is 1 Rupee. The monthly tuition fee varies with the income of the parents. Free scholars, however, are admissible without the payment of the latter fee.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

E. R. Watts, M. A., Ph. D.,....	Principal.
R. H. Moor, M. A., Ph. D., ...	Head Master.
Mr. J. M. Plunkett, ...	Asst. Master.
Mr. J. M. Gordon, ...	ditto.
Pandit Pindee Shunker,.....	Math. Master.
Pandit Chundra Mun,.....	Sanskrit Master.
Moulavi Mahab Ally,.....	Arabic Master.

Christ Church Mission School, Cawnpore.

AFFILIATED, 1866.

This School was established after the mutiny in connection with the Local S. P. G. Mission, and is supported mainly by the Government and the S. P. G.

Instruction is given up to the standard of the First Examination in Arts, and assistance in this class is given by the Senior Missionary in Cawnpore.

Scholarships of the value of 40 Rs. a month are distributed among deserving pupils, and special Scholarships, named after the late Bishop Cotton, have been founded for promoting the study of Scripture.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Superintendent,	Rev. H. Finter, S. P. G. Missionary.
Head Master, .	Mr. E. R. Burgess.
And 12 Native	Masters.

Gauhati High School.

AFFILIATED, 1866.

This school is supported by Government and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

In 1834, a Zillah school was opened at Gauhati for giving instruction in English and Bengali. This Zillah School was raised, in May, 1866, to a High School, when it was affiliated in Arts to the Calcutta University up to the First Examination in Arts. In 1870, it was affiliated in Law and a Law Lecturer was appointed.

It owes its support to subscriptions and donations from the Begum of Bhopal and the chiefs surrounding, supplemented by an annual subscription from Government of Rs. 2,400.

There are two scholarships in each Department, of the monthly value of Rs. 6 and 4 each, tenable for one year.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

H. V. Ingels, (one leave),	Head Master.
A. Mears,.....	2nd English Master.
Deo Pershad, ...	3rd ditto.
Gunesh Shastree,.....	Head Pandit.
Abdool Haziz Khan, ...	Head Moulvie.

With two Junior English teachers. Five Pandits and four Moulvies.

Calcutta Mudrussah.

AFFILIATED, 1867.

This Institution is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction. It was originally founded by Mr. Warren Hastings in 1781, with the view of enabling the Mahomedans of Bengal to acquire such a knowledge of Arabic literature and sciences as would qualify them for the public service, chiefly in the Judicial department, and was endowed with a zemindari yielding an estimated rental of Rs. 29,000, which was in July, 1819, commuted to a fixed yearly charge on the Treasury of Rs. 30,000.

In 1829 an English department was organized. It was at first composed entirely of scholars on the Mud-

russah foundation, but was shortly after thrown open to Mahomedans of all classes.

In 1849 an Anglo Arabic class was added to the Arabic department, for the purpose of instructing in the English language such Arabic students as would avail themselves of such instruction.

In 1854 the Anglo Arabic and the English departments were closed, and in their stead the Anglo-Persian department was formed on such a scale as to enable the students to compete for the Junior English scholarship examination (the present University Entrance standard) :—and the system of education in the Arabic department was altered, *viz.*, the teaching of the Arabic sciences was discontinued, the subjects chiefly taught being the Arabic language and literature and Mahomedan Law.

Since 1863, a College class has been added to the Arabic department, to enable students of the Anglo-Persian department passing the Entrance Examination, and electing to join the Arabic department to continue their English studies with a view to appear at the higher University Examinations.

La Martiniere College, Lucknow.

AFFILIATED 1868.

This Institution was established in 1840, pursuant to the will of Claude Martin, a native of France, and a Major General in the service of the Honorable East India Company. He was born at Lyons, 1735, died at Lucknow, 13th September, 1800, and was buried within the building.

It owes its support to subscriptions and donations from the Begum of Bhopal and the chiefs surrounding, supplemented by an annual subscription from Government of Rs. 2,400.

There are two scholarships in each Department, of the monthly value of Rs. 6 and 4 each, tenable for one year.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

H. V. Ingels, (one leave),	Head Master.
A. Mears,.....	2nd English Master.
Deo Pershad, ...	3rd ditto.
Gunesh Shastree,.....	Head Pandit.
Abdool Haziz Khan, ...	Head Moulvie.

With two Junior English teachers. Five Pandits and four Moulvies.

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For the support of the College at Lucknow the sum of Sicca Rupees eight hundred and sixteen thousand, four hundred and forty-four was decreed by the High Court of Judicature out of the estate of the Founder.

Admission to an equal participation in the benefits of the Institution is given without preference in respect of religion or sect.

The pupils consist of Foundationers (80), Boarders (80), and Day Scholars (about 30). A Foundationer is educated and maintained free of charge to his friends. Boarders pay for board, lodging and education, at rates varying according to the means of the parents, from Rs. 15 to Rs. 25 per mensem.

The general management of the affairs of the Institution is vested in a Visitor and ex-officio Governors. The Chief Commissioner of Oudh is ex officio Visitor, and the Judicial and Financial Commissioners, with the General commanding at Lucknow, and the Commissioner of Lucknow, are ex-officio Governors.

The educational staff consists of a Principal, Vice-Principal, Head Master, and six Assistant Masters, besides Native Teachers.

PRIZES AND SCHOLARSHIPS.

The former consist of books, Mathematical instruments, &c., and are distributed to the most deserving lads in each class on Prize Day, 15th December in each year; the latter are two in number, value Rs. 50 per mensem each, and are bestowed on the two most deserving lads who have passed the Roorkee Entrance Examination, to enable them to pursue their studies at that College. Each scholarship is tenable for 18 months.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Mr. J. W. H. Stobart, B. A.,	Principal.
Mr. W. A. Robinson, ...	Vice-Principal.
Mr. W. Dearden, B. A., ...	Head Master.

Cuttack High School.

AFFILIATED, 1868.

This School is supported by Government and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction. It is placed under the superintendence of a Local Committee consisting of the Government officials and respectable Zemindars of the place.

It was opened as a Zillah school in 1841, and raised to a High School in 1868. Instruction is given up to the standard of the First Examination in Arts of the Calcutta University. Students pay a monthly fee of Rs. 3.

A Law Department was added in March 1869, and a Lecturer was appointed.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Head Master, ...	Babu Chundy Churn Banerjee.
2nd ditto and Law Lecturer,	Babu Rajkristo Mookerjee, M. A., B. L.
3rd Master, ...	Obinash Chunder Chatterjee, B. A.
4th ditto, ...	Hurribullab Maitri, B. A.
Head Pundit, ...	Babu Ram Prasunna Mookerjee.

Six Assistant English Teachers and two Pundits.

Chittagong High School.

AFFILIATED, 1869.

The High School is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Lower Bengal.

It was originally opened as a school in the year 1836. In January, 1869, it was converted to a High School and some increase was made to the staff of teachers.

Any student who passes the University Entrance Examination may be admitted. Students pay a monthly fee of Rupees 5.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Babu I'svar Chandra Basu, Head Master.
,, Baikuntha Náth Ráy, B. A, 2nd Master.
,, GírindraMohanChakravarti,M.A.B.L.Lawlecturer
,, Pyárimohan Bhattacharyya, Senior Pandit.
Mr. William Dutt, Head Master, School Department.
And seven other Masters and a Pandit.

Allahabad High School.

AFFILIATED, 1869.

This Institution was founded in 1861 and is conducted upon the principles of the Church of England, but it is made available for the children of European and Eurasian parents of all denominations; instruction in the distinctive formularies of the Church not being compulsory.

The course of study ranges from the subjects for Entrance into the University of Calcutta down to the first elements of education. The School is under the

auspices of the Calcutta Diocesan Board of Education, and is managed by a local Committee, of which the Civil Chaplain is ex-officio the Secretary. The fees are Rs. 30 per month for boarders, and Rs. 5 for day-scholars.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Head Master,..... J. Wells, M. A.
First Assistant, ... J. Browne.
Second Assistant, ... A. E. Scott.
And two Junior Masters and a Moonshee.

Mussoorie School.

AFFILIATED, 1869.

This School was founded by the late Rev. R. N. Maddock, M. A. in 1850. In 1867, (Jan. 1st) it was transferred by purchase to the Diocesan Board of Education: the funds for the purchase being raised by subscriptions in answer to an appeal to the Indian public by the late Bishop Cotton. Mr. Maddock gave to the School a sufficient sum to found three Annual Exhibitions of the value of Rs. 250, 150, 100, respectively.—The School is under the control of the Diocesan Board of Education.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Rev. A. Stokes, M. A..... Head Master.
Rev. T. A. Rambart, ... Second Master.
Mr. W. Sconce, B. A..... Assistant Master.
Mr. H. Allen, ... Ditto ditto.
Mr. F. C. Schurr, ... Ditto ditto.
Mr. C. Lockington, ... Ditto ditto.

London Mission High School, Benares.

AFFILIATED, 1871.

This School was established in the year 1869, by the union of two schools of the Mission. It is situated in the suburbs of Benares, yet sufficiently near to the city to receive therefrom a considerable number of pupils.

Instruction is given in English, Sanskrit, Arabic, Persian, Hindi, and Urdu.

The Maharajah of Vizianagram, K. C. S. I., has endowed the school with a sum of money for the purchase of a gold medal annually of the value of eight pounds, called the 'Vizianagram Medal,' to which is attached a small monthly Scholarship. In addition, the school awards several Scholarships to deserving students, tenable for twelve months.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Rev. M. A. Sherring, M. A., LL. B. (Lond.) Principal.
Rev. John Hewlett, B. A., (Lond.)
Rev. Kashi Nath Dutt.
Baboo Chatkan Lal.
Nine Teachers of English.
Three Pandits.
Two Moulvies.
Three Moonshees.
Three Hindi Teachers.

Graduates.

Honors in Law.

Ghosh, Rasvihári,	...	1871	Presidency College.

B. L.

In Alphabetical order.

Ádya, Asútosh,	...	1869	Hooghly College.
Ameer Ali,	...	1869	Ditto.
Bágchi, Durgánáth,	...	1869	Berhampore College.
„ Harischandra,	.	1869	Dacca College.
Bandyopádhyáy, Avináschandra,	.	1867	Presidency College.
„ Avinaschandra,		1868	Ditto
„ Bámácharan,		1866	Ditto
„ Bhairavchandra,		1863	Ditto
„ Gopináth,		1864	Ditto
„ Gurudás,		1866	Ditto
„ Haricharan,		1870	Ditto
„ Hemchandra,		1866	Ditto
„ Jagatchandra,		1870	Ditto
„ Kailáschandra,		1868	Ditto
„ Kailáschandra,		1870	Patna College.
„ Kálicharan,		1870	Presidency College.
„ Karunámay,		1869	Ditto
„ Mahendranáth,		1869	Ditto
„ Navinchandra,		1870	Patna College.
„ Nilmádhav,		1868	Presidency College.
„ Paresnáth,		1864	Ditto
„ Pramadácharan,		1869	Ditto
„ Pramathanáth,		1867	Ditto
„ Priyanáth,		1870	Ditto
„ Rámlál,		1869	Ditto
„ Saratchandra,		1869	Ditto
„ Sasibhushan,		1869	Ditto
„ Satyadayál,		1869	Ditto

Bandyopádhyáyi Sivchandra,	...	1869	Patna College.
„ Tárápada,	...	1869	Kishnaghur College.
„ Táráprasanna,	...	1870	Presidency College.
Banerjea, P. N.,	...	1869	Ditto
Bardan, Mohinimohan,	...	1866	Ditto
Basák, Govindachandra,	...	1870	Dacca College.
„ Rohinikumár,	...	1870	Ditto
Basu, Amarnáth,	...	1865	Presidency College.
„ Amvikácharan,	...	1863	Ditto
„ Bihárilál,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Birajáprasád,	...	1868	Ditto
„ Chandranáth,	...	1867	Ditto
„ Dakshináprasád,	...	1864	Ditto
„ Devendralál,	...	1864	Ditto
„ Devendranáráyan,	...	1860	Ditto
„ Dinanáth,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Gopálchandra,	...	1868	Ditto
„ Harivallabh,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Jogendranáth (No. 1,)	...	1869	Ditto
„ Jogendranáth,	...	1869	Ditto
„ Kálikumár,	...	1870	Berhampore College.
„ Karunádás,	...	1868	Presidency College.
„ Kshetramohan,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Mahendranáth,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Mathuránáth,	...	1868	Ditto
„ Nepálchandra,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Nimáichandra,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Prasannakumár,	...	1862	Ditto
„ Rájendrakumár,	...	1867	Ditto
„ Rameschandra,	...	1864	Ditto
„ Sasibhushan,	...	1866	Ditto
„ Sasibhushan,	...	1870	Hooghly College.
„ Syámkisor,	...	1869	Presidency College.
„ Trailokyanáth,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Udaychandra,	...	1870	Ditto
Bhauja, Kálidás,	...	1870	Ditto
Bhar, Trailokyanáth,	...	1868	Ditto
Bhatta, Napharchandra,	...	1864	Ditto

Bhattácháryya, Dwarikánáth,	1868	Presidency College.
„ Haranáth,	1870	Ditto
„ Jadunáth,	1869	Kishnaghur College.
„ Tarinikánta,	1868	Presidency College.
Bhumik, Krishnachaitanya,	1869	Ditto
Bisi, Kesavnáth,	1867	Ditto
Biswás, Rudrakánta,	1866	Ditto
Chakravarti, Girindramohan,	1868	Ditto
„ Girischandra,	1865	Ditto
„ Harimohan,	1869	Ditto
„ Isánchandra,	1869	Ditto
„ Iswarchandra,	1863	Ditto
„ Syámácharan,	1866	Ditto
„ Syámámohan,	1870	Ditto
„ Táránáth,	1870	Ditto
Chandra, Brajendranáth,	1870	Ditto
„ Jogneswar,	1870	Berhampore College.
Chuttopádhyáy, Amarendranáth,	1868	Presidency College.
„ Amritalál,	1862	Ditto
„ Bankimchandra,	1869	Ditto
Bhagavánchandra,	1868	Ditto
„ Bipradás,	1870	Ditto
„ Girischandra,	1868	Ditto
„ Girischandra, (No. 2),	1868	Ditto
„ Harakrishna,	1870	Ditto
„ Hemchandra,	1868	Hooghly College.
„ Jadunáth,	1861	Presidency College.
„ Káliprasanna,	1868	Ditto
„ Kisarimohan,	1869	Ditto
„ Krishnachandra,	1865	Ditto
„ Pitámvar,	1869	Hooghly College.
„ Pratápchandra,	1860	Presidency College.
„ Pratulchandra,	1870	Ditto
„ Sivchandra,	1867	Ditto
„ Umákánta,	1868	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Binadvihári,	1869	Ditto
„ Girischandra,	1865	Ditto
„ Jogendranáth,	1869	Ditto

Dás, Chandrakumár,	...	1866	Presidency College.
„ Dinanáth,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Govindachandra,	...	1870	Dacca College.
„ Harischandra,	...	1870	Presidency College.
„ Jadunáth,	...	1868	Ditto
„ Krishnachandra,	...	1868	Ditto
„ Lakshminárayan,	...	1869	Ditto
„ Nilmani,	...	1868	Ditto
„ Párvaticharan,	...	1867	Ditto
„ Táráprasanna,	...	1863	Ditto
Datta, Akshaychandra,	...	1867	Ditto
„ Baláichánd,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Benimádhav,	...	1869	Ditto
„ Bhavánicharan,	...	1864	Ditto
„ Bipinvíhári,	...	1869	Ditto
„ Cháruchandra,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Jagatvandhu,	..	1870	Ditto
„ Kálikádás,	...	1861	Ditto
„ Lálgopál,	...	1865	Ditto
„ Mahendranáth,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Rámgopál,	...	1869	Berhampore College.
„ Sasibhushan,	...	1870	Presidency College.
„ Táraknáth,	...	1861	Ditto
„ Umácharan,	...	1868	Ditto
De, Amritalál,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Dulálchandra,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Gaurísankar,	...	1868	Ditto
„ Jádavchandra,	...	1860	Ditto
„ Krishnadás,	...	1869	Ditto
„ Navinchandra,	...	1862	Ditto
„ Rájmohan,	...	1870	Dacca College.
„ Sambhuchandra,	...	1868	Presidency College.
„ Sivchandra,	...	1868	Ditto
Dhar, Kálináth,	...	1870	Dacca College.
„ Syámchánd,	...	1868	Hooghly College.
Gangopadhyáy, Jagavandhu,	...	1868	Presidency College.
„ Navinchandra,	...	1861	Ditto
„ Ravichandra,	...	1864	Ditto

Ghosh, Aghornáth,	...	1863	Presidency College.
„ Anantarám,	...	1864	Ditto
„ Atulvihári,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Devendrachandra,	...	1867	Ditto
„ Dhankrishna,	...	1868	Ditto
„ Govindachandra,	...	1867	Ditto
„ Govindachandra,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Jaygopál,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Kshetrachandra,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Mahimáchandra,	...	1869	Ditto
„ Rásvihári,	...	1867	Ditto
„ Tárinicharan,	...	1867	Ditto
„ Umeshchandra,	...	1869	Kishnaghur College.
Goswámi, Heramvalál,	...	1865	Presidency College.
Guha, Piyárilál,	...	1865	Ditto
Gui, Sivchandra,	...	1869	Ditto
Gupta, Rámgati,	...	1870	Ditto
Háldár, Brajalál,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Matilál,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Rámchandra,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Syámlál,	...	1870	Ditto
Jordar, Mahimáchandra,	...	1870	Berhampore College
Khán, Rámdurllabh,	...	1870	Presidency College.
Láhuri, Rameschandra,	...	1869	Ditto
Maitra, Radhagovinda,	...	1860	Ditto
Majumdár, Jagatdurllabh,	...	1866	Ditto
„ Kailáschandra,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Kedárnáth,	...	1863	Ditto
„ Pratápchandra,	...	1869	Ditto
„ Syámácharan,	...	1868	Ditto
Mallik, Atulcharan,	...	1866	Ditto
„ Balarám,	...	1866	Ditto
„ Bihárilál,	...	1869	Hooghly College.
„ Srikánta,	...	1864	Presidency College.
„ Upendrachandra,	...	1866	Ditto
Mendies, H.	...	1868	Ditto
Mitra, Avináschandra,	...	1869	Ditto

Mitra, Benimádhav,	...	1865	Presidency College.
„ Binadvihári,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Dwárikánáth,	...	1867	Ditto
„ Girischandra,	...	1867	Ditto
„ Jadunáth,	...	1869	Ditto
„ Jogeschandra,	...	1870	Berhampore College.
„ Mahendralál,	...	1861	Presidency College.
„ Mahendranáth,	...	1867	Ditto
„ Mahendranáth,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Narasinhachandra,	...	1864	Ditto
„ Purnachandra,	...	1866	Ditto
„ Rádhikácharan,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Rámcharan,	...	1869	Ditto
„ Rameschandra,	...	1861	Ditto
„ Tárávilás,	...	1865	Ditto
„ Trailokyanáth,	...	1864	Ditto
„ Trailokyanáth,	...	1865	Ditto
„ Upendranáth,	...	1862	Ditto
„ Upendranáth,	...	1870	Ditto
Mukhopadhyáy, Ásutosh,	...	1869	Ditto
„ Bechárám,	...	1869	Ditto
„ Bipradás,	...	1869	Kishnaghur College.
„ Girischandra,	...	1867	Presidency College.
„ Gopálchandra,	...	1869	Ditto
„ Gopimohan,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Haragovinda,	...	1867	Ditto
„ Jadunáth,	...	1862	Ditto
„ Jánakináth,	...	1867	Ditto
„ Jogneswar,	...	1864	Ditto
„ Kailáschandra,	...	1864	Ditto
„ Káliprasanna,	...	1864	Ditto
„ Kánáilál,	...	1867	Ditto
„ Kapáliprasanna,	...	1869	Ditto
„ Krishnamohan,	...	1863	Ditto
„ Kshetraprasád,	...	1864	Ditto
„ Navinkisan,	...	1862	Ditto
„ Navinkrishna,	...	1868	Ditto

Mukhopadhyáy, Nilámvar,	.	1866	Presidency College.
„ Nilmani,	.	1869	Ditto
„ Nrisinhachandra,	...	1869	Ditto
„ Piyárimohan,	.	1864	Ditto
„ Rájkrishna,	..	1868	Ditto
„ Rájmohan,	..	1865	Ditto
„ Rámlál,	.	1865	Ditto
„ Sasibhushan,	.	1864	Ditto
„ Sitánáth,	..	1869	Ditto
„ Taraprasanna,	..	1861	Ditto
Nág, Kunjavihári,	.	1870	Ditto
„ Sambhuchandra,	..	1868	Dacca College.
Nandan, Hemchandra,	..	1869	Prasidency College.
Nandi, Ramánáth,	..	1862	Ditto
Obeyd-al-Rahman,	..	1869	Berhampore College.
Pál, Amritalál,	..	1868	Presidency College.
„ Baikunthanáth,	..	1862	Ditto
„ Kártikchandra,	...	1869	Hooghly College.
„ Srináth,	..	1869	Ditto
Palit, Táraknáth,	...	1868	Presidency College.
Páthak, Rámratan,	..	1870	Berhampore College.
Ráy, Báránasi,	..	1870	Presidency College.
„ Benimádhav,	...	1867	Ditto
„ Chandrakumár,	..	1870	Ditto
„ Dhaneschandra,	...	1868	Patna College.
„ Dineschandra,	..	1867	Presidency College.
„ Harináráyan,	...	1865	Ditto
„ Kálíprasanna,	.	1868	Ditto
„ Kesavchandra,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Kisarimohan,	...	1869	Ditto
„ Krishnanáth,	...	1868	Hooghly College.
„ Nagendranáth,	...	1870	Berhampore College.
„ Nilmádhav,	...	1870	Patna College.
„ Piyárilál,	...	1870	Presidency College.
„ Prasannachandra,	...	1866	Ditto
„ Prasannakumár,	...	1868	Ditto
„ Rájchandra,	...	1869	Ditto

Ráy, Sudhansubhushan,	1870	Presidency College.
Ráychaudhuri, Kshetramohan,	1868	Ditto
,, Matilál,	1869	Ditto
Sahây, Rághuvansa,	1870	Ditto
Sámanta, Nilmádhav,	1868	Ditto
Sandel, M. L.,	1867	Ditto
Sarkár, Akshaychandra,	1868	Ditto
,, Kisarilál,	1869	Ditto
,, Krishnachandra,	1868	Berhampore College.
,, Matilál,	1865	Presidency College.
,, Pareschandra,	1867	Ditto
,, Umeschandra,	1862	Ditto
Sen, Akhilchandra,	1868	Ditto
,, Baikunthanath,	1864	Ditto
,, Baradágovinda,	1869	Ditto
,, Chandramohan,	1868	Dacca College.
,, Dinavandhu,	1869	Ditto
,, Guruprasád,	1865	Presidency College.
,, Kamalákánta,	1869	Ditto
,, Kamalákánta (No. 2),	1869	Ditto
,, Kásikánta,	1869	Ditto
,, Prasannakumár,	1870	Ditto
,, Rádhákrishna,	1866	Ditto
,, Rájkisan,	1867	Ditto
,, Sáradáprasád,	1870	Ditto
,, Sasibhushan,	1866	Ditto
,, Satyakinkar,	1870	Ditto
Síl, Brajendrakumár,	1863	Ditto
,, Govindachandra,	1865	Ditto
,, Jádavchandra,	1868	Ditto
,, Mahendralál,	1863	Ditto
Sing, Budhsen,	1868	Ditto
Sinha, Jaygopál,	1868	Ditto
,, Ramáprasanna,	1870	Ditto
,, Suryyanáráyan,	1861	Ditto
Som, Baradáprasanna,	1868	Ditto
,, Brajavihári,	1869	Ditto

Som, Devendralál,	1868	Hooghly College.
Twidale, G.,	1867	Presidency College.
Younan, E.,	1870	Ditto
,, John,	1870	Ditto
Yusuf, Mahammad,	1868	Patna College.

1871.

Second Division.

In Order of Merit.

Bandyopádhyáy, Revatichandra, ...	Presidency College.
Dev, Upendrachandra,	Ditto
Mukhopádhyáy, Srikrishna,	Ditto
Gupta, Jagadiswar,	Kishnaghur College.
Ráy, Syámchánd,	Ditto
Chattopádhyáy, Aghornáth,	Presidency College.
Mukhopádhyáy, Gopállál,	Ditto
Dás, Haripraṣád,	Ditto
Chattopádhyáy, Bireswar,	Ditto
Guha, Piyárimohan,	Dacca College.
Som, Jaygovinda,	Presidency College.
Ghosh, Nandalál,	Hooghly College.
Mukhopádhyáy, Durgadás,	Ditto
Bhupsen Sing,	Presidency College.
Mukhopádhyáy, Biháriláll,	Ditto
Ráy, Mahendranáth,	Ditto
Mahomed Wajed,	Ditto
Chattopádhyáy, Srigopál,	Kishnaghur College.
Basu, Kunjavihári,	Hooghly College.

CANDIDATES AT THE B. L. EXAMINATION WHO WERE PASSED LICENTIATES IN LAW, AND AFTERWARDS UNDER CLAUSE 7 OF THE B. L. REGULATIONS DECLARED TO BE ENTITLED TO THE DEGREE OF B. L.

1871.

In Alphabetical order.

Bandyopádhyáy, Indranáth,	Presidency College
Basák, Jagatdurllabh,	Ditto
Basu, Bijaykrishna,	Ditto
„ Navinchandra,	Ditto
Bhattácháryya, Dwárikánáth,	Patna College.
„ Mahendranáth,	Presidency College.
Chakravarti, Gopálchandra,	Ditto
„ Haricharan,	Dacca College.
Chattopádhyáy, Kálidhan,	Presidency College.
„ Sasibhushan,	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Narendranáth,	Ditto
Dás, Baikunthanáth,	Dacca College.
„ Goráchánd,	Presidency College.
„ Hemnáth,	Ditto
„ Iswarchandra,	Ditto
„ Jagatchandra,	Ditto
„ Sarvánanda,	Ditto
Datta, Bhavánicharan,	Ditto
„ Priyanáth (No. 2),	Ditto
„ Trailokyanáth,	Ditto
Dhar, Dinanáth,	Hooghly College.
Ghosh, Amvikácharan,	Presidency College.
„ Kailáschandra,	Berhampore College.
„ Prasannakumár,	Kishnaghur College.
Ghoshál, Gopálchandra,	Presidency College.
Mallik, Akhilcharan,	Ditto

Mitra, Mahendrachandra,	Hooghly College.
„ Rajaninath,	Ditto
„ Upendrachandra,	Presidency College.
Mukhopádhyáy, Nivaranchandra,	Ditto
Sányál, Rámlál,	Ditto
Set, Rájendranáth,	Ditto

CANDIDATES WHO HAVE PASSED THE B. L. EXAMINATION AND WILL BE ENTITLED TO THE DEGREE, SO SOON AS THEY PASS THE B. A. EXAMINATION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Bandoyoypádhyáy, Amritalál,	1858	Presidency College.
Basu, Nilmádhav,	1858	Ditto
„ Upendrachandra,	1862	Ditto
Chakravarti, Dwárikánáth,	1858	Ditto
Chattopádhyáy, Kedárnáth,	1858	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Matilál,	1860	Ditto
Das, Girijasankar,	1858	Ditto
„ Kálimohan,	1860	Ditto
Datta, Kedárnáth,	1860	Ditto
Dhar, Ásutosh,	1858	Ditto
Forbes, Thomas,	1858	Ditto
Ghosh, Kálicharan,	1859	Ditto
„ Prabháchandra,	1858	Ditto
„ Ratanlál,	1858	Ditto
Gregory, C.,	1860	Ditto
Gregory, G.,	1860	Ditto
Mitra, Girischandra,	1861	Ditto
„ Srináth,	1858	Ditto
Mukhopádhyáy, Bhuvanchandra,	1860	Ditto
„ Harihar,	1858	Ditto
„ Jadunáth,	1862	Ditto
„ Matilál,	1860	Ditto
Pálit, Ánandagopál,	1859	Ditto
Sarkár, Gopál chandra,	1862	Ditto
Sen, Prasannakumar,	1862	Ditto

LICENTIATES IN LAW.

In Alphabetical Order.

Aich, Sivchandra,	1868	Presidency College.
Bandyopádhyáy, Amvikácharan,	1862	Ditto
„ Girischandra,	1870	Ditto
„ Gopálchandra,	1867	Ditto
„ Jadupati,	1871	Berhampore College.
„ Mahendranáráyan,	1870	Ditto
„ Sasibhushan,	1869	Presidency College.
Barál, Navinchánd,	1867	Ditto
Bári, Fazlal,	1869	Ditto
Basu, Abhayádás,	1866	Ditto
„ Amarnáth,	1866	Ditto
„ Haramohan,	1866	Ditto
„ Káliprasanna,	1870	Ditto
„ Trigunáprasanna,	1869	Ditto
Cháki, Rámgopál,	1866	Ditto
Chakravarti, Chandrabhushan,	1871	Kishnaghur College.
„ Dwarikánáth,	1871	Dacca College.
„ Mádhavchundra,	1867	Presidency College.
„ Maheschandra,	1869	Dacca College.
„ Syámácharan,	1870	Presidency College.
Chánd, Parvatikumár,	1869	Dacca College.
„ Prasannakumár,	1871	Ditto
Chattopádhyay, Gaurisankar,	1866	Presidency College.
„ Kedárnáth,	1870	Ditto
„ Sáradáprasád,	1870	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Syámápada,	1871	Ditto
Dás, Párvaticharan,	1866	Ditto
Datta, Durgádás,	1863	Ditto
De, Pratápchandra,	1865	Ditto
Gangopádhyáy, Chandramohan,	1871	Kishnaghur College.
Ghosh, Atulchandra,	1867	Presidency College.
„ Bihárilál,	1870	Berhampore College.
„ Chandrakánta,	1869	Dacca College.
„ Durgádás,	1870	Presidency College.

Ghosh, Ganeschandra,	...	1870	Presidency College.
„ Girischandra,	...	1869	Ditto
„ Jogeschandra,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Kedárnáth,	...	1870	Kishnaghur College.
„ Syámácharan,	...	1870	Presidency College.
„ Táráprasanna,	...	1871	Ditto
Ghoshál, Kálicharan,	...	1866	Ditto
Guha, Gangádás,	...	1866	Ditto
„ Kálisankar,	...	1869	Ditto
Háldár, Bireswar,	...	1866	Ditto
Kirkpatrick, C.	...	1866	Ditto
Kundu, Hemchandra,	..	1869	Ditto
Majumdár, Gangádhar,	...	1871	Ditto
„ Sarveswar,	...	1868	Ditto
Mallik, Akshaykumár,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Nityagopál,	...	1867	Ditto
„ Priyanáth,	...	1869	Ditto
Mitra, Trailokyanath,	...	1871	Ditto
Mukhopádhyáy, Bhuvanmohan,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Jadunáth,	...	1871	Kishnaghur College.
„ Kuladáprasád,	...	1865	Presidency College.
„ Mahendranáth,	..	1871	Berhampore College.
„ Sasibhushan,	...	1867	Presidency College.
Munsi, Rámgopál,	...	1867	Ditto
Niogi, Nilkamal,	...	1869	Dacca College
Rakshit, Govindachandra,	...	1869	Presidency College.
Ráy, Dinavandhu,	...	1868	Ditto
„ Jogendranáth,	...	1871	Berhampore College.
„ Sudhansubhushan,	...	1870	Presidency College.
Rooke, H.,	..	1867	Ditto
Saháy, Sivsankar,	...	1870	Patna College.
Sányál, Digámvar,	...	1870	Berhampore College.
Sarkár, Jádavchandra,	...	1867	Presidency College.
„ Maheschandra,	...	1866	Ditto.
Sen, Bhuvanmohan,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Harischandra,	...	1871	Dacca College.
„ Kailáschandra,	...	1870	Presidency College.

Sen, Nalitchandra,	1864	Presidency College.
„ Sáradáprasád,	1870	Ditto
Síl, Gopállál,	1869	Ditto
Sing, Isánchandra,	1865	Ditto

CANDIDATES WHO HAVE PASSED THE L. L. EXAMINATION AND WILL BE ENTITLED TO THE LICENCE, SO SOON AS THEY PASS THE FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS.

In Alphabetical Order.

Bandyopádhyáy, Bhuvanchandra,	1863	Presidency College.
„ Matilál,	1863	Ditto
„ Umeschandra,	1863	Ditto
Basu, Lakshmicharan,	1861	Ditto
„ Maheschandra,	1863	Ditto
„ Nilmádhav,	1863	Ditto
Chattopádhyáy, Kálidás,	1862	Ditto
„ Manulál,	1862	Ditto
„ Sivchandra,	1862	Ditto
Dás, Durgámohan,	1861	Ditto
„ Govindachandra,	1861	Ditto
Gangopádhyáy, Kshetramohan,	1861	Ditto
Ghosh, Chandrakáli,	1861	Ditto
Majumdár, Sivchandra,	1863	Ditto
Mukhopádhyáy, Atulchandra,	1863	Ditto
„ Nilmádhav,	1862	Ditto
„ Pramathanáth,	1862	Ditto
„ Rámchandra,	1862	Ditto
Ráy, Jadunáth,	1861	Ditto
„ Krishnadayál,	1862	Ditto
„ Mritunjay,	1862	Ditto
Sen, Bansidhar,	1862	Ditto
„ Nilmádhav,	1861	Ditto
Síl, Ramánáth,	1863	Ditto
„ Tulsídás,	1863	Ditto

GOLD MEDALS TO THE VALUE OF 100 RS. EACH AWARDED AT THE B. L. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

Bandyopádhyáy, Gurudás,	...	1866	Presidency College.
„ Sivchandra,	...	1869	Patna College.
Chakravarti, Girindramohan,	...	1868	Presidency College.
Datta, Cháruchandra,	...	1870	Ditto
Ghosh, Rásvihári,	...	1867	Ditto
Mitra, Upendranáth,	...	1862	Ditto
Sen, Baikunthanáth,	...	1864	Ditto
„ Guruprasád,	..	1865	Ditto

Graduates.

ENGINEERING.

B. C. E.

In Alphabetical Order.

Chattopádhyáy, Sátkari,	...	1864	Presidency College.
Chaudhuri, Amvikácharan,	...	1864	Ditto
Majumdár, Rámratan,	...	1868	Ditto
Ray, Mádhavchandra,	...	1869	Ditto
Sen, Kálipada,	..	1869	Ditto

THEORETICAL PART OF THE EXAMINATION FOR THE LICENCE IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

In Alphabetical Order.

Adams, H. M.	...	1861	Cal. C. E. College.
Chandra, Mahendralál,	.	1862	Ditto
Chattopádhyáy, Hemchandra,		1862	Ditto
„ Mathuránáth,	.	1861	Ditto √
Chaudhuri, Kunjavihári,		1862	Ditto
Dás, Bholánáth,	.	1862	Ditto
De, Baikunthanáth,	.	1861	Ditto
„ Jádavchandra,	.	1861	Ditto
„ Matilál,	.	1862	Ditto

Ghosh, Rameschandra,	...	1862	Cal. C. E. College.
„ Umeschandra,	...	1861	Ditto
Mitra, Párvaticharan,	...	1862	Ditto
Mukhopádhyáy, Binadchánd,	...	1862	Ditto
„ Rámkrishna,	...	1862	Ditto
Pandit, Suryyakumár,	...	1862	Ditto
Ráy, Dhaneschandra,	...	1862	Ditto
Sen, Dinanath,	...	1861	Ditto
Atkinson, A. D.	...	1865	Presidency College.
Bandyopadhyáy, Kántichandra,	...	1868	Ditto
„ Priyanáth,	...	1867	Ditto
„ Rájkrishna,	...	1864	Cal. C. E. College.
Basu, Bhuvanmohan,	...	1867	Presidency College
Chaudhuri, Amritalál,	..	1867	Ditto
Dániári, Prasannakumár,	...	1869	Ditto
Dás, Kedárnáth,	...	1864	Cal. C. E. College.
Ghosh, Kshetranáth,	...	1867	Presidency College.
Kumár, Rájkrishna,	...	1864	Cal C. E. College.
Lackersteen, M. R.	...	1867	Presidency College.
Mitra, Asutosh,	...	1864	Cal. C. E. College.
Mukhopádhyáy, Anádináth,	...	1867	Presidency College.
„ Jogendranath,	...	1868	Ditto
Patnáek, Sudámchandra,	...	1869	Ditto
Ráy, Gyánchandra,	...	1869	Ditto
Sarkár, Purnachandra,	...	1865	Ditto
Sinha, Udaynáráyan,	...	1869	Ditto

1870.

FIRST DIVISION.

Mukhopádhyáy, Káliprasanna, ... Presidency College.

SECOND DIVISION.

In Order of Merit.

Bandyopádhyáy, Háránchandra, ... Presidency College.
Mukhopádhyáy, Aghornáth, ... Ditto

Gold medals to the value of Rs. 100 each, awarded at the L. C. E. Examination.

Sen, Dinanáth,	...	1861	Cal. C. E. College.
Majumdár, Rámratán,	...	1862	Ditto

Graduates.

ARTS.

Honors in Arts.

1865.

In Sanskrit.

CLASS I.	CLASS II.	CLASS III.
Mukhopádhyáy, Nilámvar, Sanskrit College.	...	...

In Hebrew.

Blochmann, H.	...	...

In History.

...	Sandel, Manilál, Dov. Coll.	...
...	Sing, Chandranáráyan, Presy. Coll.	...
..	Mitra, Mahendralál, Ditto	...

In Mental and Moral Science.

...	...	Som, Jaygovinda, Cal. F. C. Inst.

In Mathematics.

Bandyopádhyáy, Gurudás, Presy. Coll.	Dás, Lakshmináráyan, Presy. Coll.	Mallik, Atulchandra, Presy. Coll.

In Natural and Physical Science.

Ráy, Prasannachandra, Presy. Coll.	...	...

1866.

In English.

CLASS I.	CLASS II.	CLASS III.
Ghosh, Rásvihárí, Presy. Coll.	...	Mukhopádhyáy, Kapáliprasanna, Presidency College.

In History.

Basu, Chandranáth, Presy Coll.	Bandyopádhyáy, Sasibhushan, Presy. Coll. Chandra, Jogeswar, Presy. Coll.	De, Benimádhav, Presy. Coll.

In Mental and Moral Science.

Bandyopádhyáy, Kalícharan, Calcutta F. C. Inst.	Ghosh, Govinchandra, Presy. Coll. Mukhopádhyáy, Niváranchandra, do.	Chattopádhyáy, Umákanta, Presy. College.

In Mathematics.

...	Bhattacharyya, Dwárikánáth, Teacher.	...

In Natural and Physical Science.

Gupta, Kalipada, Medical College.	...	...

1867.

In English.

Mukhopádhyáy, Ásutosh, Presy. Coll.	...	...

In Sanskrit.

CLASS I.	CLASS II.	CLASS III.
Mukhopádhyáy, Nilmani, Sanskrit Coll.	Mukhopádhyáy, Nrisinhachandra, Sanskrit College.	...

In History.

Chakravarti, Giríndramohan, Presy. College.	Sarkár Kisarílál, Presy Coll.	Háldár, Rámchandra, Presy. Coll.
...	Basu, Karunádás, ditto.	Sen, Prasanakumár, ditto.
...	...	Ráy, Kálíprasanna, ditto.
...	...	Mukhopádhyáy, Bechárám, ditto.
...	...	Bhattácháryya, Tárinikánta, ditto.

In Mental and Moral Science.

Mukhopádhyáy, Rájkrishna, Presy. College.	Ghosh, Dhankrishna, Cal. F. C. Inst.	Sen, Kásikánta, Presy. Coll.
	Sil, Jadavchandra, Presy. Coll.	...

In Mathematics.

De, Gaurisankar, Presy. Coll.	Biswás, Piyárimohan, Dacca Coll.	Ghosh, Harichaítanya, Dacca Coll.

1868.

In English.

...	Bandyopádhyáy, Saratchandra, Presy. College.	Basu, Jogendranáth, Presy. Coll.

In Sanskrit.

CLASS I.	CLASS II.	CLASS III.
...	...	Chattopádhyáy, Harikrishna, Sanskrit College.

In History.

...	Mukhopádhyáy, Gopálchandra, Presidency College.	Bandyopádhyáy, Táráprasanna, Presidency College.
...	Amír Ali, Hooghly College.	...

In Mathematics.

Basu, Ánandamohan, Presy. Coll.	...	Mitra, Rámcharan, Presy. College.
...	...	Ráychaudhuri, Matilál, ditto.

In Mental and Moral Science.

Datta, Benimádhav, Presy. Coll.	De, Krishnadás, Cal. Free Ch. Instn.	Basu, Trailokyanáth, Cal. Free Ch. Instn.
...	...	Chattopádhyáy, Napharchandra, Hooghly College.

1869.

In English.

CLASS I.	CLASS II.	CLASS III.
...	Sen, Krishnavihári, Presy. Coll.	...
...	Chaudhuri, Jogendranáth, ditto.	...
...	Sen, Jaykrishna, ditto.	...
...	Datta, Mahendranáth, ditto.	...

In History.

..	Ghosh, Kshetrachandra, Presy. Coll.	...
...	Bhanja, Kálidás, ditto.	

In Mathematics.

...	Ráy, Chandrakumár, Presy. Coll.	Chattopádhyáy, Mathuránáth, Dacca College.
..	...	Dás, Baikunthanáth, ditto
...	...	Basák, Jagatdurlabh, Presy. Coll.

In Mental and Moral Science.

Datta, Jagatvandu, Presy. Coll.	Dev, Upendrachandra, Presy. Coll.	Sáhá, Gopálchandra, Presy. Coll.
...	Bandyopádhyáy, Kailáschandra, Patna College.	Bhattácharyya, Haranáth, General Assembly's Instn.

1870.

In English.

CLASS I.	CLASS II.	CLASS III.
...	Mitra, Kártikchandra, Presy. Coll.	Mallik, Akhilcharan, Presy. Coll.
...	Bandyopádhyáy, Sivnáth, ditto.	Datta, Bhavánicharan, ditto.
...	Mitra, Sáradácharan, ditto.	...

In History.

...	Sarkár, Sasibhushan, Kish. Coll.	Majumdár, Upendranáráyan, Presy. College.
...	Chattopádhyáy, Srigopál, ditto.	Set, Rájendranáth, ditto.
...	Basu, Trailokhyánáth, Presy. Coll.	...
...	Mukhopádhyáy, Hariprasanna, Kish. Coll.	...
...	Chakravarti, Gopálchandra, Cathedral Miss. Coll.	...

In Mathematics.

...	...	Misra, Lakshmisankar, Q. C. Ben.

In Mental and Moral Science.

...	Basu, Mahitchandra, Presy. Coll.	Ghosh, Rájendranáth, Presy. Coll.
...	Dás, Lálmohan, ditto.	Mitra, Mahendrachandra.
...	Basu, Rajaninath, ditto.	...

In Physical Science.

E. Younan, St. Xavier's College.	...	...

1871.

ENGLISH.

CLASS II.

In Order of Merit.

Sirischandra Chaudhuri,	...	Presidency College.
Upendranáth Basu,	...	Ditto
Chandramohan Majumdár,	...	Ditto
Nilratna Bandyopádhyáy,	...	Hooghly College.
Binadvihári Bandyopádhyáy,	...	Presidency College.
Bálkrishna Acháryya,	...	Queen's College, Benares.

CLASS III.

In Order of Merit.

Umácharan Mukhopádhyáy,	...	Queen's College, Benares.
Kánáilál Mukhopádhyáy,	...	Presidency College.
Sureschandra Ghosh,	...	Ditto
Priyanáth Chattopádhyáy,	...	General Assembly's Instn.
Jánakináth Datta,	...	Presidency College.

SANSKRIT.

CLASS I.

Golápchandra Sarkár,	...	Sanskrit College.

CLASS II.

Khirodnáth Sinha,	...	Sanskrit College.

ARABIC.

CLASS II.

Ali Reza Khan,	...	Agra College.

HISTORY.

CLASS I.

Jasadánandan Parámánik,	...	Kishnaghur College.

CLASS II.

In Order of Merit.

Párvaticharan Másánta,	...	Presidency College.
Jogeschandra Chattopádháy,	...	Kishnaghur College.

CLASS III.

Priyanáth Datta,	...	Cathedral Mission College.

MATHEMATICS.

CLASS II.

Bipinkrishna Basu, ... Presidency College.

CLASS III.

In Order of Merit.

Bámácharan Ráy, ... Presidency College.
Bipinvihári Mukhopádhyáy, ... Ditto

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS III.

In Order of Merit.

Girijábhushan Mukhopádhyáy, ... Presidency College.
Akshaykumár Basu, ... Ditto

CLASS III.

In Order of Merit.

Devendranáth Ghosh, ... Presidency College.
Rádhánáth Ráy, ... Ditto

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS III.

Jogendranáth Bhattácháryya, ... Presidency College.

M. A.

In Alphabetical Order.

Bandyopádhyáy, Avinaschandra,	...	1868	Presidency College.
„ Gangádhar,	...	1871	Cal. F. Ch. Instn.
„ P. N.,	...	1868	Doveton College.
„ Rámlál,	...	1866	Presidency College.
„ Syámácharan,	...	1871	Patna College.
Basu, Basantakumár,	...	1871	Presidency College.
„ Prasannakumár,	...	1863	Ditto
Bhattácháryya, Ádityarám,	...	1871	Sanskrit College.
„ Mahendranáth,	...	1869	Presidency College.
Chakravarti, Táránáth,	...	1869	Ditto
Chattopádhyáy, Bireswar,	...	1871	Sanskrit College.
„ Hemchandra,	...	1867	Teacher.
„ Pratulchandra,	...	1869	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Chaudhuri, Akshaychandra,	...	1870	Presidency College.

Datta, Bharatchandra,	...	1871	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Kailáschandra,	...	1871	Sanskrit College.
De, Nandalál,	...	1871	Hooghly College.
Gui, Sivchandra,	...	1867	Teacher.
Láhá, Jagavandhu,	...	1870	Dacca College.
Lorimer, George,	...	1870	Teacher.
Mitra, Bireswar,	...	1863	Presidency College.
„ Trailokyanáth,	...	1864	Ditto
„ Upendranath,	...	1863	Ditto
Mukhopádhyáy, Avináschandra,	...	1871	Ditto
„ Biháriláll,	...	1870	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Jogneswar,	...	1863	Presidency College.
„ Navinkrishna,	...	1863	Ditto
„ Navinkrishna,	...	1863	Ditto
„ Piyárimohan,	...	1865	Ditto
Nág, Sambhuchandra,	...	1866	Dacca College.
Nandi, Ramánáth,	..	1863	Presidency College.
Pal, Bholánáth,	...	1867	Teacher.
Sányál, Umeschandra,	...	1870	Queen's Coll. Benares.
Sen, Akhilchandra,	...	1866	Dacca College.
„ Guruprasád,	...	1864	Presidency College.
Twidale, G. A.,	...	1867	Doveton College.

B. A.

Abdool, Bari,	...	1870	Cathedral Mission Coll.
Áchárryya, Bálkrishna,	...	1870	Queen's Coll. Benares.
Ádya, Ásutosh, B. L.,	...	1868	Hooghly College.
Ahmed, Hamid-ud-din,	...	1868	Teacher.
Ahmed,	...	1861	Presidency College.
Amir Ali, B. L.	...	1867	Hooghly College.
Atmárám,	...	1865	Agra College.
Bágchi, Durgánáth, B. L.	...	1865	Berhampore College.
„ Harischandra, B. L.	...	1867	Teacher.
„ Hiralál,	...	1868	Cal. F. C. Inst.
Bandyopádhyáy, Avinásch. (No. 1) B. L.		1866	Presidency College.
„ Avinásch. (No. 2) B. L.		1866	Ditto
„ Bámácharan, B. L.	...	1862	Ditto

Bandyopádhyáy, Bhairavchandra, B. L.	1862	Presidency College.
Bhuvanmohan,	1870	Ditto
Binadvihári,	1870	Ditto
Chandranáth,	1870	Teacher.
Gopálchandra (No. 2),	1870	Kishnaghur College.
Gopináth, B. L., ...	1861	Presidency College.
Gurudás, B. L., ...	1864	Ditto
Haricharan, B. L., ...	1864	Cal. Free Church Inst.
Hemchandra, B. L.,...	1859	Presidency College.
Indranáth, B. L. ...	1869	Cathedral Mission Coll.
Jádavchandra, B. L. ...	1868	Medical College.
Jagatchandra, B. L.,...	1869	Presidency College.
Kailáschandra, B. L.,	1867	Ditto
Kailaschandra, B. L.,	1868	Patna College.
Kálicharan, B. L. ...	1865	Cal. F. C. Instn.
Karunámay, B. L. ...	1867	Presidency College.
Mahendranáth, B. L. .	1868	Ditto
Navinchandra, B. L., .	1869	Patna College.
Nilmádhav, B. L. ...	1866	Presidency College.
Nilratna, ...	1870	Hooghly College.
P. N., B. L ...	1870	Doveton College.
Pánchkari, ...	1869	Teacher.
Paresnáth, B. L. ...	1862	Presidency College.
Pramadácharan, B. L.	1867	Ditto
Pramathanáth, B. L. .	1866	Ditto
Priyanáth, B. L. ...	1868	Kishnaghur College.
Purnchandra, ...	1867	Queen's Coll. Benares.
Rámlál, B. L. ...	1864	Presidency College.
Rámmohan, ...	1868	Queen's Coll. Benares.
Revatichandra, B. L.	1870	Dacca College.
S. N. ...	1868	Doveton College.
Saratchandra, B. L., .	1867	Presidency College.
Sasibhushan, B. L., ...	1865	Ditto
Sasibhushan, ...	1870	Cal. F. C. Instn.
Satyadayál, B. L., ...	1866	Presidency College.
Siddheswar, ...	1868	Hooghly College.
Sivchandra, B. L., ...	1868	Patna College.

Bandyopádhyay, Sivnáth,	...	1869	Presidency College.
„ Syámácharan,	...	1870	Patna College.
„ Tárápada, B. L.	...	1868	Kishnaghur College.
„ Táráprasanna, B. L.,	...	1867	Presidency College.
Bardan, Mohinimohan, B. L.,	...	1865	Dacca College.
Baruá, Ánandarám,	...	1869	Presidency College.
Basák, Govindachandra, B. L.,	...	1867	Dacca College
„ Jagatdurlabh, B. L.,	...	1868	Presidency College.
„ Rádhánáth,	...	1861	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Rahinikumár,	...	1864	Dacca College.
Basu, Akshaykumár,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Amarnáth, B. L.,	...	1863	Presidency College.
„ Amvikácharan, B. L.,	...	1862	Ditto
„ Ánandamohan,	...	1867	Ditto
„ Bihárilál, B. L.,	...	1868	Ditto
„ Bijaykrishna, B. L.,	...	1870	Patna College.
„ Bipinkrishna, B. L.,	...	1870	Presidency College.
„ Bipinvihári,	...	1870	Hooghly College.
„ Birajáprasád, B. L.,	...	1867	Presidency College.
„ Chandranáth, B. L.	...	1865	Ditto
„ Dakhinaprasád, B. L.,	...	1863	Ditto
„ Devendralál, B. L.,	...	1863	Ditto
„ Devendranáráyan,	...	1860	Ditto
„ Dinanáth, B. L.,	...	1866	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Durgákumár,	...	1868	Teacher.
„ Durgarám,	...	1870	Presidency College.
„ Girischandra,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Gopálchandra, B. L.,	...	1865	Ditto
„ Harivallabh, B. L.,	...	1869	Ditto
„ Jadunáth,	...	1858	Ditto
„ Jagadischandra,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Jogendranáth, (No. 2) B. L.,	..	1867	Ditto
„ Jogendranáth, B. L.,	...	1868	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Kálikumár, B. L.,	...	1869	Berhampore College.
„ Karunádás, B. L.	...	1866	Presidency College.
„ Kshetramohan,	...	1860	Civil Eng. College.
„ Kshetramohan, B. L.	...	1868	Presidency College.

Basu, Kunjavihári, B. L.,	1869	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
,, Mahendranáth, B. L.,	1868	Hooghly College.
,, Mahitchandra,	1869	Presidency College.
,, Mathuránáth, B. L.,	1866	Cal. F. C. Instn.
,, Navinchandra, B. L.,	1869	Cathedral Mission Coll.
,, Nepálchandra, B. L.,	1868	Cal. F. C. Instn.
,, Nimáichandra, B. L.,	1868	Presidency College.
,, Prasannakumár, B. L.	1861	Ditto
,, Prasannakumár,	1870	Cal. F. C. Instn.
,, Rajaninath,	1869	Dacca College.
,, Rajendrakumár, B. L.,	1866	Presidency College.
,, Rákhálchandra, B. L.,	1866	Ditto
,, Rameschandra, B. L.,	1863	Ditto
,, Rámeswar,	1866	Ditto
,, Rámkamal,	1866	Cal. F. C. Instn.
,, Sasibhushan, B. L.,	1865	Dacca College.
,, Sasibhushan, (No. 1)	1869	Hooghly College.
,, Sitalnáth,	1867	Presidency College.
,, Syámkisar, B. L.,	1868	Dacca College.
,, Trailokyanáth,	1868	Cal. F. C. Instn.
,, Trailokyanáth, B. L.,	1869	Presidency College.
,, Udaychandra, B. L.,	1868	Ditto
,, Upendranáth,	1870	Ditto
Bhanja, Kálidás, B. L.,	1868	Ditto
Bhar, Trailokyanáth, B. L.,	1866	Ditto
Bháranprasád,	1868	Delhi College.
Bhatta, Napharchandra, B. L.,	1865	Presidency College.
Bhattácháryya, Ádityarám,	1869	Queen's Coll. Benares.
,, Dwárikánáth, B L.,	1865	Presidency College.
,, Dwárikánáth, B. L.,	1869	Patna College.
,, Haranáth, B. L.	1868	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
,, Jadunáth, B. L.	1867	Kishnaghur College.
,, Jivánanda,	1870	Sanskrit College.
,, Krishnakamal,	1860	Ditto
,, Mahendranáth, B. L.,	1866	Presidency College.
,, Mahendranáth, ...	1870	Ditto
,, Tárinikánta, B. L., ...	1866	Ditto

Bhumik, Krishnachaitanya, B. L., ...	1866	Presidency College.
Bisi, Kesavnáth, B. L., ...	1866	Ditto
Biswás, Piyárimohan, ...	1866	Dacca College.
„ Rudrakánta, B. L., ...	1865	Presidency College.
Blochmann, H., ...	1865	Professor, Doveton Coll.
„ T., ...	1869	Presidency College.
Brito, Christopher, ...	1861	Queen's Coll. Colombo.
Chakravarti, Girindramohan, B. L.,...	1866	Presidency College.
„ Girischandra, B. L., ...	1861	Ditto
„ Gopálchandra, B. L., ...	1869	Cathedral Mission Coll.
„ Harachandra, ...	1866	Presidency College.
„ Haricharan, B. L., ...	1869	Dacca College.
„ Harimohan, B. L., ...	1866	Presidency College.
„ Isánchandra, B. L., ...	1868	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Iswarchandra, B. L., ...	1862	Presidency College.
„ Ságarchandra, ...	1870	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Syámácharan, B. L., ...	1865	Presidency College.
„ Syámámohan, B. L., ...	1869	Teacher.
„ Táránáth, B. L., ...	1868	Cal. F. C. Instn.
Chánd, Ságar, ...	1861	Agra College.
Chandra, Brajendranáth, B. L., ...	1866	Presidency College.
„ Jogneswarchandra, B. L.,...	1865	Ditto
Chattopádhyáy, Aghornáth, B. L., ...	1870	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Akshaykumár, ...	1870	Patna College.
„ Amarendranáth, B. L.,	1867	Presidency College.
„ Amritalál, B. L., ...	1861	Ditto
„ Anukul, ...	1867	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Atulchandra, ...	1870	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Avináschandra, ...	1866	Presidency College.
„ Baukimchandra, B. L.,	1858	Ditto
„ Bhagawánchandra, B.L.,	1866	Teacher.
„ Bipradás, B. L., ...	1867	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Bireswár, B. L., ...	1869	Sanskrit College.
„ Girischandra, B. L.,...	1865	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Girischandra, B. L.,...	1867	Ditto
„ Harikrishna, B. L., ...	1867	Presidency College.
„ Hemchandra, B. L., ...	1865	Teacher.

Chattopádhyáy, Jadunáth, B. L., ...	1860	Presidency College.
„ Jogeschandra, ...	1870	Kishnaghur College.
„ Kálidhan, B. L., ...	1870	Presidency College.
„ Kálináth, ...	1867	Dacca College.
„ Káliprasanna, B. L., ...	1866	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Kisarimohan, B. L., ...	1865	Doveton College.
„ Krishnachandra, B. L.,	1864	Presidency College.
„ Mahimchandra, ...	1867	Dacca College.
„ Mathuránáth, ...	1868	Ditto
„ Napharchandra, ...	1867	Hooghly College.
„ Pitámvar, B. L., ...	1868	Ditto
„ Pratápchandra, B. L.,	1859	Presidency College.
„ Pratulchandra, B. L.,	1868	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Priyanáth, ...	1870	Ditto
„ Rajaníináth, ...	1862	Teacher.
„ Sáradáprasád, ...	1870	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Sasibhushan, ...	1869	Presidency College.
„ Sivchandra, B. L., ...	1864	Ditto
„ Srigopál, B. L., ...	1869	Kishnaghur College.
„ Syámácharan, ...	1866	Medical College.
„ Táráprasád, ...	1869	Presidency College.
„ Umákánta, B. L., ...	1865	Ditto
„ Umeschandra, ...	1869	Hooghly College.
Chaudhuri, Akshaychandra, ..	1870	Presidency College.
„ Binadvihári, B. L., ...	1868	Ditto
„ Girischandra, B. L., ...	1863	Ditto
„ Jogendranath, B. L., ...	1868	Ditto
„ Kálikrishna, ...	1868	Ditto
„ Kálimohan, ...	1869	Ditto
„ Narendranáth, B. L., ...	1870	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Rajanikánta, ...	1870	Dacca College.
„ Sirischandra, ...	1870	Presidency College.
„ Umeschandra, ...	1870	Cal. F. C. Instn.
Chhedilál, ...	1870	Bareilly College.
Dáem, Mohámad, ...	1865	Presidency College.
Dán, Parmeswar, ...	1870	Cal. F. C. Instn.
Dás, Baikunthanáth, B. L., ...	1868	Dacca College.

Das, Brajendramohan,	1870	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Chandrakumár, B. L.,	1865	Presidency College.
„ Dámudar,	1866	St.John's College, Agra.
„ Dinanáth, B. L.,	1868	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Goráchánd, B. L.,	1869	Ditto
„ Govindachandra, B. L.,	1868	Dacca College.
„ Hariprasád, B. L.,	1869	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Harischandra Dás, B. L,	1866	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Hemnáth, B. L.,	1870	Cathedral Mission Coll.
„ Iswarchandra, B. L.,	1870	Ditto
„ Jadunáth, B. L.,	1867	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Jagatchandra, B L.,	1868	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Kálikumár.	1868	Ditto
„ Krishnachandra Dás. B. L.,	1866	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Lakshminárayan, B. L.,	1864	Presidency College.
„ Lálmohan,	1869	Ditto
„ Madhusudan,	1870	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowp.
„ Nilmani, B. L,	1865	Presidency College.
„ Párvaticharan, B. L.,	1867	Teacher.
„ Sarvánanda, B. L.,	1865	Presidency College.
„ Táráprasanna, B. L.,	1862	Ditto
„ Thákur,	1868	Lahore Mission School.
Datta, Akshaychandra, B. L.,	1866	Presidency College.
„ Baidyanáth,	1870	Cathedral Mission Coll.
„ Baláichánd, B. L.,	1868	Presidency College.
„ Benimádhav, B. L.,	1867	Ditto
„ Bharatchandra,	1868	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Bhavánicharan, B. L.,	1863	Presidency College.
„ Bhavánicharan, B. L.,	1869	Ditto
„ Bipinvihári, B. L,	1868	Ditto
„ Bipinvihári,	1870	Ditto
„ Cháruchandra, B. L.,	1865	Ditto
„ Durgádás,	1862	Ditto
„ Harisankar,	1868	Ex. St. Hooghly Coll.
„ Jagatvandhu, B. L.,	1868	Presidency College.
„ Jánakináth,	1870	Ditto
„ Kailáschandra,	1870	Sanskrit College.

Datta, Kálikádás, B. L.,	...	1860	Presidency College.
„ Lálgopál, B. L.,	...	1859	Ditto
„ Mahendranáth, B. L.,	...	1868	Ditto
„ Priyanáth,	...	1870	Ditto
„ Priyanáth, B. L.,	...	1870	Cathedral Mission Col.
„ Rámgopál, B. L., *	...	1868	Berhampore College.
„ Sasibhushan, B. L.,	...	1868	Presidency College.
„ Sasibhushan,	...	1870	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Syámlál,	...	1869	Ditto
„ Táraknáth, B. L.,	...	1860	Presidency College.
„ Trailokyanáth, B. L.,	...	1869	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Umácharan, B. L.,	...	1867	Ditto
„ Umeschandra,	...	1867	Teacher.
D'Cruz, L. W.,	...	1865	Doveton College.
De, Amritalál, B. L.,	...	1867	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Benimádhav,	...	1865	Presidency College.
„ Dhankrishna,	...	1870	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Dulálchandra, B. L.,	...	1869	Presidency College.
„ Gaurisankar, B. L.,	...	1866	Ditto
„ Govindachandra,	...	1870	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Jádavchandra, B. L.,	...	1860	Presidency College.
„ Krishnadás, B. L.,	...	1867	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Krishnakisar,	...	1870	Presidency College.
„ Matilál,	...	1864	Medical College.
„ Nandalál,	...	1870	Hooghly College.
„ Navinchandra, B. L.,	...	1861	Presidency College.
„ Rájmohan, B. L.,	...	1867	Dacca College.
„ Sambhuchandra, B. L.,	...	1866	Cal. F. C. Instn.
„ Sivchandra, B. L.,	...	1866	Presidency College.
Dev, Mádhavchandra,	...	1865	Queen's College, Ben.
„ Upendrachandra, B. L.,	...	1868	Presidency College.
Dhar, Dinanáth, B. L.,	...	1868	Teacher.
„ Kalináth, B. L.,	...	1866	Dacca College.
„ Nilmani,	...	1866	Teacher.
„ Syámchánd, B. L.,	...	1867	Hooghly College.
Evans, R. W.,	...	1861	Bishop's College.
Fazlalkudir,	...	1869	Presidency College.

Forbes, A. H.,	...	1864	Doveton College.
Gangopádhyay, Binadvihári,	...	1868	Kishnaghur College.
Jagavandhu, B. L.,	...	1867	Presidency College.
Kisarimohan,	...	1869	Ditto
Navinchandra, B. L.,	.	1850	Ditto
Rámchandra,	...	1869	Teacher.
Ravichandra, B. L.,	...	1863	Presidency College.
Syámácharan,	...	1860	Ditto
Ghosh, Agharnáth, B. L.,	...	1862	Ditto
Amvikácharan, B. L.,	...	1869	Genl Assembly's Instn.
Anantarám, B. L.,	...	1863	Presidency College.
Atalvihári, B. L.,	...	1868	Ditto
Avináschandra,	...	1863	Ditto
Bechárám,	...	1868	Cal. F. C. Instn.
Bhuvanmohan,	...	1870	Kishnaghur College.
Chandrakumár,	...	1870	Ditto
Chandramohan,	...	1865	Medical College.
Devendrachandra, B. L.	...	1865	Presidency College.
Devendranáth,	...	1870	Ditto
Dhankrishna, B. L.	...	1866	Cal. F. C. Instn.
Durgánáráyan,	..	1869	Ditto
Govindachandra, B. L.	...	1865	Presidency College.
Govindachandra, B. L.	...	1869	Ditto
Harichaitanya,	...	1866	Dacca College.
Jaygopál, B. L.	...	1866	Cal. F. C. Instn.
Káiláschandra,	...	1870	Teacher.
Kshetrachandra, B. L.	...	1868	Presidency College.
Mahimchandra, B. L.	...	1868	Ditto
Nandalál, B. L.	...	1869	Hooghly College.
Prasannakumár,	...	1870	Kishnaghur College.
Pratápchandra,	...	1865	Presidency College.
Priyanáth,	...	1869	Ditto
Ráicharan,	...	1869	Hooghly College.
Rájendranáth,	...	1869	Presidency College.
Rámkrip,	...	1868	Queen's Coll. Benares.
Rásvihári, B. L.	...	1865	Presidency College.
Sirischandra,	...	1859	Ditto
Sureschandra,	...	1870	Ditto

Ghosh, Tárinicharan, B. L.	...	1865	Presidency College.
Tárinicharan,	...	1870	Cal. F. C. Instn.
Tárinikumár,	...	1866	Presidency College.
Umeschandra, B. L.	...	1868	Patna College.
Ghoshál, Gopálchandra, B. L.	...	1870	Presidency College.
Goswámi, Heravalál, B. L.	...	1864	Ditto
Jádavchandra,	...	1868	Ditto
Guha, Brajendrakumár,	...	1870	Dacca College.
Piyárilál, B. L.	...	1863	Presidency College.
Piyárimohan, B. L.	...	1869	Dacca College.
Guin, Sivchandra, B. L.	...	1866	Teacher.
Gupta, Gopálchandra, B. L.	...	1868	Presidency College.
Jagadiswar, B. L.	...	1870	Kishnaghur College.
Kálipada,	...	1865	Medical College.
Rádháraman,	...	1868	Presidency College.
Rájendralál,	...	1870	Hooghly College.
Rámgati, B. L.	...	1868	Cal. F. C. Instn.
Háldár, Brajalál, B. L.	...	1866	Ditto
Mahimchandra,	...	1863	Presidency College.
Matilál, B. L.	...	1868	Teacher.
Rámchandra, B. L.	...	1866	Presidency College.
Syámlál, B. L.	...	1864	Ditto
Harris, T.	...	1866	Agra College.
Hosen, Sáed,	...	1867	Presidency College.
Islám, Sirájal,	...	1867	Dacca College.
Jordár, Mahimchandra, B. L.	...	1867	Berhampore College.
Khán, Mahámmed Ali Reza,	...	1870	Agra College.
Ramdurllabh, B. L.	..	1868	Teacher.
Kishenlál,	...	1870	Bareilly College.
Láhá, Jagatvandhu,	...	1868	Dacca College.
Láhiri, Purnachandra,	...	1869	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Láhuri, Rameschandra, B. L.	...	1868	Presidency College.
Lethbridge, W. M.	...	1859	Bishop's College.
Lewis, George,	...	1868	Lahore Mission School.
Lorimer, G. A.	...	1869	Teacher.
Maitra, Harivallabh,	...	1868	Ditto
Radhágovinda, B. L.	...	1859	Presidency College.
Syámácharan,	...	1870	Ditto

Majumdár, Bimalácharan,	...	1869	Cal. F. C. Instn.
Chandramohan,	...	1870	Presidency College.
Jagatdurllabh, B. L.	...	1865	Teacher.
Kailáschandra, B. L.	...	1866	Presidency College.
Kedárnáth,	...	1862	Ditto
Pratápchandra, B. L.	..	1867	Ditto
Rámratan,	...	1861	Cal. C. E. College.
Syámácharan, B. L.	...	1867	Presidency College.
Upendranáráyan,	...	1869	Ditto
Mal, Sanjhi,	...	1868	Lahore College.
Mallik, Akhilcharan, B. L.	...	1869	Presidency College.
Atulcharan, B. L.	...	1864	Ditto
Balarám, B. L.	...	1864	Ditto
Bihárilál, B. L	...	1868	Hooghly College.
Premchánd,	...	1865	Presidency College.
Srikánta, B. L.	...	1863	Ditto
Upendrachandra, B. L.	...	1865	Ditto
Másánta, Párvaticharán,	...	1870	Ditto
Mendies, H. E., B. L.	...	1866	Doveton College.
Misra, Lakshmisankár,	...	1869	Queen's Coll. Benares.
Mitra, Avináschandra, B. L.	...	1868	Presidency College.
Benimádhav,	...	1864	Ditto
Binadvihári, B. L.	...	1868	Ditto
Bireswar,	...	1861	Ditto
Dwárikánáth, B. L.	...	1866	Ditto
Girischandra, B. L.	...	1864	Ditto
Gopállál,	...	1870	Teacher.
Jadunáth, B. L.	...	1867	Cal. F. C. Instn.
Jogeschandra, B. L.	...	1869	Ditto
Kálikumár,	...	1869	Teacher.
Kártikchandra,	...	1869	Presidency College.
Madanmohan,	...	1870	Ditto
Mahendrachandra, B. L.	...	1869	Hooghly College.
Mahendralál, B. L.	...	1864	Presidency College.
Mahendranáth, B. L.	...	1866	Ditto
Mahendranáth, B. L.	...	1869	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Manmohan,	...	1870	Cal. F. C. Instn.
Narsingchandra, B. L.	...	1863	Presidency College.

Mitra, Prasannakumár,	...	1869	Kishnaghur College.
Prasannavadan,	...	1865	Queens' Coll. Benares.
Priyanáth,	...	1869	Cal. Free Ch. Instn.
Purnachandra,	...	1868	Ditto
Purnachandra,	...	1870	Cathedral Miss. Coll.
Purnachandra,	...	1866	Teacher.
Rádhikácharan, B. L.	...	1869	Presidency College.
Rajaninath B. L.	...	1868	Hooghly College.
Rámcharan, B. L.	...	1867	Presidency College.
Rameschandra, B. L.	...	1860	Ditto
Sáradácharan,	...	1870	Ditto
Syámácharan,	...	1870	Kishnaghur College.
Tárávilás, B. L.	...	1863	Presidency College.
Trailokyanáth, (No. 1) B. L.	.	1863	Ditto
Trailokyanáth, (No. 2) B. L.		1863	Ditto
Upendrachandra, B. L.	..	1870	Teacher.
Upendranáth, B. L.	...	1861	Presidency College.
Upendranáth, B. L.	...	1868	Ditto
Mahámed Wájed, B. L.	...	1869	Teacher.
Mukhopádhyáy, Asutosh, B. L.	...	1866	Presidency College.
Avináschandra,	...	1870	Ditto
Bechárám, B. L.	...	1866	Ditto
Bhavánicharan,	...	1870	Teacher.
Bihárilál, B. L.	...	1869	Genl. Assem. Instn.
Bipinvihári,	...	1870	Kishnaghur College.
Bipradás,	...	1868	Ditto
Dinanáth,	...	1863	Teacher.
Durgádás, B. L.	...	1870	Ditto
Gangáprasád,	...	1861	Presidency College.
Girijábhushan,	...	1870	Ditto
Girischandra, B. L.	...	1866	Ditto
Gopálchandra(No1)B.L.		1867	Ditto
Gopálchandra,	...	1868	Ditto
Gopállál, B. L.	...	1869	Ditto
Gopimohan, B. L.	...	1868	Cal. Free Ch. Instn.
Haragovinda, B. L.	...	1866	Presidency College.
Hariprasanna,	...	1869	Kishnaghur College.
Jadunáth, B. L.	...	1861	Presidency College.

Mukhopádhyáy, Jadunáth, B. L. ...	1867	Kishnaghur College.
Jagneswar, B. L. ...	1862	Presidency College.
Jánakináth, B. L. ...	1865	Ditto
Kailáschandra, B. L....	1863	Ditto
Káliprasanna, B. L....	1863	Ditto
Kánáilál, B. L. ...	1864	Ditto
Kánáilál, ...	1870	Ditto
Kapáliprasanna, B. L.	1865	Ditto
Krishnamohan, B. L.	1862	Ditto
Kshetraprasád, B. L.	1862	Ditto
Navinkisar, B. L. ...	1863	Ditto
Navinkrishna, B. L....	1860	Ditto
Nilámvar, B. L. ...	1864	Ditto
Nilmani, B. L. ...	1866	Ditto
Niváranchandra, B. L.	1865	Ditto
Nrisinghachandra, B.L.	1866	Ditto
Piyarimohan, B. L., ...	1862	Ditto
Rájkrishna, B. L. ...	1866	Ditto
Rájmohan, B. L. ...	1862	Ditto
Rámdhan, ...	1870	L. M. S. Instn. Bhwn.
Rámlál, B. L. ...	1859	Presidency College.
Sasibhushan, B. L. ...	1863	Ditto
Sitánáth, B. L. ...	1867	Teacher.
Srikrishna, B. L. ...	1869	Ditto
Táráprasanna, B. L., .	1860	Presidency College.
Umácharan, ...	1870	Queen's Coll. Benares.
Umákáli, ...	1870	Presidency College.
Nág, Jagatvandhu, ...	1870	Dacca College.
Kunjavihári, B. L. ...	1869	Presidency College.
Mahendranath, ...	1870	Cathedral Mission Coll.
Sambhuchandra, B. L. ...	1865	Dacca College.
Sivchandra, ...	1869	Teacher.
Nandakisar, ...	1870	Delhi College.
Nandan, Hemchandra, B. L. ...	1867	Teacher.
Nandi, Ramanáth, B. L. ...	1861	Presidency College.
Obed-ul Rahman, B. L. ...	1868	Berhampore College.
Páin, Chandrakanta, ...	1869	Kishnaghur College.

Pal, Amritalál, B. L.	1863	Presidency College.
Baikunthanath, B. L.	1861	Ditto
Benimádháv,	1866	Cal. Free Ch. Instn.
Bholánáth,	1859	Presidency College.
Kártikchandra, B. L.	1868	Hooghly College.
Srináth, B. L.	1868	Ditto
Pálit, Táraknáth, B. L.	1866	Presidency College.
Paure, Jánakináth,	1867	Berhampore College.
Parel, Bhuvanmohan,	1865	Cal. Free Ch. Instn.
Páthak, Rámratan, B. L.	1868	Hooghly College.
Phillips, A. S.	1863	Teacher.
Pramánik, Jasadánandan,	1870	Kishnaghur College.
Ratanchánd,	1868	Agra College.
Ráy, Akshaykumár,	1865	Presidency College.
Baikunthanáth,	1867	Dacca College.
Bámácharan,	1870	Presidency College.
Báránasi, B. L.	1866	Ditto
Benimadhav, B. L.	1866	Ditto
Bholánáth,	1867	Queen's Coll. Benares.
Chandrakumár,	1867	Teacher.
Chandrakumar,	1868	General Assem. Instn.
Dhaneschandra,	1866	Cal. Free Ch. Instn.
Dineschandra, B. L.	1862	Presidency College.
Harálál,	1862	Ditto
Harináráyan, B. L.	1864	Teacher.
Káliprasanna, B. L.	1866	Presidency College.
Kesavchandra, B. L.	1866	Ditto
Kisarimohan, B. L.	1868	Ditto
Krishnanáth, B. L.	1866	Ditto
Mádhavchandra, B. L.	1862	Cal. C. E. College.
Madhusudan,	1864	Presidency College.
Mahendranáth, B. L.	1870	Cathedral Mission Coll.
Nagendranáth,	1869	Berhampore College.
Nilmádhav, B. L.	1869	Patna College.
Párvaticharan,	1862	Teacher.
Piyárilál, B. L.	1866	Presidency College.
Prasannacharan, B. L.	1864	Ditto

Ráy, Prasannakumár, B. L.	...	1867	Cal. Free Ch. Instn.
Rádhánáth,	...	1870	Presidency College.
Rájchandra, B. L.	...	1867	Ditto
Sudhansubhusan, B. L.	...	1868	Cal. Free Ch. Instn.
Syámchánd, B. L.	...	1870	Teacher.
Ráychaudhuri, Kshetramohan, B. L.,		1866	Cal. Free Ch. Instn.
Matilál, B. L.	...	1866	Presidency College.
Sáhá, Gopálchandra,	...	1868	Cal. Free Ch. Instn.
Saháy, Jadunáth,	...	1870	Patna College.
Raghuvansa, B. L.	...	1869	Presidency College.
Sámanta, Nilmádhav, B. L.	...	1866	Cal. Free Ch. Instn.
Sandel, M. L., B. L.	...	1864	Doveton College.
Sányál, Chandrasekhar,	...	1866	Queen's Coll. Benares.
Ramlál, B. L.,	...	1869	Cal. Free Ch. Instn.
Umeshchaudra,	...	1866	Queen's Coll. Benares.
Sarkár, Akshaychandra,	...	1867	Hooghly College.
Golápchandra,	...	1870	Sanskrit College.
Káliprasanna,	...	1866	Presidency College.
Kedárnáth,	...	1869	Cathedral Mission Coll.
Kisarilál, B. L.	...	1866	Presidency College.
Krishnachandra, B. L.	...	1866	Ditto
Matilál, B. L.	..	1862	Ditto
Pareschandra, B. L.	...	1866	Ditto
Sasibhusan,	...	1869	Kishnaghur College.
Umeschandra, B. L.	...	1861	Presidency College.
Umeschandra,	...	1859	Cal. Free Ch. Instn.
Sarvádhikári, Rájkumár,	...	1864	Presidency College.
Ser, Akhilchandra, B. L.	...	1864	Dacca College.
Anandagopal,	...	1868	Teacher.
Baikunthanáth, B. L.	...	1863	Presidency College.
Baradágovinda, B. L.	...	1868	Ditto
Bhuvanmohan,	...	1870	Dacca College.
Chandramohan, B. L.	...	1866	Ditto
Dinanáth,	...	1865	Ditto
Dinavandhu,	...	1868	Teacher.
Guruprasád, B. L.	...	1863	Presidency College.
Jaykrishna,	...	1863	Ditto

Sen, Kamalákanta, B. L.	...	1868	Prisidency College.
Kamalákánta,	...	1868	Teacher.
Kásikánta, B. L.	...	1866	Presidency College.
Krishnavihári,	...	1868	Ditto
Lálgopál,	...	1870	Kishnaghur College.
Navinchandra,	...	1868	Genl. Assem Instn.
Prasannakumár, B. L.	...	1866	Presidency College.
Rádhákrishna, B. L.	...	1864	Ditto
Rájkisan, B. L.	...	1866	Ditto
Sáradáprasád, B. L.	...	1867	Ditto
Sasibhushan, B. L.	...	1866	Ditto
Sasibhushan,	...	1867	Dacca College.
Satyakinkar, B. L.	...	1869	Presidency College.
Set, Rájendranáth, B. L.	...	1869	Ditto
Sherman, S. T.	...	1870	St. John's College, Agra.
Shionáth,	...	1870	Delhi College.
Sil, Brajendrakumár, B. L.	..	1862	Presidency College.
Govindachandra, B. L.	...	1864	Ditto
Jádavchandra, B. L.	...	1866	Ditto
Kánáilál,	...	1865	Ditto
Mahendralál, B. L.	...	1862	Ditto
Simmons, W. J.	...	1864	Doveton College.
Sing, Bhupsen, B. L.	...	1869	Presideny College.
Budsen, B. L.	...	1867	Ditto
Chandranáráyan,	...	1864	Ditto
Jaygopál, B. L.	...	1867	Cal. Free. Ch. Instn.
Ramáprasanna, B. L.	...	1867	Presidency College.
Suryyanáráyan, B. L.	...	1860	Ditto
Sinha, Khiradnáth,	...	1870	Sanscrit College.
Madhusudan,	...	1870	Berhampore College.
Som, Baradáprasanna, B. L.	...	1866	Cal. Free Ch. Instn.
Brajavihári, B. L.	...	1867	Ditto
Devendralál, B. L.		1867	Hooghly College.
Jaygovinda, B. L.	...	1860	Cal. Free Ch. Instn.
Srirám,	...	1869	Delhi College.
Talápátra, Rámjádav,	...	1868	Berhampore College.
Thomson, J. B.	...	1869	Bishop's College.

Tiery, F. T. H.	1862	Doveton College.
„ E. R. T.	1868	Ditto
Twidale, G. A. B. L.	1865	Ditto
Younan, E., B. L.	1869	St. Xavier's College.
„ J., B. L.	1868	Presidency College.
Yusoof Mohammad, B. L.	1867	Ditto

1871.

FIRST DIVISION.

In Order of Merit.

Basu, Isánchandra,	...	Presidency College.
Hukamchánd,	...	Delhi College.
Bhattácháryya, Jogendranáth,	...	Presidency College.
Sankarlál,	...	Agra College.
Mukhopádhyáy, Sasibhushan,	...	Presidency College.
Chakravarti, Rámgopal,	...	Kishnaghur College.
Gangásaran,		Agra College.

SECOND DIVISION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Baldeoprasád,	Agra College.
Bandyopádhyáy, Gangadhár,	Cal. Free Church Institution.
Jogendranáth,	Sanskrit College.
Kántichandra,	Teacher.
Basák, Govindachandra,	Dacca College.
Basu, Basantakumár,	Presidency College.
Bhattácháryyá, Rádhákisan,	Cathedral Mission College.
Sivnáth,	Sanskrit College.
Chakravarti, Chandramohan,	Patna College.
Chattopádhyáy, Nrityagopál,	Cal. Free Church Instn.
Chaudhuri, Gnánchandra,	Presidency College.
Datta, Aparnácharan,	Ditto
Baishnavcharan,	Ditto
Baláichánd,	Ditto
Isánchandra,	General Assembly's Instn.
Ghosh, Avináschandra, (No. 2)	Presidency College.
Birájkrishna,	Ditto
Jogendranáth,	Ditto

Gupta, Kunjavihári,	...	Presidency College.
Hariharnáth,	...	Patna College.
Khán, Rámgopál,	...	Kishnaghur College.
Majumdár, Anandanáth,	...	Cal. Free Church Institution.
Mitra, Bhagavaticharan,	...	Patna College.
Haricharan,	...	Presidency College.
Mukhopádhyáy, Chandrabhushan,	...	Kishnaghur College.
Priyanáth,	...	Presidency College.
Nág, Bámácharan,	...	Ditto
Pandit, Jwálánáth,	...	Ditto
Sányál, Mahendranáth,	...	Ditto
Sarkár, Jagatchandra,	...	Cathedral Mission College.
Surendranáth,	...	Presidency College.
Sarvádhikári, Amritakumár,	...	Sanskrit College.
Sen, Akshaykumár,	...	Hooghly College.
Kánáilál,	...	Presidency College.
Krishnakumár,	...	Calcutta Free Church Instn.

THIRD DIVISION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Bandyopádhyáy, Gopálchandra,	...	Kishnaghur College.
Barát, Chaitanyprasád,	...	Patna College.
Basu, Baidyanáth,	...	Krishnaghur College.
Brataypchandra,	...	Presidency College.
Bhattácháryya, Gnánchandra,	...	Ditto
Chakravarti, Akhilchandra,	...	Ditto
Mahendranáth,	...	Queen's College, Benares.
Syámaldás,	...	Patna College.
Chaudhuri, Apurvakrishna,	...	Presidency College.
Chattopádhyáy, Jitendranáth,	...	Hooghly College.
Kedárnáth,	...	Teacher.
Cones, G. A.	...	St. Xavier's College.
D'Cruz, J. A.	...	Canning College, Lucknow.
Dás, Bhairavchandra,	...	General Assembly's Instn.
Rámeswar,	...	Presidency College.
Datta, Narasinha,	...	Ditto
Surendrakrishna,	...	Ditto

De, Bhavánisankar,	Presidency College.
Jogeschandra,	Ditto
Dhar, Ásutosh,	Ditto
Ghosh, Amritalál,	Ditto
Atulkrishna,	Ditto
Gopálchandra,	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore
Iswarchandra,	Dacca College.
Rajanikánta,	Ditto
Rámsákhá,	Sanskrit College.
Gupta, Mahánanda,	Hooghly College.
Mallik, Jogendrachandra,	Kishnaghur College.
Mitra, Nolinináth,	Hooghly College.
Mukhopádhyáy, Ádyanáth,	General Assembly's Instn.
Govindadev,	Hooghly College.
Jogendranáth,	Presidency College.
Kshetramohan,	Ditto
Pánjá, Nrisinhamurári,	Calcutta Free Church Instn.
Ráy, Devendranáth,	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
Ráychauduri, Jádavkrishna,	Presidency College.
Rostan, J. B.	St. Xavier's College.
Sányál, Jogendranáth,	Cathedral Mission College.
Sarkár, Jogeschandra,	Presidency College.
Táraknáth,	Kishnaghur College.
Sen, Trailokyanáth,	Hooghly College.
Sukul, Bhadranáth,	Krishnaghur College.

MAHARAJA VIZIANAGRAM'S SCHOLARSHIP OF RS. 50 PER MONTH TENABLE FOR ONE YEAR, AWARDED AT THE B. A. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

Chakravarti, Girindramohan,	1866	Presidency College.
Basu, Anandamohan,	1867	Ditto
Datta, Jagatvandu,	1868	Ditto
Mitra, Kártikchandra,	1869	Ditto
Mukhopádhyáy, Girijábhushan,	1870	Ditto
Basu, Ishanchandra,	1871	Ditto

ISHAN'S SCHOLARSHIP OF RS. 50 PER MONTH, TENABLE FOR ONE YEAR, AWARDED AT THE B. A. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

Mitra, Kártikchandra,	...	1869	Presidency College.
Sáradácharan,	...	1870	Ditto
Basu, Ishanchandra,	...	1871	Ditto

Under-Graduates.

FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS.

1869.

FIRST DIVISION.

In Order of Merit.

Ráy, Rajaninath,	...	Presidency College.
Háldár, Sáradákántá,	...	Ditto
Bandyopádhyáy, Bihárilál,	...	Ditto
Datta, Srináth,	...	Ditto
De, Brajendranáth,	...	Canning College, Lucknow.
Mitra, Biswambhar,	...	Presidency College.
Kar, Girischandra,	...	Ditto
Ráychaudhuri, Khiradchandra,	...	Ditto
Mukhopádhyáy, Haridás,	...	Ditto
Sen, Batakrishna,	...	Ditto
Chattopádhyáy, Agharnáth,	...	Ditto
Datta, Sasibhushan,	...	Dacca College.
Dás, Bipinvihári,	...	Presidency College.
Basu, Kesavkumár,	...	Kishnaghur College.
Chattopádhyáy, Sajanikánta,	...	Ditto
Sányál, Harishchandra,	...	Presidency College.
Bandyopadhyáy, Bihárilál,	...	Kishnaghur College.
Basu, Manmathkumár,	...	Ditto
Basák, Rasamay,	...	Dacca College.
Dás, Lachman,	...	Delhi College.
Nandi, Ramanchandra,	...	Patna College.
Ráy, Sáradáprasanna,	...	Kishnaghur Collego
Madangopál,	...	Delhi College.

SECOND DIVISION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Ádya, Amvikácharan,	...	Presidency College.
Atmárám,	...	Lahore College.
Bágchi, Annadáprasád,	...	Berhampore College.
Bandyopádhyáy Lálgopál,	...	Presidency College.
Sirischandra,	...	Ditto
Umeschandra,	...	Cal. Free Church Instn.
Basu, Paresnáth,	...	Presidency College.
Priyanáth,	...	Teacher.
Bhattácháryya, Náráyanchandra,	...	Serampore College.
Bihárilál,	...	Bareilly College.
Bihárilál,	...	Lahore College.
Chakravarti, Bidubhushan,	...	Kishnaghur College.
Chattopádhyáy, Bishnuchandra,	...	Ditto
Chandhuri, Sasibhushan,	...	Hooghly College.
Currie, F.	...	St. Xavier's College.
Dás, Girischandra,	...	Hooghly College.
Datta, Bhaváni,	...	Bareilly College.
Gopálchandra,	...	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
De, Devendranáth,	...	Presidency College.
Deefholts, R.	...	St. Xavier's College.
Ghosh, Radháraman,	...	Dacca College.
Tulsidás,	...	Cal. Free Church Instn.
Umeschandra,	...	Hooghly College.
Ghoshál, Tárápada,	...	Presidency College.
Guha, Anáthvandhu,	...	Ditto
Aswinikumár.	..	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Tárakchandra.	...	Dacca College.
Gupta, Chandranáráyan,	...	Patna College.
Hatten, J. J.	...	Doveton College.
Jwáláprasád,	...	Delhi College.
Kirpásankar,	...	Agra College.
Kumár, Purnachandra,	...	Presidency College.
McMillan, Charles R.	...	St. Paul's Schl. Darjeeling.
Madak, Mákhanlál,	...	Hooghly College.

Maitra, Rámdás,	...	Presidency College.
Majumdár, Rámdurllabh,	...	Dacca College.
Mallik, Mahendranáth,	...	Presidency College.
Mitra, Bhuvanmohan,	...	Cal. Free Church Instn.
Bihárilál,	...	Cathedral Mission College.
Bipinvihári,	...	Hooghly College.
Jogendranáth,	...	Presidency College.
Mukhopádhyáy, Baradácharan,	...	General Assembly's Instn.
Bholánáth,	...	Cal. Free Church Instn.
Bhutnáth,	...	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Chandrasikhar,	...	Ditto
Girindranáth,	...	Kishnaghur College.
Harakáli,	...	Cathedral Mission College.
Jadunáth,	...	Berhampore College.
Kálidás,	...	Cathedral Mission College.
Kálináth,	...	Kishnaghur College.
Kálipada,	...	Presidency College.
Sáradáprasád,	...	Cal. Free Church Instn.
Saratchandra,	..	Patna College.
Sasibhushan,	...	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Thákurdás,	...	Presidency College.
Nundy, Alfred,	...	Canning College, Lucknow
Pál, Jadunáth,	...	Presidency College.
Pálchaudhuri, Surendranáth,	...	Ditto
Patranavis, Báneswar,	...	Dacca College.
Ráy, Durgásundar,	...	Ditto
Golápchandra,	..	Berhampore College.
Kálipada,	...	Cathedral Mission College.
Navinchandra,	..	Ditto
Parmeswar,	...	Kishnaghur College.
Pulinvihári,	...	General Assembly's Instn.
Purnachandrá,	..	Krishnaghur College.
Purnachandra,	..	Dacca College.
Syámáprasanna,	...	Krishnaghur College.
Udaychandra,	..	Dacca College.
Ráychaudhuri, Durgákánta,	..	Presidency College.
Rothwell, J. M. G.	..	Bishop's College.

Sarkár, Baikanthachandra,	Dacca College.
Sen, Amvikácharan,	Ditto
Durgácharan,	Presidency College.
Jogneswar,	Ditto
Maheschandra,	Hooghly College.
Tárácharan,	Presidency College.
Sil, Kánái Lal,	Ditto
Pránkrishna,	Ditto
Sinha, Matilál,	Ditto
Syámjus,	Delhi College.

THIRD DIVISION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Ahmed, Támiz-ud-din,	Hooghly College.
Bágchi, Baradágovinda,	Berhampore College.
Bandyopádhyáy, Aghornáth,	Presidency College.
Báránasi,	Krishnaghur College.
Kshetramohan,	General Assembly's Instn.
Navinchandra,	Cathedral Mission College.
Rasikmohan,	Dacca College.
Banerjee, D. N.	Doveton College.
Basák, Sasibhushan,	General Assembly's Instn.
Basu, Atulchandra,	Presidency College.
Avináschandra,	Ditto
Baradáprasád,	Ditto
Bholánáth,	Ditto
Jádavchandra,	Cathedral Mission College.
Lálmohan,	Dacca College.
Rasikchandra,	L. M. S. Inst. Bhowanipore.
Rásvihári,	Dacca College.
Bhagatsing,	Teacher.
Bháttacháryya, Bámácharan,	Presidency College.
Biswás, Bidhubhushan,	Krishnaghur College.
Chattopádhyáy, Ganeschandra,	Teacher.
Kunjavihári,	L. M. S. Inst. Bhowanipore.
Nilkánta,	Cal. Free Church Instn.

Chaudhuri, Avdul Javar,	Hooghly College.
Jaharilál,	Berhampore College.
Dás, Bhagavánchandra,	Dacca College.
Khiradchandra,	Presidency College.
Purnachandra,	Cal. Free Church Instn.
Datta, Amvikácharan,	General Assembly's Instn.
Avináschandra,	Cal. Free Church Instn.
Brajamohan,	Ditto
Brindávanchandra,	Hooghly College.
Jánakináth,	Dacca College.
Kshetranáth,	Cathedral Mission College.
Pránkrishna,	Hooghly College.
Rasiklál,	Cathedral Mission College.
De, Lálvihári,	Presidency College.
Dev, Bhutnáth,	Patna College.
Gopendrakrishna,	Presidency College.
Fakhr-ul-din,	Joy Narain's Coll. Benares.
Gangáprasád,	Ajmere College.
Gangopádhyáy, Apurvakumár,	Presidency College.
Bhuvanmohan,	Berhampore College.
Dharanidhar,	Hooghly College.
Ghatak, Jánakináth,	General Assembly's Instn.
Ghosh, Chandranáth,	Presidency College.
Háránkrishna,	Ditto.
Jádumani,	Cuttack High School.
Jadunáth,	Cal. Free Church Instn.
Mahimchandra,	Dacca College.
Sasibhushan,	Cal. Free Church Instn.
Upendrachandra,	Presidency College.
Ghoshál, Dinanáth,	Cathedral Mission College.
Gomez, D.	Bishop's College.
Gupta, Párvatisankar,	Presidency College.
Rájnáráyan,	Patna College.
Háldár, Kisarilál,	Hooghly College.
Harris, W. A.	Lahore College.
Karmakár Brindávanchandra,	Presidency College.
Koar, Rájendralál,	Cathedral Mission College.

Kundu, Nandalál,	Presidency College.
Lál, Kunjavihári,	Delhi College.
Mitra, Kedáreswar,	Berhampore College.
Majumdár, Govindanáth,	Ditto
Kailáschandra,	Presidency College.
Mahendrachandra,	Dacca College.
Mallik, Lakshmináráyan,	Cathedral Mission Coll.
Látulál,	Presidency College.
Mandal, Pránkrishna,	Ditto
Mitra, Hirálál,	General Assembly's Instn.
Purnachandra,	Ditto
Sasibhushan,	Presidency College.
Sasibhushan,	Kishnaghur College.
Srináth,	Presidency College.
Moses, C. O.	St. Xavier's College.
Mukhopádhyáy, Akshaykumár,	Kishnaghur College.
Avináschandra,	Cal. Free Church Instn.
Dwárikánáth,	Kishnaghur College.
Kántichandra,	Presidency College.
Kedárnáth,	Cal. Free Church Instn.
Mahendranáth,	Presidency College.
Piyárilál,	Ditto
Pramadanáth,	Hooghly College.
Rámchandra,	Presidency College.
Umeschandra,	Cathedral Mission College.
Upendrachandra,	Dacca College.
Náhá, Anangamohan,	Ditto
Nandi, Bechárám,	Hooghly College.
Náth, Navinchandra,	Cal. Free Church Instn.
Niogi, Rajanikánta,	Dacca College.
Pál, Abhaycharan,	Presidency College.
Bihárilál,	Ditto
Kánáilál,	Dacca College.
Bakshit, Govindakisár,	Ditto
Ráy, Basanta,	Bareilly College.
Dineschandar,	Dacca College.
Hemchandra,	Kishnaghur College.

Ráy, Jagatchandra,	Berhampore College.
Satyacharan,	Sanskrit College.
Suryyakánta,	Kishnaghur College.
Syámádás,	Berhampore College.
Ráychaudhuri, Brajendrakumár,	Presidency College.
Rebello, P. J.	St. Xavier's College.
Sáhá, Jánakináth,	Hooghly College.
Jánakináth,	Kishnaghur College.
Sányal, Thákurdás,	Queen's College, Benares.
Sarkár, Krishnadhan,	Serampore College.
Mahendranáth,	Presidency College.
Umeschandra,	Kishnaghur College.
Sarmá, Lakshmichandra,	Gowhatty High School
Sarvádhikári, Anantakumár,	Sanskrit College.
Upendrakumár,	Ditto
Sen, Ánandanáth,	Presidency College.
Harischandra,	Teacher.
Rámchandra,	Dacca College.
Ratneswar,	Ditto
Síl, Devendranáth,	Cathedral Mission College.
Mahendranáth,	Teacher.
Sinha, Gokulvihári,	Berhampore College.
Navagopál,	Cal. Free Church Instn.
Sur, Hemchandra,	General Assembly's Instn.

1870.

FIRST DIVISION.

In Order of Merit.

Mukhopádhyáy, Saratchandra,	...	Presidency College. ✓
Bipinvihári,	...	Ditto
Chattopádhyáy, Bávurám,	...	Ditto
Ghosh, Rádháraman,	...	Ditto
Bandyopádhyáy, Mahendranáth,	...	Ditto
Kedárnáth,	...	Ditto
Rámtáran,	...	Ditto
Rakshit, Brajamohan,	...	Ditto

Mitra, Mahendranáth,	Presidency College.
Biswás, Ásutosh,	Ditto
Basu, Annadáprásád (No. 1),	Ditto
Ráy, Gangánáráyan,	Ditto
Rudra, Bhagavatchandra,	Ditto
Syed, Mazhur Imám,	Patna College.
Dhar, Brindávanchandra,	Dacca College.
Ráy, Gopálchandra,	Presidency College.
Sarkár, Nityagopál,	Ditto
Batavyál, Umeschandra,	Sanskrit College.
Nág, Baradácharan,	Presidency College.
Ráy, Nandakumár,	Ditto
Ramdayál,	Lahore College.
Sivdayál,	Ditto
Basu, Lalitkumár,	Presidency College.
Ghosh, Annadáprasád,	Hooghly College.
Ráy, Prasannagopal,	Presidency College.
Sivnandan Dyál,	Patna College.
Baijnath,	Delhi College.
Niogi, Basantakumár,	Patna College.

SECOND DIVISION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Abul, Khair,	...	Hooghly College.
Afzal Khan, Mohammed,	...	Lahore College.
Aich, Rádhákánta,	...	Presidency College.
Ali, Sáed,	...	Canning Coll. Lucknow.
Bandyopádhyáy, Gopálchandra,	...	Presidency College.
Gopikrishna,	...	Hooghly College.
Narasinhachandra,	...	Cathedral Mission College.
Nivváranchandra,	...	Presidency College.
Rájendranáth,	...	Cal. Free Church Instn.
Sirischandra,	...	Queen's College, Benares.
Tárádás,	...	Kishnaghur College.
Basák, Rámkumár,	...	Dacca College.
Basu, Annadácharan,	..	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
Bipinvihári,	...	Christ Ch. School, Cawnpore.

Basu, Bishnupada,	...	Presidency College.
Gopálchandra,	...	Cal. Free Church Instn.
Kaliprasanna,	...	Dacca College.
Mahendranáth,	...	General Assembly's Instn.
Rájendrachandra,	...	Presidency College.
Saratchandra,	...	Dacca College.
Sivchandra,	...	Delhi College.
Bávumal,	...	Ditto
Bháttácháryya, Aloknáth,	...	Sanskrit College.
Jagatvandhu,	...	Cal. Free Church Instn.
Prasannakumár,	...	Berhampore College.
Bisenlál,	...	Bareilly College.
Biswás, Pránkrishna,	...	Hooghly College.
Chattopadhyáy, Bipinvihári,	...	Ditto
Gopálchandra,	...	Ditto
Kálikamal,	...	Dacca College.
Párvaticharan,	...	Presidency College.
Srikrishna,	...	Kishnaghur College.
Chaudhuri, Kálidás,	...	Joynarain's College.
Madhusudan,	...	Queen's College, Benares.
Manmathnáth,	...	Presidency College.
Srikumár,	...	Ditto
D'Abren, J. H.	...	Patna College.
Dás, Balinárayan,	...	Presidency College.
Bipinvihári,	...	Ditto
Haricharan,	...	Ditto
Kshetramohan,	...	Sanskrit College.
Prankumár,	...	Dacca College.
Rasikchandra,	...	Presidency College.
Suryyanárayan,	...	Ditto
Dátta, Devendranáth,	...	Ditto
Kailáschandra,	...	Dacca College.
De, Nandalál,	...	Presidency College.
Dhiráj Karan,	...	Patna College.
Gangopadhyáy, Benimádhav,	...	General Assembly's Instn.
Ghosh, Akshaykumár,	...	Presidency College.
Dinanáth,	...	Hooghly College.
Hárádhan,	...	Serampore College.

Ghosh, Kedárnáth,	Presidency College.
Mahimáchandra,	Ditto
Sátkari,	Serampore College.
Hukamchánd,	Lahore College.
Kásináth,	Delhi College.
Kripárám,	Lahore College.
Kundu, Gopálchandra,	Cathedral Mission College.
Láhá, Amarchánd,	Dacca College.
Lál Sing,	Presidency College.
Lewis, Philip,	St. Thomas' Coll., Colombo.
Maitra, Atalvihári,	Kishnaghur College.
Sasicharan,	Berhampore College.
Mallik, Kunjalál,	Presidency College.
Mánná, Kailáschandra,	Cathedral Mission College.
Mitra, Amritalál,	Presidency College.
Girindranáth,	Cathedral Mission College.
Gopálchandra,	Hooghly College.
Govindachandra,	Patna College.
Niváranchandra,	Presidency College.
Mukhopadhyáy, Benimádhav,	Sanskrit College.
Bidhubhushan,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Gopálchandra,	Presidency College.
Haravilás,	Dacca College.
Haricharan,	Kishnaghur College.
Hemchandra,	Hooghly College.
Karunásindhu,	Calcutta Free Church Instn.
Mahendranáth,	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Munsilál,	Delhi College.
Páin, Amritalál,	Presidency College.
Pál, Hiralál,	Hooghly College.
Pandé, Sivdatta,	Queen's College, Benares.
Pandit, Biswambharnáth,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Pránnáth,	Presidency College.
Priyadás,	Agra College.
Rafi-uddin Beg, Mirza,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Ráná, Birchánd,	Presidency College.
Ráy, Bijaykrishna,	Hooghly College.

Ray, Bipinchandra,	...	Presidency College.
Gnanendralál,	...	Kishnaghur College.
Harendránárayan,	...	Dacca College.
Jagdis,	...	Delhi College.
Manmohan,	...	Presidency College.
Sasibhushan,	...	Ditto
Sádirám,	...	Lahore College.
Saháy, Básudev,	...	Agra College.
Sarkár, Sidheswar,	...	Presidency College.
Sarmá, Jagannáth,	...	Gowhatty High School.
Sen, Ásutosh,	...	Presidency College.
Basantakumár,	...	Dacca College.
Girischandra,	...	Presidency College.
Játrámohan,	...	Chittagong High School.
Seneviratni, A. D. A.	...	St. Thomas' Coll., Colombo.
Sinha, Iswarprasád,	...	Presidency College.
Nikunjavihári,	...	Calcutta Free Church Instn.
Sáligrám,	...	Patna College.
Thomas, S.	...	St. John's College, Agra.

THIRD DIVISION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Abbas Ali, Khan,	...	Presidency College.
Ahmed, Nasir,	...	Gowhatty High School.
Vazir,	...	Bareilly College.
Badridás,	...	Ditto
Bágchi, Jogneswar.	...	Calcutta Free Church Instn.
Baksh, Uzir,	...	St. John's College, Agra.
Bandyopádhyáy, Bidhubhushan,	...	Kishnaghur College.
Harischandra,	...	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Nilratna,	...	Presidency College.
Sasibhushan,	...	Cathedral Mission College.
Tárinidás,	...	Presidency College.
Basu, Amvikácharan,	...	Ditto
Annadáprasád, (No. 2),	...	Ditto
Govindachandra,	...	Ditto
Rameschandra,	...	Dacca College.
Syámlál,	...	Presidency College.

Bhattácháryya, Mahendrachandra,	..	Hooghly College.
Nagendranáth,	...	Presidency College.
Rámchándra,	...	Cathedral Mission College.
Chakravarti, Saratchandra,	...	Calcutta Free Church Instn.
Chattopádhyáy, Annadácharan,	...	Ditto
Benimádhav,	...	Presidency College.
Gaganchandra	...	Kishnaghur College.
Gopálchandra,	...	Presidency College.
Kálináth,	...	Dacca College.
Krishnalál,	...	Presidency College
Sasibhushan,	...	Joynarain's College.
Christian, A.	...	Dacca College.
Chunilál,	...	Agra College.
Dás, Banawárilál,	...	Presidency College.
Iswarchandra,	...	Calcutta Free Chuch Instn.
Jagatmohan,	...	Dacca College.
Kálirám,	...	Gowhatty High School.
Purusottam,	...	Queen's College, Benares.
Rámkánta,	...	Gowhatty High School.
Sarátchandra,	...	Presidency College.
Saratchandra,	...	Cathedral Mission College.
Sivchandra,	...	Calcutta Free Church Instn.
Umeschandra,	...	Patna College.
Datta, Amvikácharan,	...	Calcutta Free Church Instn.
Chandranáth,	.	General Assembly's Instn.
Daulatrám,	..	Lahore College.
De, Jogendranáth,	.	Presidency College.
Elliott, Joseph,	.	Teacher.
Ghosh, Priyanáth,	.	Calcutta Free Church Instn.
Purnachandra,	.	Patna College.
Rádhikáprasád,	.	Doveton College.
Tárinicharan,	.	Patna College.
Guha, Káminikumár,	.	Dacca College.
Gupta, Prasannakumár,	..	Ditto
Hossen, Jafar,	..	Agra College.
Jagannáth,	.	Ditto
Jánkiprasád,	.	Bareilly College

Kuch, Navakrishna,	...	Berhampore College.
Láhiri, Mahendranáth,	...	Presidency College.
Lál, Giridhári,	...	St. John's College, Agra.
Lakshman,	...	Patna College.
Madanmohan,	...	Bareilly College.
Madhudás,	...	St. John's College, Agra.
Mandal, Binadvihári,	...	Cathedral Mission College.
Misra, Bihárilál,	..	Hooghly College.
Mitra, Bhuvanmohan,	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
Hemchandra,	...	Hooghly College.
Pramathnáth,	...	Ditto
Mukhopadhyáy, Amvikácharan,	...	Cathedral Mission College.
Ásutosh,	...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
Harilál,	...	Ditto
Kailáschandra,	...	Hooghly College.
Káliprasanna,	...	Ditto
Sitánath,	...	Teacher.
Tejchandra,	...	Patna College.
Nandagopál,	...	Lahore College.
Náth, Kedárnáth,	...	Calcutta Free Church Instn.
Niogi, Sáradáprasád,	...	Ditto
Nisar Hosen, Mirza,	...	Canning College, Lucknow.
Poromanunda Ráy, Isaac,	...	Serampore College.
Rámprasád,	...	St. John's College, Agra.
Ráy, Amritalál,	...	General Assembly's Instn.
Girischandra,	...	Hooghly College.
Mahendranáth,	...	Patna College.
Ságarmal,	..	Lahore College.
Sáhá, Anandachandra,	...	Hooghly College.
Jogendranáth,	...	Cathedral Mission College.
Saháy, Chaturbhuj,	...	Patna College.
Sajivanlál,	...	Ditto
Sányál, Krishnagopál,	...	Cathedral Mission College.
Panchánan,	...	Berhampore College.
Sen, Amvikácharan,	...	General Assembly's Instn.
Chandrakánta,	...	Chittagong High School.
Gaurvallabh,	...	Cathedral Mission College.

Sen, Gopimohan,	...	Cuttack High School.
Umeschandra,	...	Calcutta Free Church Instn.
Sengupta, Kálidás,	...	Hooghly College.
Set, Girischandra,	...	Queen's College, Benares.
Som, Lálmohan,	...	Presidency College.
Totaram,	...	Agra College.
Yusufuzzooman, S. M.	...	Canning College, Lucknow.

DUFF SCHOLARS.

1871.

Mukhopádhyáy, Sáratchandra,	...	Presidency College.
Chattopadhyay, Bávurám,	...	Ditto
Bandyopádhyáy, Rájendranáth,	...	Free Church Institution.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

FIRST DIVISION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Abdool Rahim,	...	Canning College, Lucknow.
Abul Hosen,	...	Chittagong High School.
Ádya, Bihárilál, (Junior),	...	Hare School.
Badruddin, Háidár,	...	Calcutta Mudressa.
Bandyopadhyáy, Kedárnáth,	...	BerhamporeCollegiateSchool.
Kedárnáth,	...	Sodepore School.
Maheschandra,	...	Howrah School.
Nistáran,	...	Colingah Branch School.
Syámápada,	...	Serampore College.
Tripurácharan,	...	Jonye Training School.
Barál, Mánikchánd,	...	Hindu School.
Basu, Amvikácharan,	...	Seal's Free College.
Brajalál,	...	Hooghly Collegiate School.
Chandrabhushan,	...	Metropolitan Institution.
Mahinimohan,	...	Hare School.
Pramathanáth,	...	Hindu School.
Syámácharan,	...	Hare School.

Basu, Sáradáprasâd,	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
Upendrachandra,	Metropolitan Institution.
Bháduri, Durgánáth,	Dinagepore School.
Bhattácháryya, Chandrakumár,	Ootorparah School.
Jagamohan,	Calcutta Free Church Instn.
Kedárnáth,	Hooghly Branch School.
Sarveswar,	Barrackpore School.
Biswás, Mahendralál,	Dinagepore School.
Carey, E.	Bishop Cotton's Sch. Simla.
Chail, Rásvihári,	Hindu School.
Chakravarti, Ádityachandra,	Mymonsing School.
Girischandra,	Ditto
Harináth,	Bally Seminary.
Champati, Amulyachandra,	Hare School.
Chandra, Dinanáth,	Hooghly Collegiate School.
Chattopádhyáy, Ádityakumár,	Konnugger School.
Benimádhav,	Ditto
Bhagavaticharan,	Cuttack High School.
Bipracharan,	Ditto
Manmathanáth,	Metropolitan Institution.
Phakirchandra,	Hare School.
Srináth,	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Girischandra,	Ditto
Kedárnáth,	Beauleah School.
Purnachandra,	Konnugger School.
Dalziel, John,	Teacher.
Dán, Mahendranáth,	Konnugger School.
Dás, Balarám,	Cuttack High School.
Bhagaván,	Bareilly Collegiate School.
Hemchandra,	L. M. S. Inst. Bhowanipore.
Heramvanáth,	Metropolitan Institution.
Mádhavchandra,	Midnapore School.
Manmohan,	Dacca Collegiate School.
Navinchandra,	Chittagong High School.
Dásgupta, Gangácharan,	Calcutta Training Institution.
Datta, Kunjavihári,	Garden Reach Anglo Vern. Sch.
Purnachandra,	Chittagong High School.
Rámlál,	Hooghly Collegiate School.

Dayál, Lálá Sankar,	Canning College, Lucknow.
De, Amvikácharan,	Saugor High School.
Devsankar,	Cal. Free Church Instn.
Jugalkisar,	Hooghly Branch School.
Mákhanlál,	Saradaprasad Inst., Chuckdi-
Paresnáth,	Burrisal School. [ghee
Rájendralál,	Metropolitan Institution.
Dhar, Gokulchandra,	Ditto
Doyle, C. W.	Mussoorie School.
Ernst, J. H.	Colombo Academy.
Ezad Baksh,	Hooghly Collegiate School.
Fry, J.	St. Thos.' College, Colombo.
Gangopádhyáy, Piyárilál,	Kishnaghur Collegiate Schl.
Rajaninath,	Dacca Collegiate School.
Rámkumár,	Ditto
Ghosh, Apurvakrishna,	Metropolitan Institution.
Baradáprasád,	Kishnaghur Collegiate Schl.
Haridás,	Hooghly Collegiate School.
Jaychandra,	Noakhally School.
Kálikisar,	Pogose School.
Nagendranáth,	Hare School.
Phakirchandra,	Howrah School.
Rákháldás,	Bally Seminary.
Ramáprasanna,	Sanskrit College.
Trailokyanáth,	Barrackpore School.
Umeschandra,	CalcuttaFree Ch. Institution.
Ghosál, Umánáth,	Kishnaghur Collegiate Schl.
Golam, Mohammud,	Amritsur School.
Goswámi, Saratchandra,	Hare School.
Gulzarimal,	Agra Collegiate School.
Gupta, Durgádás,	Howrah School.
Navinkrishna,	Sanskrit College. [School.
Hájra, Aghorchandra,	Garden Reach Anglo Vernr
Biswanáth,	Bancoorah School.
Hart, G. W.	La Martiniere Coll. Calcutta.
Hawkins, Robert,	Bishop Cotton's Sch., Simla.
Hirálál,	Ajmere Collegiate School.
Hogan, J.	Bishop Cotton's School Simla

Horst, W. C.	Mussoorie School.
„ W. P.	Ditto
Jagannáth,	Bareilly Collegiate School.
Khan, Ahmed Hosen,	Ditto
Kishan, Sing,	Rawal Pindee Mission Schl.
Kundu Avináschandra,	Howrah School.
Lah, Oung,	Chittagong High School.
Láhiri, Ásutosh,	Hindu School.
Jádavchandra,	Mymensing School.
Krishnalál,	Joynarain s College, Benares
Prasannakumár,	Howrah School.
Lál, Gaindun,	Bareilly Collegiate School.
Mahammad Said,	Calcutta Mudressa.
Máhárájnaráyan,	Moradabad School.
Majumdár, Amvikácharan,	Burrisál School.
Iswarchandra,	Bogra School.
Lalitchandra,	Pogose School.
Mallik, Avináschandra,	Kishnaghur Collegiate Schl.
Mathuráprasád,	Bareilly Collegiate School.
Matilál, Surendranáth,	Hindu School.
Mitra, Ánandachandra,	Pogose School.
Gopálchandra,	General Assembly's Instn.
Jaychandra,	Dacca Collegiate School.
Mukhopádhyáy, Ásutosh,	Sodepore School.
Avináschandra,	Ooterparah School.
Bholánáth,	Patna Collegiate School.
Binadvihári,	Ooterpara School.
Devendranáth,	Tallygunge School.
Gopálchandra,	Ooterparah School.
Harendranáth,	Kishnaghur Collegiate Schl.
Jogendranáth,	Hare School.
Jogendranáth,	Kishnaghur Collegiate Sch.
Káliprasanna,	Bullagore Aided School.
Karunásindhu,	Hindu School.
Kshetramohan,	Ditto
Kumadinikánta,	Burrisal School.
Kumadnáth,	Konnugger School.
Mahendranáth,	Agurparah C. M. S. Instn.

Mukhopádhyáy, Matilál,	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore
Náráyanchandra,	Bulluti School.
Priyanáth,	Hindu School.
Sitánáth,	Howrah School.
Nánakchánd,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Nandkisor,	Delhi Collegiate School.
Narasingdás,	Rewari School.
Narasinglál,	Jeypore Maharaja's College.
Niogi, Trailokyamohan,	Dacca Collegiate School.
Páin, Akshaykumár,	Midnapore School.
Páin, Rádharaman,	Hare School.
Pal, Akhilnáth,	Ooterparah School.
Haridás,	Sántipore School.
Nanigopal,	Howrah School.
Parámánik, Rámeswar,	Berhampore Collegiate Schl.
Percival, H. M.	Chittagong High School.
Perroux, C. E.	St. Xavier's College.
Prasád, Bindeswari,	Queen's College, Benares.
Prayágnáth,	Patna Collegiate School.
Rambart, T. A.	Teacher.
Rámsarup,	Ajmere Collegiate School.
Ráy, Girischandra,	Garden Reach A. V School.
Jogeschandra,	Mymensing School.
Jogneswar,	Calcutta Training Institution.
Kedárnáth,	Garden Reach A. V. School.
Lálápitám,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Revatiraman,	Dacca Collegiate School.
Sáhá, Sivnáth,	Furreedpore School.
Sányál, Paresnáth,	Beauleah School.
Sarkár, Madhusudan,	Burrisaul School.
Narendranáth,	Hare School.
Natavar,	Ditto
Sármá, Navinchandra,	Sylhet School.
Sen, Jagavandhu,	Maldah School.
Rádhánáth,	Hindu School.
Rajanikánta,	Pogose School.
Táráprasanna,	Howrah School.
Sinha, Bhimchandra,	Ooterparah School.

Sinha, Harimohan,	Kandee School.
Jagavandhu,	Dacca Collegiate School.
Matilál,	Rungpore School.
Prayágnáth,	Queen's College, Benares.
Smith, Henry,	St. Xavier's College.
Srirám,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Sunkhwah, Ramnáráyan,	Dehradhoon Mission School.
Sur, Harimohan,	Hooghly Collegiate School.
Syamnáth Pandit,	Delhi Collegiate School.

SECOND DIVISION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Abduc Camad,	...	Hooghly Collegiate School.
Abdul Ahud,	...	Bareilly Collegiate School.
Fattah,	...	Calcutta Mudressa.
Abel, S.	...	St. Stephen's College, Delhi.
Abool Hossein,	...	Patna Normal School.
Áchárya, Kálidás,	...	Kishnaghur Collegiate School.
Ádya, Napharchandra,		Hare School.
Ahmed Farrack,		Chittagong High School.
Ahmed Nalu,	.	Bareilly Collegiate School.
Alámshah,		Gowhatty School.
Ally, Amdad,		Khajah Abdool Gunny's F. Sch.
Subhan,		Jullunder Mission School.
Ansted, T. W.		La Martiniere College.
Atulvihári,		Patna Normal School.
Bágchi, Gopálprasád,		Bogra School.
Bálmakund,		Lahore Collegiate School.
Bandyopádhyay, Amritalál,	.	Oriental Seminary.
Amritalál,	.	General Assembly's Instn.
Asvinikumár,	.	Dacca Collegiate School.
Bámácharan,	.	Teacher.
Chándmohan,		Noral School.
Girischandra,	.	Ilsoba Mondlye Aided School.
Gopállál,	.	Jonve Training School.
Guruprasanna,		Dacca Collegiate School.
Mahádev,	.	Ooterparah School.
Mohinimohan,	.	Banglabazar School.

Bandyopádhyáy, Narendranáth,	...	Tumlook School.
Panchánan,	...	Patna Normal School.
Rájendranáth,	...	Patna Collegiate School.
Rájendranáráyan,	...	Berhampore Collegiate School.
Rámgopál,	...	Kishnaghur Collegiate School.
Umeschandra,	...	Bancoorah School.
Barkákuti, Sasidhar,	...	Gowhatty School.
Baruá, Kásináth,	...	Ditto
Mánikchandra,	...	Ditto
Basák, Radhágovinda,	...	Hare School.
Basu, Amritalál,	...	General Assembly's Instn.
Banawárilál,	...	Bhagulpore School.
Gangácharan,	...	Khája Abdool Gunny's Free School.
Gopálchandra,	...	Metropolitan Institution.
Jagánmohan,	...	Pubna School.
Khudirám,	...	Calcutta Free Ch. Institution.
Mangovinda,	...	Ditto
Pránnáth,	...	Tagoria School.
Pulinvihári,	...	Burdwan Raja's School.
Beg, Aga Mirza,	...	Canning College, Lucknow.
Bháduri, Harimohan,	...	Nizamut School, Moorshedabad.
Hirálál,	...	Jaynarayan's College, Benares.
Bhattácháryya, Bámandev,	...	Intally Institution.
Baradákánta,	...	Sanskrit College.
Bihárilál,	...	Serampore College.
Biswambhar,	...	Metropolitan Institution.
Chandranáráyan,	..	Berhampore Collegiate School.
Dharanidhar,	...	Hooghly Collegiate School.
Harináth,	...	Serampore College.
Nakuleswar,	...	Sanskrit College.
Purusottam,	...	Kishnaghur A. V. School.
Tárádás,	...	Santipore School.
Thákurdás,	..	Queen's Coll. Benares.
Umeschandra,	...	Joynáráyan's College, Benares.
Bhaumik, Bipinchandra,	...	Bramho School, Dacca.
Krishnakumár,	...	Dacca Collegiate School.
Bholánáth,	...	Delhi Collegiate School.
Biswás, Dandadhári,	...	Hooghly Collegiate School.

Bíswás, Indranáráyan,	Bancoorah School.
Boojhawan Lál,	Andool School.
Buddorali, Syud,	Patna Normal School.
Chakravarti, Annadáprasád,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Bisvoswar,	Jonye Training School.
Digámvar,	Navadwip Sanskrit School.
Digámvar,	Pakur School.
Harihar,	Berhampore Collegiate School.
Harkisar,	Khája Abdool Gunny's F. Sch.
Jádavchandra,	Dacca Collegiate School.
Rajanikánta,	Pogose School.
Rámchandra,	Furreedpore School.
Saratchandra,	Seal's Free College.
Sasibhushan,	Jonye Training School.
Srináth,	Bauleah School.
Chánd, Ámir,	Delhi Collegiate School.
Lakshmi,	Jeypore Maharajah's School.
Chattopádhyáy, Adharnáth,	Howrah School.
Aghorchandra,	Oriental Seminary,
Aghornáth,	Metropolitan Institution.
Annadáprasád,	Oriental Seminary.
Chandramohan,	Goverdangha School.
Dharmadás,	Agurparah C. M. S. Instn.
Girischandra,	Queen's College, Benares.
Jaykrishna,	Seal's Free College.
Kedárnáth,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Manmathanáth,	General Assembly's Institution
Paresnáth,	Kishnaghur Collegiate School.
Rámgati,	P. Gupinathpore School.
Sasibhushan,	Howrah School.
Satyaprasád,	Moradpore Training Seminary.
Chaudhuri, Akshaykumár,	Joyne Training School.
Bhavatáran,	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
Jadunáth,	Bhagulpore School.
Correya, A.	St. Xavier's College.
Corrie, T. P. S.	Barielly Collegiate School.
D'Souza, M.	St. Xavier's College.
DaCosta, G. M.	Bengal Academy.

Darpi, Pitámvar,	Bancoorah School.
Dás, Abhaychandra,	Burrisal School.
Abhaycharan,	Cal. Free Church Institution.
Bhaváni,	Lahore Mission School.
Dinanáth,	Hindu School.
Gaurchandra,	Khajah Abdool Gunny's F. Sch.
Kálikisar,	Private Student.
Kálikumár,	Chittagong High School.
Kálináráyan,	Dacca Collegiate School.
Krishnásakhá,	Hare School.
Lálvihári,	Ditto
Madhuvan,	Queen's College, Benares.
Murárimohan,	Kishnaghur Collegiate School.
Nilkamal,	Chittagong High School.
Nilmádhav,	Berhampore Collegiate School.
Prasannachánd,	Pogose School.
Prasannakumár,	Chittagong High School.
Rámlál,	F. Ch Institution, Calcutta.
David, H.	Joynarain's College, Benares.
Datta, Asvinikumár,	Rungpore School.
Benmádhav,	Kishnaghur Collegiate School.
Bhagavaticharan,	Mohanad F. Ch. Mission School.
Kálidás,	Hooghly Branch School.
Kuschandra,	Ditto
Lálvihári,	Metropolitan Institution.
Mahánanda,	Pogose School.
Mahendranáth,	Khanakul Kish. A. S. School.
Manmohan,	Hindu School.
Matilál,	Hooghly Collegiate School.
Matilál,	Khanakul Kishnaghur A. S. School.
Nivéranchandra,	Noral School.
Rádhácharan,	Monghyr School.
Rámnáráyan,	Mooradpore Training Seminary.
Rámtárak,	General Assembly's Instn.
Sátulál,	Bogra School.
Srikánta,	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Syámácharan,	Chinsurah Free Church Instn.
De, Dinanáth,	Ditto

De, Harimohan,	...	Dacca Collegiate School.
Jogendranáth,	...	Intally Institution.
Kálikumár,	...	Chittagong High School.
Kásichandra,	...	Pogose School.
Rajkumár,	...	Chittagong High School.
Saratchandra, Dás,	...	Hare School.
Dease, S.	...	Mussoorie School.
Dev, Iswarchandra,	...	Sylhet School.
Dhar, Nitralál,	...	Garden Reach Anglo Vernr. School.
Dindyál,	...	Bareilly Collegiate School.
Duve, Báhádur Sing,	...	Calcutta Training Institution.
Nandalál,	...	Saugor High School.
Durgáprasád,	...	Sarun School.
Durgáprasád,	...	Christ Church Sch. Cawnpore.
Edwards, C. N.	...	St. Thomas' College, Colombo.
Emerson, A. M.	...	Loodiana Mission School.
Faiz-ul-Hossain,	...	Bengal Academy.
Fenwick, H. H.	...	La Martiniere College.
Fuzuloollah,	...	Arrah School.
Gangárám,	...	Christ Ch. Sch., Cawnpore.
Gangopádhyáya, Áditya Chandra,	...	Pogose School.
Ásutosh,	...	Ula School.
Mahimchandra,	...	Dacca Collegiate School.
Nilkánta,	...	Mymensing School.
Pramathanáth,	...	Ooterpara School.
Praphullachandra,		Bansbaria F. Ch. Mission Sch.
Satyacharan,	..	Agurpara C. M. S. Instn.
Upendranáth,	...	Bora School.
Gantzer, E	...	Serampore College.
„ E. C.	...	Ditto
Garvain, T. F.	...	Colombo Academy.
Ghatak, Nandagopál,	...	Mymensing School.
Ghosh, Amirtalál,	...	Seal's Free College.
Amvikácharan,	...	Noral School.
Avináschandra,	..	Pogose School.
Banwárilal,	...	Beerbhoom School.
Basantakumár,	...	Berhampore Collegiate School.
Bhuvanmohan,	..	Hare School.

Ghosh, Churámani,	Metropolitan Institution.
Devendranath, No. 2,	Hindu School.
Devedranath,	L. M. S School, Khagra.
Durgácharan,	Dacca Collegiate School.
Gangánáráyan,	Oriental Seminary.
Gopálchandra,	Chinsurah Free Ch. Institution.
Gopikrishna,	L M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Govindachandra,	Noral School.
Govindaprasád,	Kandee School.
Háránchandra,	South Baharoo School.
Jadunáth,	Bhowanipore Union Academy.
Jadunáth,	Teacher.
Mahendranáth,	Calcutta Training Academy.
Prasannakumár,	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Purnachandra,	Sáradáprasad'sIn.Chuckdighee.
Rámchandra,	Mohanad F. Ch. Mission Sch.
Rámchandra,	Bhagulpore School.
Rasiklál,	Beerbhoom School.
Saratchandra,	Calcutta Training Institution.
Sitalácharan,	Cuttack High School.
Surendranáráyan,	Kandee School.
Syámácharan,	Cuttack High School.
Tinkari,	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Ghoshál, Durgápada,	Cossipore School.
Gopál, Kishan,	Umritsar School.
Gopináth,	Joypore Maharajá's College.
Goswámi, Harakumár,	Serampore College.
Govindarám,	Lahore Collegiate School.
Gregory, J. J.	Mozufferpore School.
Gupta, Ásutosh,	Beerbhoom School.
Devendranáth,	Calcutta Training Academy.
Háránchandra,	General Assembly's Instn.
Mahimáchandra Sen,	Sodepore School.
Rámchandra,	Hindu School.
Hájrá, Goswámidás,	Howrah School.
Háldár, Pitámvar,	Hooghly Collegiate School.
Hemráj,	Delhi Collegiate School.
Hossen, Nazar,	Canning College, Lucknow.

Jaggumal,	...	Lahore Mission school.
Jogneswarprasád,	...	Patna Normal school.
Jwálaprasád,	...	Agra College.
Kar, Manmohan,	...	Beerbhoom school.
Nagendranáth,	...	Howrah school.
Kazi, Sheik Golam Maula,	..	Baraset school.
Kedárnáth,	...	Queen's College, Benares.
Kesodayál,	...	Patna Normal school.
Khán, Abdoossalam,	...	Mooradabad school.
Faizullah,	...	Chittagong High school.
Mahomed Abdoollah,	...	L. M. S. Instn. Mirzapore.
Krishnadás,	...	Queen's College, Benares.
Lachmiprasád,	...	Patna Normal school.
Láhiri, Mahendranáth,	...	Cossipore school.
Lál, Ganeshi,	...	Delhi Collegiate School.
Ganeshi,	...	Canning College, Lucknow.
Kánáya,	...	Bareilly College.
	...	Hume's High school, Etawah.
Manahar,	...	Delhi Collegiate school.
Munná,	..	Sehore High school.
Nawrangi,	...	Gya school.
Panná,	...	Delhi Collegiate school.
Parshádi,	...	Bareilly Collegiate school.
Rangi,	...	St. Stephen's College, Delhi.
Sankar,	...	Hume's High school, Etawah.
Sardhári,	...	Lahore Collegiate school.
Srikrishna,	...	Patna Normal school.
Syám,	...	Bareilly Collegiate school.
Laville, L. V.	...	Private Student.
Loos, A. B.	...	Colombo Academy.
Mahammed, Haneef,	...	Sárun school.
Mahápátra, Banamáli,	...	Cuttack High school.
Maitra, Krishnanáth,	...	Nizamut schl., Moorshedabad.
Pránnáth,	...	Dacca Collegiate school.
Majumdár, Jadunáth,	...	Pubna school.
Rádháraman,	...	Coomercolly school.
Umánáth,	...	L. M. S. school, Khagra.
Umeschandra,	...	Beerbhoom school.

Mallik, Amulchandra,	...	Hindu school.
Devendranáth,	...	Ditto
Lakshminárayan,	...	Culna Training school.
Rájendranáth,	...	Sulkea school.
Sridámchandra,	...	General Assembly's Instn.
Mandal, Brindávan,	...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
Mansáram,	...	Jullunder Mission school.
Mátá, Pulinviháři,	...	General Assembly's Instn.
Mathurádat,	...	Bareilly Collegiate school.
Maulik, Bihárilál,	...	Pogose school.
Mitra, Amvikácharan,	..	Hare school.
Cháruchandra,	...	Ditto
Chárucharan,	...	General Assembly's Instn.
Durgácharan,	...	Noral school.
Gopendrachandra,	...	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Hirálál,	...	Noral school.
Jogendrachandra,	...	Berhampore Collegiate school.
Jogeschandra,	...	Ditto
Káliprasanna,	...	Calcutta Training Academy.
Kshetramohan,	...	South Baharoo school.
Nandalál,	...	Hindu school.
Syámácharan,	...	Noral school.
Moses, S. O.	...	St. Xavier's College.
Mukhopádhyáy, Amvikácháran,	...	Sáradáprasád's In., Chuckdigee.
Ásutosh,	...	Hare school.
Ásutosh,	...	Cossipore school.
Ásutosh,	...	Sanscrit College.
Baradácharan,	...	Deoghur school.
Devendralál,	...	Chinsurah F. Ch. Institution.
Devendrachandra,	.	Hazaribag school.
Dharmadás,	...	Bullaghur school.
Gangádináth,	...	Jonye Training school.
Golakchandra,	...	Ajoodhya school.
Gopálchandra,	...	F. Ch. Institution, Calcutta,
Govindachandra,	...	Kishnaghur Anglo Venr. sch.
Hemchandra,	...	General Assembly's Instn.
Jánakináth,	...	South Baharoo school.
Kálidás,	...	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.

Mukhopádhyáy, Kálidás,	Balasore school.
Kálikinkar,	Bhastara school.
Krishnadhan,	Sibpore school.
Kumadnáth,	Mahespore school.
Mahendranáth,	South Baharoo school.
Mahimchandra,	Hooghly Branch school.
Manmathanáth,	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Manmathanáth,	South Baharoo school.
Matilál,	Ootterpara school.
Panchánan,	Navadwipa Sanscrit school.
Pramathanáth,	Sanskrit College.
Rájendranáth,	Chinsurah Hindu school.
Rámgopál,	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Rámkrishna,	Ula school.
Sitánáth,	Berhampore Collegiate school.
Syámácharan,	General Assembly's Instn.
Táráprasanna,	Goverdangah School.
Trigunánáth,	Hindu school.
Munsi, Kálikisar,	Bogra school.
Mutt, Kunjavihári,	Santipore school.
Nág, Ádityachandra,	General Assembly's Instn.
Hemchandra,	Barripore school.
Nákhráy, Ganpat Rao,	Saugor High school.
Nandi, Durgadás,	Agurparah C. M. S. Institution.
Gangácharan,	Teacher.
Hemchandra,	Hare school.
Hirálál,	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Lalitmohan,	Hindu school.
Náráyan, Indra,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Madhu,	Delhi Collegiate school.
Náth, Priyalál,	Calcutta Training Institution.
Niogi, Dwárikánáth,	Intally Institution.
Obidul Akbar,	Calcutta Mudressa.
Páin, Sitánáth,	General Assembly's Instn.
Pál, Amvikácharan,	Hare school.
Binadvihári,	Beerbhoom school.
Gaurchandra,	Chittagong High school.
Matilál,	Free Church Instn., Calcutta.

Pál, Niváranchandra,	Metropolitan Institution.
Rádháramań,	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Tulsicharan,	Bullagur school.
Pálit, Khiradchandra,	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Pánday, Tareschandra,	Pakur school.
Pándit, Mahárájkishen,	Delhi Collegiate school.
Pátnáyáth, Chaturbhuj,	Cuttack High school.
Porel, Chunilál,	Free Church Instn. Calcutta
Prámánik, Banamáli,	Santipore New school.
Prasád, Badri,	Rwari Zillah school.
Hanuman,	Queen's College, Benares.
Jaggannáth,	Hameerpore Zillah school.
Jwálá,	Lahore Hindu school.
Mata,	Fyzabad school.
Rádhákánta,	Patna Normal school.
Raeesudin Mahommed,	Bogra school.
Rám, Behárilál,	Seal's Free College.
Daya,	Diraghazee Khan school.
Rámswarup,	Queen's College, Benares.
Rámnáráyan,	Bareilly Collegiate school.
Rao, Madhusudan,	Pooree school.
Rasakvihári,	Agra school.
Rusheed-ul-din Hossen Ahmed, Syed,	St. John's College, Agra.
Ráy, Avináschandra,	Barrackpore school.
Bhuvendranáth,	L. M. S. school, Khagra.
Brajanáth,	General Assembly's Instn.
Brajendranath,	Ditto
Chandrakánta,	Kandee school.
Chandranáth,	Cossipore school.
Devendralál,	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Haraprasád,	Seal's Free College.
Haridás,	Culna Training school.
Jánakináth,	Chinsurah F. Ch. Institution.
Kálináth,	Hare school.
Kedárnáth,	Bauleah school.
Kesavnáth,	Bogra school.
Manimohan,	Bauleah school.
Matilál,	Gya school.

Ráy, Pravodhchandra,	...	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Rámlál,	...	Kuchiakole Rajgram school.
Tárápada,	...	Behala Mission school.
Tárinicharan, (Senior)	...	Kuchiakole Rajgram school.
Tikait,	...	Bareilly College.
Upendranath,	...	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Ráychaudhuri, Hemchandra,	...	Hindu school.
Sáhá, Akshaykumár,	...	Free Church Instn. Calcutta.
Sáhábuddin, Khoja,	...	Goojrat school.
Saháy, Baldeo,	...	Bareilly Collegiate school.
Raghunandan,	...	Patna Normal school.
Sámanta, Ramtáran,	...	Bancoorah school.
Sányál, Akshaykumár,	...	Teacher.
Indubhushan,	...	Coomercolly school.
Kedárnáth,	...	Bauleah school.
Kedárnáth,	...	Berhampore Collegiate school.
Pulinchandra,	...	General Assembly's Instn.
Rámbrahma,	...	Berhampore Collegiate school.
Sáran, Raghuvir,	...	Agra Collegiate school.
Sarkár, Baikunthanáth,	...	Kuchiakole Rájgram school.
Jogendranath,	...	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Kedárnáth,	...	Harinavi A. S. school.
Nandalál,	...	Bhowanipore Union Academy.
Pramathanáth,	...	Barripore school.
Purnachandra,	...	Burranagur Hindu school.
Rámdás,	...	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Sarmá, Kamaleswar,	...	Gowhatty school.
Saratchandra,	...	Sylhet school.
Savielle, G.	...	St. Xavier's College.
Sen, Ádityachandra,	..	Normal school.
Akhilchandra,	...	Chittagong High school.
Bámandás,	...	Pogose school.
Basantakumár,	...	Ditto
Bhuvanmohan,	...	Mymensing school.
Durgánanda,	...	Pogose school.
Gaganchandra,	...	Mymensing school.
Gostavihári,	...	Santipore New school.
Harináth,	...	Baraset school.

Sen, Jagatchandra,	...	Chittagong High school.
Káliprasanna,	...	Pogose school.
Lakshmichandra,	...	Chittagong High school.
Mahimchandra,	...	Dacca Collegiate school.
Purnachandra,	...	Maldah school.
Rádhánáth,	...	Burdwan Rájá's school.
Rájkumár,	...	Pogose school.
Set, Brajalál,	...	Free Church Instn., Calcutta.
Ratnalál,	...	Oriental Seminary.
Sharp, P.	...	St. Paul's school, Darjeeling.
Shiory, Lachman Rao,	...	Saugor High school.
Sil, Chintámani,	...	Oriental seminary.
Nityakinkar,	...	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Sing, Dipnáráyan,	...	Sarun school.
Gajaráj,	...	Fyzabad school.
Rámvrahma,	...	Noral school.
Sinha, Biháriláll,	...	Metropolitan Institution.
Gopeschandra,	...	Kandee school.
Jibrakshan,	...	Patna Collegiate school.
Kánáilál,	...	Monghyr school.
Navinchandra,	...	General Assembly's Institution.
Rádhikáprasád,	...	Bancoorah school.
Sitárám,	...	Canning College, Lucknow.
Som, Háránchandra,	...	Metropolitan Institution.
Sáradáprasád,	...	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Sujád, Mirja Syed,	...	St. Stephen's College, Delhi.
Tálukdár, Gopálchandra,	...	Chatmore school.
Tanner, P.	...	La Martiniere Coll. Calcutta.
Tulsirám,	...	Budaon school.
Van Cuylenburg, F. C.	...	Colombo Academy.
Van Geyzel, C. W.	...	Ditto
Wajid Hussain,	...	Calcutta Mudressa.
Westerhout, A. B.	...	Serampore College.
Zemier, J.	...	Doveton College.

THIRD DIVISION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Abdool Furrah, Syed,	Private Student.
Abdoolah,	Colingah Branch school.
Adhikári, Táráknáth,	Bauleah school.
Aligahar,	Jullundur Mission school.
Awásthi, Gangásáhi,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Bandyopádhyáy, Amvikácharan,	Howrah school.
Atulchandra,	Jonye Training school.
Bihárilál,	Bullagur school.
Cháruchandra,	Chinsurah Hindu school.
Gopálchandra,	Jagatbullubhpore school.
Jogendranáth,	Hooghly Branch school.
Jogendranáth,	Patna Normal school.
Jogendranath,	Tumlook school.
Kántichandra,	Santipore New school.
Narendranáth,	Hare school.
Rádhikáprasád,	Nizamut school.
Thákurdás,	Jumnah school.
Trailokyanáth,	Victoria College, Agra.
Bardan, Purnachandra,	Pogose school.
Barmá, Phanidhar,	Debrooghur school.
Baruá, Govindachandra,	Sibsaugor school.
Basák, Mathurmohan,	Bangla Bazar school.
Rádhágovinda,	Pogose school.
Basu, Hemantakumár,	Hindu school.
Kálicharan,	Jubbullpore Mission school.
Kedárnáth,	General Assembly's Instn.
Mahendralál,	Calcutta Training Institution.
Manawárilál,	Andool school.
Suryyakumár,	Jerat school.
Upendranáth,	Burdwan Maharaja's school.
Bhagarám,	Jullundur Mission school.
Bhattácháryyá, Prasannakumar,	Queen's College, Benares.
Rádhikácharan,	Culna Training school.
Rájendralál,	Metropolitan Institution.
Rudrakánta,	Mymensing school.

Bhattácháryyá, Umákánta,	...	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Chakravarti, Bharatchandra,	...	Dacca Collegiate school.
Harischandra,	...	Rowile Aided school.
Umeschandra,	...	Coomercolly school.
Chánd, Rajanikánta,	...	Metropolitan Institution.
Chandra, Dinanáth,	...	Hare school.
Chattopádhyáy, Avináschandra,	...	Kishnaghur Anglo Vern. schl.
Brajanáth,	...	Hindu school.
Harináth,	...	P. Gopinathpore school.
Mathuránáth,	...	Bogra school.
Ráicharan,	...	Calcutta Free Church Instn.
Ságarnáth,	...	Berhampore Collegiate school.
Umeschandra,	...	Burdwan C. M. S. Institution.
Chaudhuri, Arjunsing,	...	Canning College, Lucknow.
Pramathanáth,	...	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Rádhákrishna,	...	Balasore school.
Srirám,	...	Okersa Sribati school.
Chintárám,	...	Loodiana Mission school.
D'Ravara, Daniel,	...	St. John's College, Agra.
Dadar Uddin,	...	Sibsaugor school.
Dáni, Harikrishna,	...	Muttra school.
Dás, Bholánáth,	...	General Assembly's Instn.
Govardhan,	...	Queen's College, Benares.
Káliprasanna,	...	Mymensing school.
Mathurá,	...	Lahore Government school.
Rámkumár,	...	Chittagong High school.
Srinárayan,	...	Hindu school.
Datta, Jogneswar,	...	Hare school.
Lakshmináráyan,	...	Ilsoba Mondlye school.
Madanmohan,	...	Khaja Abdool Gunny's F. sch.
Mahendralál,	...	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Nilkánta,	...	Bancoorah school.
Prahládchandra,	...	Chinsurah F. Ch. Instn.
Prasannakumár,	...	Bhowanipore Union Academy.
Rámlál,	...	L. M. S. school, Khagra.
Sáradáprasád,	...	Behala Mission school.
Sumeswar,	...	Canning College, Lucknow.
Dayárám,	...	Lahore Mission school.

De, Aghornáth,	Juggutbullubpore school.
Bankavihári,	St. Xavier's College.
Bihárilál,	Genl. Assembly's Institution.
Hárádhan,	Calcutta Free Church Instn.
Dev, Nilmani,	Queen's College, Benares.
Dhar, Saratchandra,	Cachar school.
Gangopádhyáy, Binadvihári,	Paikpáráh school.
Ghosh, Basantakumár,	Pogose school.
Bhagavaticharan,	Bellore school.
Haridás,	Calcutta F. Ch. Institution.
Kumadcharan,	Midnapore school.
Manmathanáth,	Boroe school.
Pramathanáth,	Ooterparah school.
Ghosh, Rajanikánta,	Bhowanipore Union Academy.
Ghoshál, Purnachandra,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Gopináth,	Hume's High school, Etawah.
Goswami, Dharmeswar,	Gowhatty school.
Gupta, Kshetranáth,	Beerbhoom school.
Jaalam, B. J.	St. John's College, Agra.
Jasurám,	Dera Ghazee Khan school.
Jugalkisar,	Muttra school.
Jwánmal,	Umritsur C. M. school.
Kar, Amritalál,	Metropolitan Institution.
Karmakár, Gáurhari,	Pogose school
Kishansaháy,	Sarun school.
Kretser, E. H.	Colombo Academy.
Kumár, Bihárilál,	Bally seminary.
Lál, Bakhtáwár,	Hume's High school, Etawah.
Brijomohan,	Fyzabad school.
Kándhyá,	Christ Church sch. Cawnpore.
Main,	Hume's High school, Etawah.
Rám,	St. John's College, Agra.
Rámchari,	Saugor High school.
Sivsaran,	Patna Collegiate school.
Mahomed, Shaikhlál,	Joynáráyan's College, Benares.
Maitra, Binadmohan,	Cálcutta F. Ch. Institution.
Jadunáth,	Berhampore Collegiate school.
Rámlál,	Dinagepore school.

Majumdár, Lakshmikánta,	Mymensing school.
Mallik, Gopeswar,	Hindu school.
Harischandra,	Dacca Collegiate school.
Misar, Beniprasád,	Teacher.
Niwaji,	Baptist Mission sch. Monghyr.
Mitra, Á́sutosh,	Hare school.
Jogneswar,	Intally Institution.
Rákháldás,	Metropolitan Institution.
Mukhopádhyáy, Aghornáth,	Agurparah C. M. S. Institution.
Akshaykumár,	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Amianáth,	Metropolitan Institution.
Annadáchándra,	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Á́sutosh,	Moradpore Training seminary.
Bholánáth,	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Bidhuvadan,	Agurparah C. M. S. Institution.
Binadlál,	L. M. S. school, Khagrah.
Bipinvihári,	Ránaghat school.
Bipinvihári,	Ula school.
Durgádás,	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Girishchandra,	Jonye Training school.
Kálikrishna,	Agurparah C. M. S. Instn.
Piyárilál,	Baraset school.
Rajanikánta,	Beerbhoom school.
Táráprasád,	Private student.
Nayándás,	Peshwar Mission school.
Oheedun, Nubby,	Midnapore school.
Pál, Jánakináth,	Dacca Collegiate school.
Pálit, Karunánidhán,	Hazaribag school.
Pándyá, Bisveswar,	Jaynarayan's College, Benares.
Pradhán, Sambhunáth,	Balasore school.
Prasád, Á́nand,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Durgá,	St. John's College, Agra.
Gokul,	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Ganes,	Agra Collegiate school.
Lata,	Christ Church sch. Cawnpore
Rájnáthprasád,	Patna Normal school.
Rám, Eád,	Gya school.
Ráy, Benimádhav,	Saradaprasád's In. Chuodiggy.

Ráy, Durgánáth,	Bangla Bazar school.
Govindagopál,	Intally Institution.
Harendranáráyán,	Pogose school.
Hariballabh,	Balasore school.
Jagavahdhu,	Dacca Collegiate school.
Jogendráchandra,	Howrah school.
Jogeschandra,	Chinsurah F. Ch. Institution.
Prasannachandra,	Berhampore Collegiate school.
Saratchandra,	Private student.
Sasibhushan,	Kandee school.
Táriniprasád,	Moradpore Training seminary.
Read, G.	La Martiniere Coll. Calcutta.
Roberts, J.	Umritsur Ch. Mission school.
Rodámal,	Umritsur school.
Rout, J. S.	Cuttack High school.
Sányál, Hridaynáth,	Jaynarayan's College, Benares.
Kunjalál,	Beauleah school.
Mádhavchandra,	Ditto
Sarkár, Amvikácharan,	Dacca Collegiate school.
Baradáprasád,	Berhampore school.
Jagatindra,	Bogra school.
Jogneswar,	Purulia school.
Krishnachandra,	Victoria College, Agra.
Priyanáth,	Juggutbullubpore school.
Sen, Ánandachandra,	Pogose school.
Annadáprasád,	Noakhally school.
Banámáli,	Bishop Wilson's school, Chatra.
Brindávanchandra,	Khajah Abdool Gunny's Free school.
Durgákripá,	Albert's Institution.
Gaurchandra,	Intally Institution.
Girischandra,	Burdwan Maharaja's school.
Kálikumár,	Beauleah school.
Kánáilál,	Calcutta Training Academy.
Krishnachandra,	Midnapore school.
Nandalál,	Colingah Branch school.
Ramánáth,	General Assembly's Instn.
Rámchandra,	Gregory's school.

Sen, Rámkrishna,	Seal's Free College.
Rájkumár,	Cuttack High school.
Syámácharan,	Queen's College, Benares.
Umácharan,	General Assembly's Instn.
Siddick, Ahmad,	Chittagong High school.
Sil, Hirálál,	Chinsurah F. Ch. Institution.
Nilmani,	Ditto
Sing, Mohar,	Lahore Mission school.
Sinha, Aghornáth,	Howrah school.
Rádhásundar	Cutwa school.
Sundarmal,	Rawul Pindee Mission school.
Suryyabhan,	Muttra school.
Swelling, W.	Free school.

1870.

FIRST DIVISION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Adkikári, Suryyakumár, ...	Furreedpore school.
Adie, A. ...	La Martiniere Col. Lucknow.
Ali, Juád, Sheikh, ...	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Sajjad, Mír, ...	Ditto
Arratoon, N. G. ...	Armenian Philanthropic Academy.
August, J. A. ...	Bishop's school, Nagpore.
Avetoom, S. ...	La Martiniere College.
Bágchi, Sanatkumár, ...	Howrah school.
Baksh, Dedar, ...	Calcutta Mudrissa.
Baleswar, Prasád, ...	Queen's College, Benares.
Bandyopádhyáy, Bidhubhushan ...	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Kríshnachandra, ..	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Mahendranáth, ...	Cal. Free Church Institution.
Mohinimohan, ...	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Nilratan, ...	Ooterparah school.
Niváranchandra,...	Hare school.
Ramánáth, ...	Bancoorah school.
Sukhmay, ...	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Syámlál, ...	Serampore College.
Tinkari, ...	Hooghly Collegiate school.

Basák, Madanmohan,	...	Hindu school.
Navinchandra,	...	Ditto
Rámchandra,	...	Ditto
Rásvihári,	...	Ditto
Basu, Binadvihári,	...	Hare school.
Dineschandra,	...	Private Student.
Harimohan,	...	General Assembly's Institution.
Jadunáth,	...	Konnugger school.
Kenárám,	...	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Nandakrishna,	...	Metropolitan Institution.
Navagopál,	...	Burdwan Maharaja's school.
Rákhálchandra,	...	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Bhattácháryya, Beniprasád,	...	Seetapore school.
Bipineswar,	..	Howrah school.
Gurucharan,	..	Dacca Collegiate school.
Kailáschandra,	..	Digapoteah school.
Káliprasanna,	..	Dacca Collegiate school.
Biswás, Brajanáth,	..	Mymensing school.
Bhuvanmohan,	..	Hindu school.
Campagnac, C.	..	Doveton College.
Chakravarti, Bhutnáth,	..	Konnugger school.
Bihárilál,	..	Kishnaghur A. V. school
Chandranáth,	..	Barripore school.
Harachandra,	..	Mymensing school.
Jogendranáth,	..	Baraset school.
Loknáth,	..	Bauleah school.
Chandra, Gaurmohan,	..	Sanskrit College.
Priyanáth,	..	Calcutta Free Church Instn.
Chattopádhyáy, Bámácharan,	..	Hare school.
Ganapatináth,	..	Monghyr Zillah school.
Hárádhan,	..	Ooterparah school.
Haridás,	..	Hare school.
Matilál,	..	Howrah school.
Nagendranáth,	..	Bullagurh school.
Nityánanda,	..	Burdwan Maharajá's school.
Prabhátchandra,	..	Dacca Collegiate school.
Sasibhushan,	.	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Srikrishna,	..	Hare school.

Chattopádhyáy, Suryyanáráyan,	...	Bhagulpore school.
Chaudhuri, Bipinvihári,	...	Burdwan Maharaja's school.
Chandranáth,	..	Purneah school.
Jádavchandra,	...	Bauleah school.
Clarke, H. G. C.	...	Mussoorie school.
Cleophas, F.	...	St. Peter's Church Mission schl.
Cones, J.	...	St. Xavier's College.
Corrigan, S.	...	La Martiniere Coll., Lucknow.
Cusim, Bazlul,	...	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Dalip Sing,	...	Agra Collegiate school.
Das, Annadáprasád,	...	Sanskrit College.
Apurvakrishna,	...	General Assembly's Institution.
Gnánendranáth,	...	Sanskrit College.
Hardio,	...	St. Stephen's College, Delhi.
Harikrishna,	..	Puri school.
Kanáilál,	...	Calcutta Training Academy.
Mahendrachandrá,	...	Pogose school.
Raghunáth,	...	Midnapore school.
Revatimohan,	...	Dacca Collegiate school.
Datta, Avináschandra,	...	Hare school.
Bhuvanmohan,	...	Dacca Collegiate school.
Nandalál,	...	General Assembly's Institution.
Nityalál,	...	Cal. Free Church Instn.
Rájendranáth,	...	Hare school.
De, Ásutosh,	...	Ditto
Matilál,	..	General Assembly's Institution.
Tulsidás,	..	Calcutta Training Institution.
Dhar, Saratchandra,	..	Dacca Collegiate school.
Dhonsor, Basdevlál,	...	Seetapore school.
Dinanáth,	..	Agra Collegiate school.
Dodsworth, A.	..	Mussoorie school.
Dutt, Siva,	..	Hume's High school, Etawah.
Dyál, Bishnu,	.	Cawnpore Zillah school.
Nandakisar,	..	Ranchee school.
Elias, C. J.	..	Armenian Philanthropic Academy.
Ewing, G.	..	La Martiniere College.
Fazl, Sáed Abul,	..	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Ganesprasád,	..	Ranchee school.

Gangopádhyáy, Mahendrachandra,		L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Sureschandra,	...	Kisnaghur A. V. school.
Ghosh, Ásutosh,	...	Hindu school.
Avináschandra,	...	Konnugger school.
Bihárilál,	...	Hare school.
Jádavchandra,	...	St. Peter's Ch. Mission school.
Jogendranáth,	...	Hindu school.
Ramánáth,	...	Harinavi school.
Syámácharan,	...	Ditto
Goswámi, Jogendranáth,	...	Sanskrit College.
Govindacharan,	...	Bhagulpore school.
Guha, Revatimohan,	...	Dacca Collegiate school.
Gupta, Mahendranáth,	...	Hare school.
Purnachandra,	...	Mymensing school.
Gya, Prasád,	...	Bareilly Collegiate school.
Healy, H.	...	Mussoorie school.
Hine, C.	...	Bishop Cotton's school, Simla.
Hughes, W.	...	Teacher.
Humfress, G.	...	La Martiniere Coll., Lucknow.
Husan, Sáed,	...	Patna Collegiate school.
Jasi, Maniklál,	...	Queen's College, Benares.
Jórdan, G.	...	Doveton College.
Kálkáprasád,	...	Hurdui Zilla school.
Kar, Harischandra,	...	Metropolitan Institution.
Karmakár, Bhushanchandra,	...	Hare school.
Kaviráj, Sureschandra,	...	Doveton College.
Lachminárayan,	...	Luckimpore school.
Ládhárám,	...	Rawul Pindee Mission school.
Láhiri, Ásutosh,	...	Bauleah school.
Bhavánikánta,	...	Ditto
Lál, Chedá,	...	St. John's College.
Guri,	...	Agra Collegiate school.
Mendi,	...	Nowabgunge school.
Syámsundar,	...	Bareilly Collegiate school.
Syámsundar,	...	Hume's High school, Etawah.
Majumdár, Jogeschandra,	...	Hindu school.
Markus, C. P.	...	St. Thomas' College, Colombo.
Mallik, Harináth,	...	L M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.

Mallik, Kásiswar,	Howrah school.
Matiprasád,	Agra Collegiate school.
Misra, Dharanidhar,	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Mitra, Abhayácharan,	Metropolitan Institution.
Abhayácharan,	Patna Collegiate school.
Bihárilál,	Hindu school.
Haricharan,	Hare school.
Jadunáth,	St. John's College.
Kshetramohan,	Ooterparah school.
Mohanchánd,	Hare school.
Upendranáth,	Ditto
Moore, F. S.	Bishop Cotton's school, Simla.
Mukhopádhyáy, Amarchánd,	Konnugger school.
Dwárikánáth,	Hindu school.
Jaykrishna,	Ditto
Kálidhan,	Sanskrit College.
Kumadvandhu,	Serampore College.
Rájnáráyan,	Ooterparah school.
Rámchandra,	Bhowanipore Union Academy.
Rámdás,	Hare school.
Sirischandra,	Metropolitan Institution.
Sivnáráyan,	Beersingha A. S. school.
Mulráj,	Lahore Mission school.
Mustaphi, Gurudás,	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Nandi, Chandrakumár,	South Baharoo school.
Sivchandra,	Doveton College.
Nárayanprasád,	Patna Collegiate school.
Náth, Amritlál,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Pál, Apurvakrishna,	General Assembly's Institution.
Banamáli,	Calcutta Free Ch. Institution.
Passanah, C.	St. Peter's College, Agra.
Paterson, V.	La Martiniere Coll. Lucknow.
Prendergast, N. J.	Doveton College.
Ráná, Baláichánd,	Hare school.
Ráy, Amritalál,	Howrah school.
Avináschandra,	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Harináth,	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Jamiat,	Hurdui Zilla school.

Ráy, Makundachandra,	...	Dacca Collegiate school.
Priyanáth,	...	Jessore school.
Satischandra,	...	Mymensing school.
Syámákánta,	...	Ditto
Raynor, A. W.	...	Mussoorie school.
Read, T. R.	...	La Martiniére College.
Ruhman, Azizar,	...	Gowhatty High school.
Ryan, E.	...	St. Peter's College, Agra.
Sadukhan, Khiradáchandra,	...	Hooghly Branch school.
Sahây, Madanmohan,	...	Ranchee school.
Sányál, Umeschandra,	...	Berhampore Collegiate school.
Sarkár, Dharmadás,	...	Howrah school.
Jogendranáth,	...	Hare school.
Nilkanta,	...	Burrisaul school.
Rájendranáráyan,	...	Bauleah school.
Sen, Mahendranáth,	...	Hooghly Branch school.
Matilál,	...	Hare school.
Set, Mihirlál,	...	Howrah school.
Sing, Nehál,	...	Luckimpore school.
Sinha, Amvikácharan,	...	Paikparah school.
Biháriláll,	...	Berhampore Collegiate school.
Makaraddhaj,	...	Queen's College, Benares.
Rádhásyám,	...	Beerbhoom school.
Smith, W.	...	La Martiniere College.
Tejkumár,	...	Bareilly Collegiate school.
Tewari, Madhoprasád,	...	Canning College, Lucknow.
Trikha, Wazirchánd,	...	Umritsur school.
Watson, H.	...	Doveton College.
Willcock, J.	...	Mussoorie school.
William, J. H.	...	La Martiniere College.

SECOND DIVISION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Abdul, Alim,	L. M. S. school, Khagra.
Aziz,	Joynarain's College.
Hafiz,	Calcutta Mudrissa.
Jafar, Mohammed,	Nagpore F. C. Institution.

Abdul, Mujíd,	...	Bareilly Collegiate school.
Razaque,	...	Ditto
Wajed,	...	Calcutta Mudrissa.
Abdulla,	...	Joynarain's College.
Abíd, Hosen,	...	Hurdui Zillah school.
Abul, Hosen,	...	Budaon school.
A'charyya, Piyárimohan,	...	Cuttack High school.
Upendranáth,	...	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Adhikári, Bhimacharan,	...	Tumlook school.
Adítyaprasad,	...	Queen's College, Benares.
Ádya, Binadvihári,	...	Hindu school.
Ahmed Khan,	...	Umritsur school.
Myne-ud-din,	...	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Sadr-uddin,	...	Calcutta Training Academy.
A'li Baksh,	...	Sarun school.
Baksh,	...	Agra Collegiate school.
Hosen,	...	Fyzabad school.
Amirkhan,	..	Teacher.
Aya Sing,	...	Umritsur Mission school.
Badi, Devichánd,	...	Umritsur school.
Badriprasád,	...	Delhi Collegiate school.
Bágchi, Prassannakumar,	...	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Baksi, Devendranáth,	..	Burdwan Maharaja's school.
Kedárnáth,	...	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Bal, Táranáth,	...	Pogose school.
Bandyopádhyáy, Aghornáth,	...	Patna Collegiate school.
Amritalál,	...	Burrisal school.
Annadáprasád,	...	Hindu school.
Avináschandra,	...	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Bijaykisan,	...	Metropolitan Institution.
Binadvihári,	...	Ditto
Brajanáth,	...	Bullagurh school.
Devendranáth,	...	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
Gadádhar,	...	Muragacha school.
Gangacharan,	...	Ooterparah school.
Girischandra,	...	Hare school.
Girischandra,	...	Ooterparah school.
Harimohan,	...	Santipore English school (Old)

Bandyopádhyáy,	Harinárayán, ...	Kandee school.
	Haripada, ...	Calcutta Training Institution.
	Hemchandra, ...	Howrah school.
	Isánchandra, ...	Ooterparah school.
	Kántichandra, ...	Bhastarah school.
	Maheschandra, ...	Beerbhoom school.
	Nilkamal, ...	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
	Pánnálál, ...	Hooghly Branch school.
	Patirám, ..	Berhampore Collegiate school.
	Rájendralál, ..	Metropolitan Institution.
	Rájendranáth, ..	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
	Rájkrishna, ..	Culna Mission school.
	Sasibhushan, ..	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
	Sivkrishna, ..	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
	Umácharan, ..	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Bansilál,	..	Gya school.
Bardhan, Bangachandra,	..	Furreedpore school.
Basák, Jítendrakrishna,	..	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
Syámvandhu,	..	Pogose school.
Basten, N.	...	Lahore Mission school.
Basu, Ádyanáth,	..	Bhowanipore Union Academy.
Aghorlál,	..	General Assembly's Institution.
Aswinikumár,	..	Mymensing school.
Bámácharan,	..	Metropolitan Institution.
Baradákánta,	...	Purulia school.
Bibhudásankar,	...	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Binadvihári,	..	Moradpore Training seminary.
Brajendrakumár,	...	Baraset school.
Dinanáth,	..	Bagnan A. V. school.
Girischandra,	..	Hooghly Branch school.
Káliprasanna,	...	Pogose school.
Kisarimohan,	...	Seal's Free College.
Krishnachandra,	...	Teacher.
Prassannakumár,	...	Metropolitan Institution.
Priyanáth,	...	Sanscrit College.
Purnachandra,	..	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
Rájkumár,	..	Hindu school.
Suryynárayán,	..	Bhagulpore school.

Basu, Táraknáth,	Cuttack High school.
Umeschandra,	Metropolitan Institution.
Batavyál, Saratnáth,	Khanakul Kishnaghur A. S. sch.
Benisankar, Pándá,	Saugor school.
Bhagatrám,	Lahore Collegiate school.
Bhagiratprasád,	St. Stephen's College, Delhi.
Bhairoprasád,	Goruckpore Mission school.
Bhar, Girischandra,	General Assembly's Institution.
Bhattácháryyá, Bánikánta,	Mahespore school.
Bihárilál,	Agurparah C. M. S. Institution.
Chandidás,	Chatmore school.
Harimohan,	Santipore English school (Old).
Jadunáth,	Pubna school.
Kálikrishna,	Sanscrit College.
Káliprasanna,	Gya school.
Krishnahari,	Sanscrit College.
Kumárchandra,	St. Peter's C. M. school.
Mánikchandra,	Moradpore Training seminary.
Navagopál,	Navadwip A. S. school.
Rámnáth,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Sáradáprasád,	Andool school.
Sripati,	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Bhaumik, Jádavchandra,	Pubna school.
Bholánáth,	St. Stephen's College, Delhi.
Biswás, Gaganchandra,	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Loknáth,	Cossipore school.
Bramha, Bámandás,	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Brittain, W. A.	St. Thomas' College, Colombo.
Byers, E. K.	Ditto.
Chakravartí, Ádityachandra,	Dacca Collegiate school.
Digvijaychandra,	Kandee school.
Durgácharan,	Calcutta Training Institution.
Girischandra,	Pogose school.
Golakchandra,	Gowhatty High school.
Haribhushan,	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Krishnachandra,	Culna Training school.
Mahendranáth,	Barripore school.
Navinchandra,	Beerbhoom school.

Chakrvartí,	Rasiklál,	Kuchiakole Rajgram school.
	Srináth,	Pogose school.
Chánd,	Krishnadás,	Dacca Collegiate school.
Chandra,	Jádavkrishna,	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Charanjit Mal,		Church Mission sch. Peshawar.
Chattopádhyáy,	Abhayácharan,	Patna Collegiate school.
	Aghornáth,	Metropolitan Institution.
	Annadáprasád,	Howrah school.
	Arunoday,	Calcutta Training Institution.
	Bhutnáth,	Baraset school.
	Chandrakumár,	Hare school.
	Chandrakumár,	Nagpore F. C. Institution.
	Dhandiráj,	Agurparah C. M. S. Institution.
	Haridás,	Patna Collegiate school.
	Iswarchandra,	Bancoorah school.
	Jagannáth,	Midnapore school.
	Jogendrachandra,	Kandee school.
	Jogendranáth,	Howrah school.
	Jogendranáth,	Jeypore Maharajá's College.
	Kálináth,	Hooghly Collegiate school.
	Khiradáchandra,	Debrogurh school.
	Khiradáchandra,	Oriental seminary.
	Khiradánáth,	General Assembly's Institution.
	Loknáth,	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
	Sáradáprasád,	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
	Mákshanlál,	Beerbhoom school.
	Rákháldás,	Barripore school.
	Satyacharan,	Burranuggur Hindu school.
	Sidheswar,	Barrackpore school.
Chaudhuri,	Bidhubhushan,	L. M. S. school, Khagra.
	Durgádás,	Bancoorah school.
	Harilál De,	Metropolitan Institution.
	Kángálicharan,	Intally Institution.
	Kedárnáth,	Metropolitan Institution.
	Prasannachandra,	Dacca Brahmo school.
	Saratchandra,	Furreedpore school.
	Umeschandra,	Hindu school.
Chaurangi,	Káliprasanna,	Ooterparah school.

Cleghorn, E.	...	Private Student.
Cowasjee, Bomanjee,	...	Bengal Academy.
D'Cruze, J.	...	St. Xavier's school.
„ J. M.	...	Serampore College.
Dálchánd,	...	Budaon school
Dás, Brajnáth,	...	Hindu school.
Brindávanchandra,	...	Private student.
Chaitanyacharan,	...	Sylhet school.
Darpanáráyan,	...	Cuttack High school.
Girischandra,	...	Pubna school.
Haramohan,	...	Noakhally school.
Hariprasád,	...	Balasore school.
Jadunáth,	...	Hooghly Branch school.
Jagannáth,	...	Pogose school.
Jogendrakumár,	...	Oriental seminary.
Kailáschandra,	...	Puri school.
Káliprasanna,	...	Dacca Brahmo school.
Moheschandra,	...	Mymensing school.
Navakumár,	...	Pulwa Magoorah A. V. school.
Párvatináth,	...	Dacca Collegiate school.
Rádhánáth,	..	Sylhet school.
Siddheswar,	...	Hooghly Branch school.
Sudarsan,	...	Balasore school.
Syámlál,	...	Calcutta Training Institution.
Umeschándra,	...	Burrisaul school.
Upendranáth,	...	Midnapore school.
Datt, Náráyan,	...	St. John's College, Agra.
Datta, Avináschandra,	...	Midnapore school.
Brindávanchandra,	...	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Gadádhar,	...	Furreedpore school.
Gangádhar,	...	Sanskrit College.
Girischandra,	...	Bancoorah school.
Gostavihári,	...	Midnapore school.
Prasannakumár,	...	Ooterparah school.
Prasannakumár,	...	Pogose school.
Sureschandra,	...	Mirzapore Mission school.
Upendranáth,	...	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
David, Ismael,	...	L. M. S. Institution, Mirzapore.

Dayál, Bhrigu,	Arrah school.
Siv,	Oonao school.
De, Gopálchandra,	Hare school.
Harakáli,	South Baharoo school.
Harinám,	Hindu school.
Hirálál,	Juggutbullubpore school.
Jogendralál,	Metropolitan Institution.
Mahendranáth,	Boroe school.
Rádhikáprasád,	Cutwa school.
Rájchandra,	Joynarain's College.
Rájendranáth,	Santipore New school.
Suryyakumár,	Noakhally school.
Deolia, Giridharilál,	Saugor school.
DeSilva, J.	St. Thomas' College, Colombo.
Dhainrám,	Delhi Collegiate school
Dhar, Benimádhav,	Khajah Abdool Gunny's school.
Syámlál,	Hare school.
Dharam Sing,	Goojranwallah Mission school.
Dube, Kásináth,	Saugor school.
Rámlál,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Ebadulla,	Hurdui Zillah school.
Faizlar Ruhman,	Sylhet school.
Fatéh Bahadur,	Patna Normal school.
Fox, H.	St. Xavier's College.
Gajádharprasád,	Patna Normal school.
Ganes Sing,	Moradabad school.
Gangáprasád,	Bareilly Collegiate school.
Gangá Sing,	Nagpore F. C. Institution.
Gangopádhyáy, Bechárám,	Culna Mission school.
Benikánta,	Pulwa Magoorah school.
Bipinvihári,	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Kálikrishna,	Pubna school.
Kálikumár,	Sodepore school.
Kshetramohan,	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Nirendramohan,	Hindu school.
Purnachandra,	Ooterpara school.
Gaurisankar,	Sarun school.
George, D.	Private Student.

Ghamandilál,	...	Allahabad Zillah school.
Ghosh, Abhayácharan,	...	Pogose school.
Aghornáth,	...	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Batakrishna,	...	Garden Reach A. V. school.
Bhavendrakumár,	...	Hare school.
Bhuvaneswar,	...	Roy Bareilly school.
Brajendrakumár,	...	Barripore school.
Brajendranáth,	...	Cuttack High school,
Chaitanyadás,	...	Calcutta Free Ch. Institution.
Dwarikánáth,	...	Balasore school.
Girischandra,	...	Bhagulpore school.
Gopálchandra,	...	Sibsaugor school.
Gopálgovinda,	...	Khanakul Kishnaghur A. S. sch
Kálikrishna,	...	Mymensing school.
Káminikumár,	...	Pogose school.
Kedárnáth,	...	Calcutta Training Academy.
Kshetramohan,	...	Dushghurah Aided school.
Lakshmanchandra,	...	Maldah school
Lalitmohan,	..	Barrackpore school.
Mahánanda,	...	Kandee school.
Mahendralál,	...	Chinsurah Hindu school.
Mahimchandra,	...	Noakhally school.
Makhanlál,	...	Beerbhoom school.
Manmohan,	...	Hindu school.
Matilál,	...	Chinsurah Hindu school.
Matilál,	...	General Assembly's Institution.
Nagendranáth,	...	Bora school.
Nandalál,	...	Metropolitan Institution.
Náráyanchandra,	...	General Assembly's Institution.
Navinchandra,	...	Seal's Free College.
Prasannakumár,	...	Pogose school.
Purnachandra,	...	Metropolitan Institution.
Sátkarichandra,	...	Seal's Free College.
Syámácharan,	...	Bulluti school.
Umácharan,	...	Calcutta Training Institution.
Ghoshál, Kálachánd,	...	Ooterparah school.
Rájkumár,	..	Santipore New school.
Gibbons, F.	...	St. Xavier's College.

Golám Rahman,	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Golápchandra,	Gowhatty High school.
Gopálprasád,	Queen's Coll. Benares.
Gopal, Samuel,	Nagpore Free Church Instn.
Gopál Sing,	Mutra school.
Goswámi, Lálmohan,	Santipore English school (Old).
Trailokyanáth,	Bauleah school.
Govindarao, Toley, Pandit,	Saugor school.
Govinda Sing,	Jeypore Maharajah's College.
Grenier, J. R.	Teacher.
Guha, Prasannachandra	Dacca Collegiate school.
Purnachandra,	Khajah Abdool Gunny's school.
Gupta, Bishnupada Sen,	Sodepore school.
Gopálchandra,	Metropolitan Institution.
Gupta, Sivchandra,	Hare School.
Gurumuk, Sing,	Jullunder Mission School.
Gwyther, H. T.	La Martiniere College.
Hájárilál,	Bareilly Collegiate School.
Hájrá, Dinanáth,	Mamjooan School.
Háldár, Harináth,	P. Gupinathpore School.
Kántichandra,	Kishnaghur A. V. School.
Mahendranáth,	Chinsurah F. C. Institution.
Halfhide, R. H.	La Martiniere College.
Hardikar, Básdev,	Saugor School.
Harnáráyan,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Harris, N.	Victoria College.
Hirálál,	Loodianah Mission School.
Hollingbery, R.	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling.
Isriprasád,	Bareilly Collegiate School.
Janglilál,	Patna Normal School.
Jaymangal, Prasád,	L. M. High School, Benares.
Jaynáráyan, Pandit,	Delhi Collegiate School.
Jiráj Sing,	Bareilly Collegiate school.
Jordár, Athar Ali,	Kishnaghur Collegiate School.
Savdar Ali,	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Joseph, E.	Bishop's College.
Jugalkisar,	Sarun school.
Jwálásing,	Umritsur Mission school.

Káliprasád,	Allahabad Zillah school.
Káliyai, Chandrasikhar,	Dacca Collegiate School.
Kamaláprasád,	Queen's College, Benares.
Kar, Matilál,	Horinavi A. S. school.
Nagendranáth,	Queen's College, Benares.
Rádhágovinda,	Hare School.
Karmakár, Bangachandra,	Dacca Brahmo school.
Prahládchandra,	Calcutta F C. Institution.
Kedárnáth,	Delhi Collegiate school.
Khán, Avdur Razaq,	Patna Collegiate school.
Abdul Savan,	Cuttack High school.
Ináet-ulla,	Beerbhoom school.
Khandakár, Govindaráo,	Saugor school.
Kiaz-ud-din,	Bareilly Collegiate school.
Kotál, Umeschandra,	Tumlook school.
Kracl, C. S.	La Martinere College.
Kumár, Isánchandra,	Ajoodhia school.
Kálicharan,	Morodpore Training seminary.
Kundu, Khrishnadás,	Bograh School.
Kunjvihárilál,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Lachminárayan,	Delhi Collegiate School.
Lackersteen, P.	St. Xavier's College.
Láhiri, Prakáschandra,	Berhampore Collegiate school.
Lakshmanprasád, Lálá,	Saugor school.
Lawler, O.	St. Peter's College, Agra.
Lawrence, G.	Teacher.
Lazarus, E. C.	Private student.
Lowrie, A. E.	Bengal Academy.
McArthy, J.	St. Peter's College, Agra.
Madhuprasád,	Ajmere Collegiate school.
Mahammad,	Calcutta Mudrissa.
,, Zuheral Haq,	Ditto.
Máhánti, Parikshit,	Cuttack High school.
Maitra, Bijaykrishna,	L. M. S. school, Khagrah.
Bipinvihári,	Beauleah school.
Majumdár, Ánandachandra,	Rungpore School.
Bipinchandra,	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Durgácharan,	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.

Majumdár, Girischandra,	...	Burdwan Moharaja's school.
Hridaynáth,	...	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Rádhácharan,	...	Pubna school.
Saratchandra,	...	Culna Training school.
Malcolm, A.	...	Armenian Philanthropic Academy.
Mallik, Gopálchandra,	...	Howrah school.
Nagendrakumár,	...	Metropolitan Institution.
Mánakchánd,	...	St. Stephen's College, Delhi.
Mandal, Bipinchandra,	...	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Mannilál,	...	Queen's College, Benares.
Martindale, W.	...	Doveton College.
Matilál,	...	Hume's High school, Etawah.
Matirám,	...	Bareilly Collegiate school.
Misra, Madanmohan,	...	Queen's College, Benares.
Sivgovinda,	..	Lukhimpore school.
Umásankar,	...	Queen's College, Benares.
Mitra, Akkari,	...	Mahanad F. C. Mission sch.
Anukulchandra,	...	Sulkea school.
Ásutosh,	...	Hare school.
Bámácharan,	...	Beerbhoom school.
Gopálchandra,	...	Seebpore Aided school.
Jádavchandra,	...	Maldah school.
Jagannáth,	...	Metropolitan Institution.
Jogendranáth,	..	Garden Reach school.
Kailásnáth,	...	Calcutta Training Institution.
Kálicharan,	...	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
Kandarpasundar,	...	Purulia school.
Mahánanda,	...	Ditto.
Navagopál,	...	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
Purnachandra,	...	Hooghly Branch school.
Ramánáth,	...	Bullagurh school.
Sankatácharan,	...	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
Sáradáprasád,	...	St. John's College, Agra.
Saratchandra,	...	Ranaghat school.
Montry, S.	...	Canning College, Lucknow.
Morris, F.	...	St. Thomas' College, Colombo.
Mukhopádhyáy, Annadáprasád,	...	Moradpore Training Seminary.

Mukhopádhyáy,	Annadáprasád, ...	Bagnaparah school.
	Ásutosh, ...	Calcutta Training Academy.
	Atulkrishna, ...	Hare school.
	Avináschandra, ...	Hooghly Collegiate school.
	Baradáprasád, ...	Patna Collegiate school.
	Bishnuprasanna, .	Bullagurh school.
	Chandrakumár, ...	Bangla Bazar school.
	Chintámani, ...	Sanscrit College.
	Haricharan, ...	Midnapore school.
	Hemádrináth, ...	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
	Hemchandra, ...	Bansbaria F. C. Mission Sch.
	Heramvanáth, ...	Monghyr school.
	Jadunáth, ...	Teacher.
	Jogendranáth, ...	General Assembly's Institution.
	Jyotiprasád, ...	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
	Kálináth, ...	Burrisaul school.
	Karunánidhan, ...	Seal's Free College.
	Krishnachandra,...	Bhowanipore Institution.
	Krishnachandra,...	Beerbhoom school.
	Kshetramohan, ...	Hare school.
	Kumadáchandra...	Howrah school.
	Nakurchandra, ...	Sarun school.
	Nilalohit, ...	Agurparah C. M. S. Instn.
	Nityacharan, ...	Hare school.
	Prakáschandra, Sr.	Ooterparah school.
	Prakáschandra, Jr.	Ditto.
	Prasannakumar ...	Bhowanipore Union Academy.
	Purnánanda, ...	Mahanad F. C. Institution.
	Rajanikánta, ...	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
	Rájendranáth, ..	Hare school.
	Rájendranáth, ...	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipore.
	Rámlál, ...	Allahabad Zillah School.
	Rámtráhi, ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Sáradákánta, ...	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
	Sarveswar, ...	Culna Mission school.
	Sasibhushan, ...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
	Surathnáth, ...	Beerbhoom school.
	Syámácharan, ...	Burranugger Hindu school.

Mukhopádhyáy, Tárakchandra,	Beerbhoom Mission school.
Trailokyanáth,	Beerbhoom school.
Munnálál,	Fyzabad Zilla school.
Murray, J.	Mussoorie school.
Nág, Chandrakánta,	Dacca Collegiate school.
Nái, Meghnáth,	Baraset school.
Namey, A. W.	Bengal Academy.
Nánakrám,	Delhi Collegiate school.
Nandakumár,	Bareilly Collegiate school.
Nandalál,	Ajmere Collegiate school.
Nandi, Nandagopál,	Patna Collegiate school.
Náráyandás,	C. M. school, Peshawar.
Narinjandás,	Lahore Collegiate school.
Narsingdás,	Ajmere Collegiate school.
Nasruddin,	Sarun school.
Náthumal,	St. Stephen's College, Delhi.
Náthurám,	Umritsur Mission school.
Niblett, W. C.	Queen's College, Benares.
Niogi, Kailásnáth,	Berhampore Collegiate school.
Ramánáth,	Pogose school.
Nizam-ud-din, Hosen,	Bareilly Collegiate school.
Obdadár Rájendranáth,	Lukhimpore school.
Ogg, A. W.	La Martiniere College.
Pál, Annadáprasád,	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Banamáli,	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Harischandra,	Ooterparah school.
Jogendrachandra,	Howrah school.
Kisarimohan,	Garden Reach school.
Lakshmináráyan,	Beerbhoom school.
Prasannakumár,	Gossydoorgapore school.
Prasannakumár,	Kalyparah A. V. school.
Pálit, Jogendranáth,	Calcutta Training Institution.
Palmer, J.	St. Xavier's College.
Pande, Benimádhav,	Metropolitan Institution.
Rámantar,	L. M. S. Institution, Mirzapore.
Pandit, Chunilál,	Burdwan Moharaja's school.
Kedárnáth,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Pránnáth,	Delhi Collegiate school.

Pandit, Prasannakumár,	L. M. S. school, Khagrah.
Páthak, Annadáprasád,	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
Perera, J. L.	St. Thomas' College, Colombo.
Peters, R.	Hare school.
Poddár, Khudirám,	Coomercolly school.
Prasád, Bhairav,	Patna Collegiate school.
Premchánd,	Monghyr school.
Rádhálál,	Teacher.
Rádhikárám,	Gowhatty High school.
Rae, G. P.	Allahabad High school.
Ráhá, Bhairavchandra,	Kuchiakole Rajgram school.
Krishnagopál,	Ditto.
Rahim-ud-din,	Colingah Branch school.
Rámchánd,	Delhi Collegiate school.
Rámdás,	Hume's High school, Etawah.
Rámprasád,	Victoria College.
Rámsaranlál,	Sarun school.
Rámsing,	Umritsur school.
Rámsing,	Cawnpore school.
Ráy, Ánandachandra,	Hooghly Branch school.
Bijaysankar,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Damari,	Queen's College, Benares.
Devendranáth,	Hazaribag school.
Devipada,	Christ Church school, Cawnpore.
Haricharan,	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
Káminikumár,	Pogose school.
Kuladáprasád,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Lalitchandra,	Dacca Collegiate school.
Lalitmohan,	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
Nilmádhav,	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Niranjan,	Furreedpore school.
Nityagopál,	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
Rámgopál,	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Rámlál,	Bangla Bazar school.
Sáradákumár,	Dacca Collegiate school.
Siddheswar,	Howrah school.
Sirischandra,	Pubna school.
Sitánáth,	Metropolitan Institution.

Ráy, Sivchandra,	...	Canning College, Lucknow.
Tárákumár,	...	Pogose school.
Umeschandrá,	...	General Assembly's Institution.
Ráychaudhuri, Purnachandra,	...	Garden Reach school.
Rádhánáth,	...	Chinsurah F. C. Institution.
Rákhálchandra,	...	Mohespore Aided school.
Safakutullah,	...	Rungpore school.
Sáhá, Akshaykumár,	...	Hare school.
Sahây, Bhagwán,	...	Hume's High school, Etawah.
Bhagwán,	...	Allygurh school.
Kuldip,	...	Patna Normal school.
Raghuvar,	...	Bareilly Collegiate school.
Siv,	...	Ditto.
Sankardás,	...	Umritsur school.
Sankarlál,	...	Agra Collegiate school.
Sányál, Basantakumár,	...	Digapoteah school.
Kailáschandra,	...	Maldah school.
Krishnachandra,	...	Beauleah school.
Mathuránáth,	...	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Raghunandan,	...	Ditto.
Rámendranáth,	...	Beauleah school.
Sasidhar,	...	Berhampore Collegiate school.
Srináth,	...	Ditto.
Sardhárilál,	...	Bhaugulpore school.
Sarjudayál,	...	Canning College, Lucknow.
Sarkár, Bipinvihári,	...	Jenkins' school, Cooch Behar.
Girischandra,	...	Sarun school.
Sasibhushan,	...	Intally Institution.
Sarmá, Umákánta,	...	Debroogurh school.
Séal, Anantakumar,	...	Garden Reach school.
Sen, Ajodhyanáth,	...	Burdwan Moharaja's school.
Akshaykumár,	...	Joynarain's College.
Amvikácharan,	...	Calcutta Training Institution.
Apurvakrishna,	...	Hare school.
Bánikánta,	...	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Bhumendrasankar,	...	Calcutta Training Institution.
Brindávanchandra,	...	Patna Collegiate school.
Gaganchandra,	...	Pogose school.

Sen, Jadunáth,	...	General Assembly's Institution.
Jadunáth,	...	Burrisaul school.
Jogendrachandra,	...	Hindu school.
Kálikisar,	...	Pogose school.
Kálimohan,	...	Ditto.
Kedárnáth,	...	Hare school.
Phanibhushan,	...	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Pránkrishna,	...	Oriental Seminary.
Prasannakumár,	...	Jessore school.
Prasannakumár,	...	Tagoria school.
Priyanáth,	...	Oriental Seminary.
Purnachandra,	...	Hindu school.
Purnachandra,	...	Pogose school.
Purnachandra,	...	Chittagong High school.
Rameschandra,	...	Albert Institution.
Syámlál,	...	Hooghly Branch school.
Syámácharan, (Senior)	...	Pogose school.
Syámácharan, (Junior)	...	Ditto.
Umeschandra,	...	Hare school.
Umeschandra,	...	Hooghly Branch school.
Set, Haripada,	...	Badla A. V. school.
Sheik, Sácbjan,	...	Burdwan Moharaja's school.
Shamsuddin,	...	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Sinha, Bankavihári,	...	L. M. S. School, Khagrah.
Brajalál,	...	Kandee school.
Chandrasekhar,	...	Seal's Free College.
Girischandra,	...	Hindu school.
Gnánendranáth,	...	Canning College, Lucknow.
Káliprasanna,	...	Bhastarah school.
Navinkisar,	...	Berhampore Collegiate school
Sáradáprasád,	...	Canning College, Lucknow.
Vikramadit,	...	Patna Normal school.
Sivdás,	...	Umritsur Mission school.
Sivdás,	...	Ajmere Collegiate school.
Sivnandanlál,	...	Victoria school, Ghazeepore.
Sivsankarlál,	...	L. M. High school, Benares.
Smith, T. M.	...	La Martiniere College.
Solomons, W. H.	...	Private Student.

Syámdás,	Lahoro Collegiate school.
Syámlánanda,	Patna Collegiate school.
Syámsundar,	Barrackpore school.
Syud Mohammud Toki,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Raza Hosen,	Ditto.
Tálukdár, Abhayácharan,	Dacca Brahmo school.
Ánandamohan,	Dacca Collegiate school.
Tapasi, Harilál,	Culna Mission school.
Taslim-ud-din,	Rungpore school.
Udaibhan Sing,	Goruckpore Mission school.
Uditnáráyan,	Sarun school.
Vakil-ud-din,	Calcutta Mudrissa.
Wirasinghe, A. W. M.	St. Thomas' College, Colombo.
Zahar-ud-din,	Calcutta Mudrissa.

THIRD DIVISION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Abdul, Ghane, ...	Moradabad school.
Hak, ...	Bareilly Collegiate school.
Rahim, ...	Ajmere College.
Abdulla, ...	Patna Collegiate school.
Áditya, Purnachandra,	Oriental Seminary.
Ali, Imdad,	Seetapore school.
Woomed,	Chinsurah Hindu school.
Amer Uddin Ebenezer,	Kangra Mission school.
Asad Ulla, Sheikh,	Beerbhoom school.
Azim Ulla,	Arrah school.
Baksh, Umar,	Jullundur Mission school.
Bakshi, Akshaykumár,	Pulwa Magora school.
Bandyopádhyáy, Ásutosh,	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
Avináschandra,	Jonye Training school.
Baidyanáth,	Monghyr school.
Banawárilál,	Noral school.
Dinanáth,	Nagpore F. C. Institution.
Ganeschandra,	St. Xavier's College.
Harimohan,	Navadwip A. S. school.
Hariprasanna,	Ilsoba Mondlye school.
Jogendranáth,	Ooterparah school.

Bandyopádhyáy, Kálipada,	Jonye Training school.
Káliprasanna,	Serampore College.
Mahendranáth,	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Paresnáth,	Bishop Wilson's school, Chatra.
Párvaticharan,	Teacher.
Piyárimohan,	Chinsurah F. C. Institution.
Saratgopál,	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Tárápada,	Bagnaparah school.
Táráprasanna,	Ranaghat school.
Basák, Rájendramohan,	Dacca Collegiate school.
Basu, Annadácharan,	Seal's Free College.
Atulkrishna,	Bora school.
Avináschandra,	Ditto.
Brajendrakrishna,	General Assembly's Institution.
Chandrakumár,	Chittagong High school.
Gurudás,	Jenkins' school, Cooch Behar.
Jadunáth,	Calcutta Free Church Instn.
Mathuránáth,	General Assembly's Institution.
Navadwipchandra,	Burdwan Moharaja's school.
Nilámvar,	Canning College Lucknow.
Bataliarám,	Lahore Mission school.
Bháduri, Akshaykumár,	Metropolitan Institution.
Rámjádav,	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Bhagavándyál,	Sultanpore Zillah school.
Bhattácháryya, Akshaykumár,	Jenkin's school, Cooch Behar.
Avináschandra,	Patna Normal school.
Bámácharan,	Barrackpore school.
Durgásankar,	Berhampore Collegiate school.
Rámchandra,	Beersingha A. S. school.
Sitárám,	Salkea school.
Bhaváni, Bihárilál,	Santipore English school (Old).
Bhumik, Tárankrishna,	Berhampore Collegiate school.
Bhunyá, Upendranáth,	Tumlook school.
Bihárilál,	Delhi Collegiate school.
Biswás, Krishnachandra,	Chatmore school.
Buchchanlál,	Joynáráin's College.
Callaghan, J.	St. Peter's College, Agra.
Chakravarti, Benimádhav,	Barrackpore school.

Chakravarti, Navinchandra,	Bangla Bazar school.
Rámcharan,	Midnapore school.
Chandanlál,	St. Stephen's College, Delhi.
Chandiprasád,	Joynáráian's College.
Chhatulál,	Goruckpore Mission school.
Chattopádhyáy, Abhaycharan,	Mirzapore Mission school.
Akshaychandra,	Kuchiakole Rajgram school.
Bholánáth,	Chinsurah F. C. Institution.
Dhananjay,	Ranaghat school.
Kesavlál,	Kuchiakole Rajgram school.
Kshetramohan,	Konnugger school.
Manmathnáth,	Hare school.
Nityagopál,	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Panchánan,	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Phakirchánd,	Badla A. V. school.
Priyanáth,	General Assembly's Instn.
Rámchandra,	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Rasiklál,	Metropolitan Institution.
Trigunácharan,	South Baharoo school.
Umeschandra,	Devgram school.
Chaudhuri, Banawárilál,	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Bhuvanmohan,	Santipore New school.
Jagatvandhu,	Albert Institution.
Damodarprasád,	Bhagulpore school.
Das, Bholánáth,	Gowhatty High school.
Bijaynáth,	Ditto
Bipinvihári,	Digapotia school.
Harischandra,	Bangla Bazar school.
Káliprasád,	Maldah school.
Kártikchandra,	General Assembly's Instn.
Niradchandra,	Jagatbullubpore school.
Raghunáth,	Victoria College, Agra.
Rámcharan,	Brahmo school, Dacca.
Rasikchandra,	Chittagong High school.
Sarvánanda,	Sylhet Mission school.
Datta, Bankavihári,	Midnapore school.
Dinanáth,	Calcutta Training Instn.
Jitnáráyan,	Howrah school.

Datta, Jogendrachandra,	Burdwan Moharaj'a school.
Kesavchandra,	Burdwan C. M. S. Institution.
Mánikchandra,	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Purnachandra,	Burrisal school.
Srináth,	Teacher.
Táraknáth,	Balgona H. C. A. school.
De, Bhairavchandra,	Chittagong High school.
Jánakináth,	Nizamut school, Moorshedabad.
Kálimohan,	Cachar school.
Pramathachandra,	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Syámácharan,	Moradpore Training Seminary.
Dhar, Brajalál,	Pakoor school.
Gokulchandra,	Chinsurah Free Church Instn.
Dinwiddie, J. D.	Kamptee school.
Dosar, Jeorakhan,	Saugor High school.
Dube, Tárakrám,	Pakoor school.
Durgákánta,	Gowhatty High school.
Ford, C. J. W.	St. Xavier's College.
Gajanphur Hossain,	Cuttack High school.
Gangopádhyáy, Bhuvanmohan,	Pogose school.
Jogendranáth,	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Kedárnáth,	Baraset school.
Kedárnáth,	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Nilmani,	Hooghly Branch school.
Garvin, H. F.	St. Thomas' College, Colombo.
Ghatak, Káliprasanna,	Chinsurah Hindu school.
Ghosh, Aghornáth,	Pulwa Magora school.
Akinchan,	Kuchiakole Rajgram school.
Bankavihári,	Bellore school.
Brajakisar,	Berhampore Collegiate school.
Chandrakánta,	Hooghly Branch school.
Devendrachandra,	Hindu school.
Devendrakumár,	Barripore school.
Dwárikanáth,	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Gopináth,	Metropolitan Institution.
Haripada,	Chinsurah Hindu school.
Jogendranáth,	Dushghurah Aided school.
Krishnachandra,	Moradpore Training Seminary.

Ghosh, Mohinimohan,	Burdwan Moharaja's school.
Monimohan,	Metropolitan Institution.
Raghunáth,	Balasore school.
Sitánáth,	Burrisal school.
Uddhavchandra,	Cawnpore Zilla school.
Ghoshál, Biháriláll,	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Sivchandra,	Joynarian's College.
Giridharlál,	Allygurh school.
Golam Mahommed,	Lahore Collegiate school.
Gopichánd,	Canning College, Lucknow.
Gopilál,	Patna Normal school.
Goswámi, Nilmádhav,	Beerbhoom school.
Nandalál,	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Guha, Haricharan,	Brahmo school, Dacca.
Jogendranáth,	Sylhet Mission school.
Gupta, Benimádhav,	Culna Mission school
Bipinchandra,	Private Student.
Dwárkánáth Dás,	Calcutta Training Institution.
Mahendranáth,	Burdwan Moharaja's school.
Narendranáth,	Howrah school.
Nasirám,	Calcutta Tráining Academy.
Rájchandra,	Bogra school.
Rasiklál,	Calcutta Training Academy.
Háldár, Kálikumár,	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Priyanáth,	Jonye Training school.
Harichánd,	Delhi Collegiate school.
Hariharnáth,	Gya school.
Hui, Nilámvar,	Serajgunge school.
Jhandu,	Lahore Collegiate school.
Kálisaháy,	Patna Normal school.
Kanháilál,	Gya school.
Kar, Rasiklál,	Calcutta Free Ch. Institution.
Khadim Hossain,	Calcutta Mudrissa.
Kripásankar Kháráwál,	Saugor High school.
Kulavi, Sitánáth,	Boroe school.
Kundu, Devendranáth,	Coomercolly school.
Gurudyál,	Ditto
Láhá, Ratikánta,	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.

Lâhiri, Chandranáth,	...	Serampore College.
Kisarimohan,	...	Khaja Abdool Gunny's school.
Madak, Sasibhushan,	...	Hindu school.
Madanmohan,	...	Allahabad Zilla school.
Mafazal Hossain,	..	Calcutta Mudrissa.
Mahammed, Nusrat, Uddin,	...	Private Student.
Unas Ali,	...	Gowhatty High school.
Zahir Uddin,	...	Private Student.
Maitra, Utsavchandra,	...	Bogra school.
Majumdár, Mahendranáth,	..	Bhowanipore Institution.
Prasannakumár,	...	Pogose school.
Mallik, Akshaykumár,	...	Baraset school.
Jogendranáth,	...	Hindu school.
Mandal, Kártikchandra,	...	Beersingha A. S. school.
Mevárám,	...	Bareilly Collegiate school.
Mistri, Aghornath,	...	Serampore College.
Mitra, Amvikácharan,	...	Hindu school.
Basantakumár	...	Coomercolly school.
Bhavánicharan,	...	Hooghly Branch school.
Bhutnáth,	...	Agurpara C. M. S. Institution.
Chandrakumár,	...	Sylhet school.
Dwárikánáth,	...	Barrackpore school.
Gakulchandra,	...	Purulcah school.
Haridás,	...	Midnapore school.
Pulinchánd,	...	Hare school.
Ramánáth,	...	P. Gupinathpore school.
Sáradáprasád,	...	Midnapore school.
Tárinicharan,	...	Hindu school.
Umácharan,	...	Jerat school.
Upendrachandra,	...	Private Student.
Muchi, Náráyandás,	...	Saugor High school.
Mukhopádhyáy, Basantakumár,	...	Pogose school.
Bihárilál,	...	Bareilly Collegiate school.
Bisveswar,	...	Serampore College.
Brajanáth,	...	Burdwan C. M. S. Institution.
Chandrakánta,	...	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
Chandranáth,	...	Burdwan Moharaja's school
Golaknáth,	...	Bancoorah school.

Mukhopádhyáy, Hariprasád,	...	Devgram school.
Jogendranáth,	...	Garden Reach school.
Káliprasád,	...	Behala Mission school.
Lálmohan,	...	Bellore school.
Madhunádhav,	...	Hooghly Branch school.
Madhusudan,	...	Puri school.
Matilál,	...	Chinsurah Hindu school.
Navakumár,	...	Serampore College.
Nilmohan,	...	Bhagulpore school.
Prasannachandra,	.	Kallyparah A. V. school.
Priyanáth,	...	Ranaghat school.
Saratchandra,	...	Ooterparah school.
Satyaprasád,	...	Kishnaghur Collegiate school.
Munnálál,	...	Agra Collegiate school.
Nág, Rámdayál,	...	Pegose school.
Nandi, Gangágovinda,	...	Mymensing school.
Govindavandhu,	...	Dinagepore school.
Jadunáth,	..	Ditto
Nandji,	...	Sarun school.
Náráyan, Rájkisar,	...	Patna Govindachandra's school
Nathurám,	...	Delhi Collegiate school.
Naylor, C. G. R.	...	Doveton College.
Niogi, Bhagavánchandra,	...	Chinsurah Hindu school.
Nizam-ud-din,	...	Jullundur Mission school.
Páin, Bipinvihári,	...	Serampore College.
Pálchaudhuri, Jogeschandra,	...	Hindu school.
Pálit, Hridaynáth,	...	Cuttack High school.
Prabhudayál,	...	Umritsur Collegiate school.
Puranchánd,	...	St. John's College.
Rádhácharan,	...	Lullutpore Zillah school.
Rahim-ud-din,	...	Private Student.
Ralyarám,	...	Umritsur Mission school.
Rámaswámi, M.	...	Teacher.
Rámcharan,	...	Christ Church sch. Cawnpore.
Rámlachhman,	...	Delhi Collegiate school.
Ráy, Amritalál,	...	Haré school.
Brajamádhav,	...	Calcutta Free Church Instn.
Chandrakumár,	...	Chinsurah Free Church Instn.

Ráy, Dinanáth,	...	Bansbariah F. C. Mission sch.
Gopikánanda,	...	Bancoorah school.
Kisarimohan,	...	Ditto.
Nandalál,	...	Beerbhoom school.
Nilratan,	...	Bishop Wilson's sch. Chatrah.
Prasannachandra,	...	Pogose school.
Rádhikáprasád,	...	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Rájkumár,	...	Berhampore Collegiate school.
Rámtáran,	...	Burdwan C. M. S. Institution.
Tárinicharan,	...	Koochiakole Rajgram school.
Trailokyanáth,	...	Paikparah school.
Ráychaudhuri, Jogendranáth,	...	Mahes school.
Rájendranáth,	...	Ditto.
Sáha, Rákháldás,	...	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
Saligram, Khosla,	...	Lahore Mission school.
Sányál, Maheschandra,	...	Teacher.
Sátkari,	...	Santipore New school.
Sarkár, Baradákánta,	...	Chittagong High school.
Binadvihári,	...	Soorool English school.
Manmohan,	...	Cutwa school.
Navadwipchandra,	...	Teacher.
Srináth,	...	Pubna school.
Sarmá, Kesavnáth,	...	Seebsagur school.
Sarvádhikári, Surendrakumár	...	Khanakul Kishnaghur A.S. sch.
Sattrukal, Singhe, B. M.	...	Private student.
Sen, Baradáprasád,	...	Kuchiakole Rajgram school.
Kálikripá,	...	Albert Institution,
Káliprasanna,	..	Barrackpore school.
Kedárnáth,	...	Pulwa Magoorah school.
Kedárnáth,	...	Seetapore school.
Kripánáth,	...	Calcutta F. C. Institution.
Krishnahari,	...	Bullagor school.
Kshetramohan,	...	Teacher.
Prasannachandra,	...	Pogose school.
Prasannakumár,	...	Burrisaul school.
Sivprasanna,	...	Chinsurah F. C. Institution.
Sheikh, Basir-ud-din,	...	Baraset school.
Elahi-ud-din,	...	Beauleah school.

Síl, Kshetramohan,	Hindu school.
Mahendranáth,	Chinsurah F. C. Institution.
Upendranáth,	Ditto.
Sinha, Akhariram Kenkaráj,	Mozufferpore school.
Devendranáth,	Dacca Collegiate school.
Dwarikánáth,	Andool school.
Govindanáráyan,	Queen's College. Benares.
Gurudyál,	Dacca Brahmo school.
Haradhyán,	Queen's College. Benares.
Hirálál,	Kishnaghur A. V. school.
Jaharilál,	Beersingha A. S. school.
Kailáspati,	Patna Govindachandra's sch.
Nandalál,	Hooghly Collegiate school.
Purnachandra,	Ditto.
Sivrám, Kandkar,	Teacher.
Sivsankar, Kharawal,	Saugor school.
Sur. Harináth,	Barrackpore school.
Suryyaprasád,	Private Student.
Swift, A.	Goojranwallah Mission school.
Syámlál,	Muttra school.
Syud Zakir Hosen,	Mozufferpore school.
Tálukdár, Navadwipchandra,	Oriental seminary.
Tarapdár, Isánchandra,	Pubna school.

MEDICINE.

M. D.

Basu, Jagavandu,	1863	Medical College.
Carter, R. W.	1865	Asst. Surg. H. M. 82nd [Reg.
De, Chandrakumár,	1862	Medical College.
Sarkár, Mahendralal,	1863	Ditto

B. M.

Bandyopádhyáy, Jádavchandra,	1866	Medical College.
Navakumár,	1868	Ditto
Bhattácháryya, Hemchandra,	1867	Ditto
Chakravarti, Purnachandra,	1869	Ditto
hattopádhyáy, Syámácharan,	1867	Ditto

Datta, Kedárnáth,	...	1866	Medical College
De, Nandalál,	...	1867	Ditto
Ghosh, Chandramohan,	...	1864	Ditto
Phakirchandra,	...	1868	Ditto
Gupta, Bankavihári,	...	1870	Ditto
Kálipada,	...	1868	Ditto
Mukhopádhyáy, Gangáprasád,	...	1867	Ditto
Syámácharan,	...	1866	Ditto
Peters, C. E.	...	1868	Ditto
Ráy Isánchandra,	...	1869	Ditto
Som, Dayálchandra,	...	1865	Ditto

1871.

SECOND DIVISION.

Mitra, Bankavihári, ... Medical College.

		L. M. S.	
Acháryya, Kamikhyánáth,	...	1862	Medical College.
Bágchi, Abhaycharan,	...	1861	Ditto
Bandyopádhyáy, Gopálchandra,	...	1869	Ditto
Harináráyan,	...	1869	Ditto
Harischandrá,	...	1861	Ditto
Nakurchandra,	...	1867	Ditto
Purnachandra,	...	1865	Ditto
Rájkrishna,	...	1861	Ditto
Rájmohan,	...	1868	Ditto
Basák, Amulyáratan,	...	1869	Ditto
Basu, Amritakrishna,	...	1867	Ditto
Benimádhav,	...	1865	Ditto
Dharmadás,	...	1861	Ditto
Dinanáth,	...	1864	Ditto
Harimohan,	...	1865	Ditto
Jadunáth,	...	1870	Ditto
Khargeswar,	...	1870	Ditto
Lakshmináráyan,	...	1863	Ditto
Mahendralál,	...	1869	Ditto
Priyanáth,	...	1867	Ditto
Rádhánáth,	...	1868	Ditto

Basu, Sivchandra,	...	1869	Medical College
Upendrachandra,	...	1867	Ditto
Bháduri, Bihárilál,	...	1865	Ditto
Tárinicharan,	...	1866	Ditto
Bhattácháryya, Nilmádhav,	...	1864	Ditto
Chakravarti, Navinchandra,	...	1867	Ditto
Rámlál,	...	1869	Ditto
Chambers, E. W.	...	1866	Ditto
Chattopádhyáy, Bámácharan,	...	1865	Ditto
Bhuvanmohan,	...	1868	Ditto
Govindachandra,	...	1866	Ditto
Kedárnáth,	...	1863	Ditto
Rádhikáprasád,	...	1861	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Kapileswar,	...	1861	Ditto
Nilmani,	...	1867	Ditto
Crump, H. W.	...	1866	Ditto
Dás, Adharchandra,	...	1863	Ditto
Chunilál,	...	1866	Ditto
Kálikumar,	...	1866	Ditto
Kesavchandra,	...	1867	Ditto
Dásgupta, Gurudayál,	...	1868	Ditto
Datta, Girischandra,	...	1865	Ditto
Háránchandra,	...	1866	Ditto
Krishnalál,	...	1870	Ditto
Manahar,	...	1865	Ditto
Manilál,	...	1862	Ditto
Umeschandra,	...	1863	Ditto
De, Akshaykumár,	...	1865	Ditto
Gopálchandra,	...	1868	Ditto
Rámlál,	...	1865	Ditto
Dev, Amritalál,	...	1869	Ditto
Gopálchandra,	...	1865	Ditto
Dhol, Nandalál,	...	1862	Ditto
Gangopádhyáy, Ánandalál,	...	1868	Ditto
Harischandra,	...	1868	Ditto
Táraknáth,	...	1869	Ditto
Ghosh, Bihárilál,	...	1869	Ditto
Dayálkisan,	...	1867	Ditto

Ghosh, Dukari,	1863	Medical College.
Hirálál,	1864	Ditto
Jádavkisan,	1864	Ditto
Jadunáth,	1863	Ditto
Kálikrishna,	1869	Ditto
Krishnadhan,	1864	Ditto
Mádhavchandra,	1867	Ditto
Nandalál,	1864	Ditto
Párvaticharan,	1864	Ditto
Rámlál,	1863	Ditto
Trailokyanáth,	1866	Ditto
Ghoshál, Káliprasanna,	1864	Ditto
Goswámi, Gopálchandra,	1869	Ditto
Gupta, Madhusudan,	1869	Ditto
Mahendranáth,	1867	Ditto
Navinchandra,	1868	Ditto
Rámcharan,	1866	Ditto
Rámkáli,	1870	Ditto
Sambhuchandra,	1862	Ditto
Háldár, Káláchánd,	1863	Ditto
Keyt, F.	1863	Ditto
Koch, E. L.	1862	Ditto
Kundu, Rájkumár,	1865	Ditto
Láhuri, Gopálchandra,	1864	Ditto
Syámácharan,	1865	Ditto
Majumdár, Syámácharan,	1868	Ditto
Mallik, Syámlál,	1869	Ditto
McReddie, G. D.	1861	Ditto
Mitra, Girischandra,	1863	Ditto
Girischandra,	1867	Ditto
Jagatvandhu,	1869	Ditto
Kálikumar,	1862	Ditto
Káliprasanna,	1861	Ditto
Kásikinkar,	1865	Ditto
Navinchandra,	1861	Ditto
Priyamvarnáth,	1869	Ditto
Syámchandra,	1866	Ditto
Umácharan,	1861	Ditto

Mitra, Umeschandra,	...	1866	Medical College
Mukhopádhyáy, Agharnáth,	...	1866	Ditto
Bhagavaticharan,	.	1863	Ditto
Jadubhushan,	...	1866	Ditro
Jadunath,	...	1866	Ditto
Lálmádhav,	...	1866	Ditto
Rájkisar,	...	1863	Ditto
Nandi, Nityánanda,	...	1862	Ditto
Pál, Janaranjan,	...	1862	Ditto
Pálit, Bireswar,	...	1868	Ditto
Ráy, Durgádás,	...	1861	Ditto
Gopálchandra,	...	1865	Ditto
Haranáth,	...	1867	Ditto
Mahimáchandra,	...	1870	Ditto
Navagopál,	...	1865	Ditto
Táráprasanna,	...	1867	Ditto
Táráprasanna,	...	1869	Ditto
Umeschandra,	...	1867	Ditto
Sádhu, Ramanchandra,	...	1863	Ditto
Sarkár, Bhuvanmohan,	...	1861	Ditto
Sasibhushan,	...	1867	Ditto
Sen, Baláichandra,	...	1863	Ditto
Kedárnáth,	...	1869	Ditto
Kisarimohan,	...	1868	Ditto
Upendranáth,	...	1865	Ditto
Sikdár, Srináth,	...	1869	Ditto
Sinha, Suryynáráyan,	...	1865	Ditto
Ulla, Adit,	...	1868	Ditto

1871.

Bandyopádyháy, Avináschandra,	Medical College.
Bará, Sivrám,	Ditto
Basu, Gopálchandra,	Ditto
Krishnacharan,	Ditto
Battácháryya, Nandálál,	Ditto
Sivchandra,	Ditto

Chakravarti, Suryyakumár,	...	Medical College.
Chaudhuri, Kaliprasanna,	...	Ditto
Dás, Chunilál,	...	Ditto
Datta, Brajendrakumár,	...	Ditto
Haralál,	...	Ditto
Do, Jadunáth,	...	Ditto
Dhol, Bipinvihári,	...	Ditto
Gupta, Avináschandra,	...	Ditto
Dwárikánáth,	...	Ditto
Láhá, Navinchandra,	...	Ditto
Lutful, Khabir,	...	Ditto
Majumdár, Amritalál,	...	Ditto
Mallik, Rájendranáth,	...	Ditto
Mitra, Dinanáth,	...	Ditto
Mukhopádhyáy, Kesavchandra,	...	Ditto
Sarkár, Nandalál,	...	Ditto
Sen, Makhodácharan,	...	Ditto
Piyárilál,	...	Ditto
Sinha, Purnáchandra,	...	Ditto
Zalnur Ali Ahmed,	...	Ditto
Zuhur Uddin,	...	Ditto

Under-Graduates.

FIRST M. B. EXAMINATION.

1870.

FIRST DIVISION.

Dás, Pramathnáth,	...	Medical College.

SECOND DIVISION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Basu, Biháriláll,	...	Medical College.
Bhattácháryya, Srináth,	...	Ditto
Mitra, Umeshchandra,	...	Ditto

1871.

SECOND DIVISION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Ghosh, Nilmani,	...	Medical College.
Sarkar, Krishnagopál,	...	Ditto

FIRST L. M. S. EXAMINATION.

1870.

(UNDER THE OLD REGULATIONS.)

FIRST DIVISION.

Sáhá, Brajanáth,	...	Medical College.

(UNDER THE NEW REGULATIONS.)

In Alphabetical Order.

Bandyopádhyáy, Harakánta,	...	Medical College.
Sivchandra,	...	Ditto
Nandalál,	...	Ditto
Basák, Sanátan,	...	Ditto
Basu, Aghornáth,	...	Ditto
Chandrakánta,	...	Ditto
Hiralál,	...	Ditto
Jádavchandra,	...	Ditto
Trailokyanáth,	...	Ditto
Bhar, Girischandra,	...	Ditto
Chattopádhyáy, Bhuvanmohan,	...	Ditto
Nilkánta,	...	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Bijaygovinda,	...	Ditto
Dás, Binadvihári	...	Ditto
Háránchandra,	...	Ditto
Datta, Gaurmohan,	...	Ditto
Govardhan,	...	Ditto
Hiralál,	...	Ditto
De, Háránchandra,	...	Ditto
Káláchand,	...	Ditto
Upendranath,	...	Ditto

Ghosh, Binadvihári,	...	Medical College
Navinchandra,	...	Ditto
Ratikánta,	...	Ditto
Háldár, Nidhulál,	..	Ditto
Khán, Akbar,	...	Ditto
Mallik, Jogendranáth,	...	Ditto
Pál, Bihárilál,	...	Ditto
Ráy, Gopálchandra,	...	Ditto
Rádhánáth,	...	Ditto
Sarkár, Nilmani,	...	Ditto
Sureschandra,	...	Ditto
Sen, Abhaykumár,	...	Ditto
Durgadás,	...	Ditto
Dwárikánáth,	...	Ditto
Jádavkrishna,	...	Ditto
Krishnadás,	...	Ditto
Mathurnáth,	...	Ditto
Rákhálchandra,	...	Ditto
Set, Rajaninath,	...	Ditto
Sinha, Durgácharan,	...	Ditto

1871.

In Alphabetical Order.

Bandyopádhyáy, Kisarilál,	Medical College.
Basu, Dharmadas,	Ditto
Hemnáth	Ditto
Haranáth,	Ditto
Kesavchandra,	Ditto
Ramánáth,	Ditto
Bhattácháryya, Amritalál,	Ditto
Durgádás,	Ditto
Chakravarti, Sastivar,	Ditto
Chattopádhyáy, Rajanikumár,	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Brajanáth,	Ditto
Dás, Benimádháv,	Ditto
Purnachandra,	Ditto
Rámkumár,	Ditto

Datta, Baikunthánath,	...	Medical College
Batakrishna,	...	Ditto
Binaykrishna,	...	Ditto
Navinchandra,	...	Ditto
De, Rámkrishna,	...	Ditto
Ghosh, Jogendranáth,	...	Ditto
Gupta, Chandrakumár,	...	Ditto
Háldár, Prasitosh,	...	Ditto
Láhá, Asutosh,	...	Ditto
Láhiri, Bhushanchándra,	...	Ditto
Majumdár, Annadáprasád,	...	Ditto
Mukhopádhyáy, Gyánendranáth,	...	Ditto
Hemchandra,	...	Ditto
Munsi, Amritalal,	...	Ditto
Nandi, Kunjavihari,	...	Ditto
Pál, Bholánáth,	...	Ditto
Jánakináth,	...	Ditto
Tárinicharan,	...	Ditto
Ráha, Kamalkrishna,	...	Ditto
Ráy, Devendranáth,	...	Ditto
Rámmay,	...	Ditto
Sarkár, Jádavkrishna,	...	Ditto
Sen, Isánchandra,	...	Ditto
Umeschandra,	...	Ditto

SCHOLARSHIPS.

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IN MIDWIFERY.

Chattopádhyáy, Syámácharan	..	1867	Medical College.
Gupta, Kálipada,	..	1868	Ditto

IN MEDICINE.

Ráy, Isánchandra,	1869	Medical College.
Guptá Bankavihári,	1871	Ditto

At Second L. M. S. Examination, Rs. 40 per month, tenable for two years.

IN MIDWIFERY.

Sarkár, Mahendralál.	...	1861	Medical College.
Nandi, Nityánanda,	...	1862	Ditto

IN SURGERY.

Bandyopádhyáy, Rájkrishna,	...	1861,	Medical College.
Koch, E. L.	...	1862,	Ditto
Keyt, F.	...	1863,	Ditto
Ghosh, Chandramohan,	...	1864,	Ditto
Ray, Gopálchandra,	...	1865,	Ditto
Chattopádhyáy, Govindachandra,	...	1866,	Ditto
Gupta, Mahendranáth,	...	1867,	Ditto
Goswami, Gopálchandra,	...	1869,	Ditto

IN MEDICINE,

Sarkár, Mahendralál,	...	1861	Medical College
Nandi, Nityánanda	...	1862	Ditto
Haldár, Kálachánd,	...	1862	Ditto
Mitra, Kásikinkar,	...	1865	Ditto
Datta, Háránchandra,	...	1866	Ditto
Ráy, Táráprasanna,	...	1867	Ditto
Bandyopádhyáy, Rájmohan,	...	1868	Ditto

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IN DESCRIPTIVE AND SURGICAL ANATOMY.

Chattopádhyáy, Syámácharan,	..	1865	Medical College.
Ráy, Isánchandra,	...	1866	Ditto

IN MATERIA MEDICA AND PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY.

Peters, C. T.	...	1866	Medical College.
Dás, Pramathanáth,	...	1870	Ditto

IN BOTANY.

Gupta, Kálipada,	...	1866	Medical College.

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IN DESCRIPTIVE AND SURGICAL ANATOMY.

Bandyopádhyáy, Rájkrishna,	...	1858	Medical College.
Bandernaike, A. W. D.	...	1859	Ditto
Ghosh, Chandramohan,	...	1863	Ditto
De, Akshaykumár,	...	1863	Ditto
Chattopádhyáy, Govindachandra,	...	1864	Ditto

IN CHEMISTRY.

Mitra, Navinchandra,	...	1858	Medical College.
Koch, E. L.	...	1859	Ditto
Rudra, Radháraman,	...	1860	Ditto
Som, Dayálchandra,	...	1862	Ditto
Pál, Janaranjan,	...	1863	Ditto
Datta, Háránchandra,	..	1864	Ditto
Bandyopádhyáy, Rájmohan,	...	1866	Ditto

IN MATERIA MEDICA.

McReddie, G. D.	...	1858	Medical College.
Áchárya, Kámikhyánáth,	...	1856	Ditto
Háldár, Káláchand,	...	1860	Ditto
Basu, Benimádhav,	...	1862	Ditto
Bandyopádhyáy, Jádavchandra,	...	1863	Ditto
Sáhá, Brajanáth,	...	1870	Ditto

IN BOTANY.

Sarkár, Mahendralál,	...	1858	Medical College.
Nandi, Nityánanda,	...	1859	Ditto
Carbery, Joseph,	...	1860	Ditto
Datta, Kedárnáth,	...	1863	Ditto
Basu, Priyánath,	...	1865	Ditto

IN PHYSIOLOGY AND COMPARATIVE ANATOMY.

Mitra, Matilál,	...	1864	Medical College.
Ráy, Táráprasanna,	...	1865	Ditto
Gangopádhyáy, Harischandra,	...	1866	Ditto

VI.

EXAMINATION PAPERS.

Entrance Examination.

1870.

ENGLISH POETRY.

Examiners.— { Dr. Robson.
Mr. Parry.

1. (*a*) State in your own words the substance of the following passage, and explain its connexion with the context:—

"See *then* the quiver broken and decay'd,
In which are kept our arrows. *Rusting* there
In wild disorder and unfit for use,
What wonder if, *discharged* into the world,
They shame their shooters with a random flight,
Their points obtuse, and feathers drunk with wine.
Well may the church wage unsuccessful war
With such artill'ry *arm'd*. Vice parries *wide*
Th' undreaded volley with a sword of straw,
And stands an impudent and fearless *mark*."

(*b*) Give a general analysis of the first six lines.

(*c*) Parse the italicized words.

2. Explain the following:—

(*a*) Unskilful he to fawn, or seek for power,
By doctrines fashion'd to the varying hour.

(*b*) Spontaneous joys, where nature has its play,
The soul adopts, and owns their first-born sway,

(*c*) The country blooms—a garden, and a grave.

(*d*) The day's disasters in his morning face.

(*e*) The snow shall be their winding-sheet.

(*f*) 'Tis the sunset of life gives me mystical lore
And coming events cast their shadows before.

(*g*) In every clime the magnet of his soul,
Touched by remembrance, trembles to that pole.

(*h*) The broad sun above laughed a pitiless laugh.

3. Explain the historical and other allusions in the following:—

(*a*) —Be grooms and win the plate
Where once your nobler fathers won a crown!

(*b*) Where furious Frank and fiery Hun
Shout in their sulph'rous canopy.

(*c*) Proud Cumberland prances, insulting the slain.

(*d*) I tell thee, Culloden's dread echoes shall ring
With the bloodhounds that bark for thy fugitive king.

(*e*) Thy waters washed them power while they were free
And many a tyrant since.

(*f*) And wild and high the 'Cameron's gathering' rose!
The war-note of Lochiel which Albyn's hills
Have heard, and heard, too, have her Saxon foes.

(*g*) So, when the Jewish Leader stretch'd his arm
And waved his rod divine——

4. Distinguish between metrical and grammatical combinations, and also between rhyme and rhythm.

What are single, double, and triple rhymes?
Give an example of each.

5. Define the terms—Elision, Ellipsis, Pleonasm, Apocope, Metonymy, and Metaphor.

Give an example of each.

6. Add appropriate prepositions to the following words:—confide, atone, brag, cope, deluged, equivalent, grumble, compatible.

Illustrate them in sentences.

7. Derive and explain the following words:—emparadise, bayonet, homogeneal, discordant, eyrie, dunce, disaster, delinquent, melancholy, equinoctial.

8. What are the principal characteristics of Wordsworth's poetry? What is the title of his chief poem? What name is given to the School of poetry of which he was the founder? Name the poets who belong to it.

9. Scan the following verses, and specify the metres and feet:—

(*a*) Say, rush'd the bold eagle exultingly forth
From his home in the dark rolling clouds of the north?

(*b*) They wrapt the ship in splendour wild,
They caught the flag on high.

(*c*) Without a grave, unknell'd, uncoffin'd, and unknown.

(*d*) I sprang to the stirrup and Joris, and he;
I galloped, Dirck galloped, we galloped all three.

ENGLISH PROSE.

Examiners.— { Rev. J. Naylor.
Rev. R. Robinson.

1. Explain the following:—

(*a*) The roofs were turned into arches of massy stone, joined by a cement that grew harder by time; and the

building stood from century to century, deriding the solstitial rains and equinoctial hurricanes, without need of reparation.

(*b*) Fancy betrays the fortresses of the intellect to rebels, and excites her children to sedition against their lawful sovereign.

(*c*) We differ from each other, when we see only part of the question, as in the multifarious relations of politics and morality; but when we perceive the whole at once, as in numerical computations, all agree in judgment.

(*d*) I could not but look upon these registers of existence, whether of brass or marble, as a kind of satire upon the departed persons; who had left no other memorial of them, but that they were born and that they died.

(*e*) There is not in my opinion anything more mysterious in nature than this instinct in animals, which thus rises above reason, and falls infinitely short of it.

(*f*) The apothecary is perpetually employed in countermining the cook and the vintner.

2. What are the various meanings of *period*, *community*, *point* (verb), *offices*, *habits*? Give illustrative sentences.

What is the meaning of *methought*?

3. "In the assembly, where you passed the last night, "there appeared such sprightliness of air, and volatility "of fancy, as might have suited beings of a higher order, "formed to inhabit serener regions, inaccessible to care or "sorrow: yet, believe me, prince, there was not one who "did not dread the moment when solitude should deliver "him to the tyranny of reflection."

(*a*) Give a list of the words of classical origin in the above sentence.

(*b*) Write out the sentence, employing, as far as possible, words of pure English origin.

4. Explain the allusions in the following sentences:—

(*a*) The wonder of the fabric, however, was a tower of colossal dimensions and great height, erected somewhat in the manner and spirit of those who once reared a similar structure on the plains of Shinar.

(*b*) A brilliant effort of his genius to crush the hydra-headed power of Naploeon was defeated by the battle of Austerlitz.

(*c*) Could I soar with the phœnix on ashes of fame,
With it I would wish to expire in the blaze.

(*d*) This exclusion made way for Archimedes, who came forward with a scheme of mathematical figures in his hand; among which I observed a cone and a cylinder.

(*e*) As her mantle flew in the wind I could not discern the particular design of the figures on it, but saw wounds in the bodies of some and agonies in the faces of others, and over one part of it could read in letters of blood, "The Ides of March."

(*f*) As I was counting the Arches, the Genius told me that the bridge consisted at first of a thousand arches; but that a great flood swept away the rest and left the bridge in the ruinous condition I now beheld it.

5. (*a*) Of what words are the following the shortened forms:—liberty, theatre, walks (verb), shan't, won't, mob, incog., Nick? How does Addison account for these contractions?

(*b*) "I might here observe, that the same single letter "on many occasions does the office of a whole word, and "represents the 'his' and 'her' of our forefathers."

Explain this observation and say if it is correct.

(*c*) Of what uncertainty in the use of the relatives "whom" and "which" does Addison speak? How does he think the doubt must be settled?

6. What figures are used in the following sentences? Express in plain language the meaning of the first sentence:—

(*a*) The world which you figure to yourself smooth and quiet as the lake in the valley, you will find a sea foaming with tempests and boiling with whirlpools.

(*b*) I would relieve every distress, and should enjoy the benedictions of gratitude.

(*c*) The name of the first was Plenty, of the second Commerce.

(*d*) Whatever the acuteness of the bar, the dignity of the senate, or the morality of the pulpit could furnish, had not been equal to what the house had that day heard in Westminster Hall.

7. Analyse—

"How can we find that wisdom, which shines through "all his works, in the formation of man, without looking "on this world as only a nursery for the next, and be-"lieving that the several generations of rational creatures, "which rise up and disappear in such quick successions, "are only to receive their first rudiments of existence here, "and afterwards to be transplanted into a more friendly "climate, where they may spread and flourish to all "eternity."

8. Correct the following and give your reasons for the changes you make:—

The Mathematics are acquired with difficulty.

He told that I am going home.

I am sick from yesterday.

I said that I will try,

He lives at Calcutta.

Chandra has taken leave from the master for his illness.

9. Reproduce in your own words either Imlac's thoughts on Pilgrimages, or Addison's thoughts on Fame.

LATIN POETRY.

Examiner.—Mr. Rowe, B. A.

1. Translate :—

(*a*) Huc septem Æneas collectis navibus omni
Ex numero subit; ac magno telluris amore
Egressi optata potiuntur Troes arena
Et sale tabentes artus in litore ponunt.
Ac primum silici scintillam excudit Achates
Suscepitque ignem foliis atque arida circum
Nutrimenta dedit rapuitque in fomite flammam.
Tum Cererem corruptam undis Cerealiaque arma
Expediunt fessi rerum, frugesque receptas
Et torrere parant flammis et frangere saxo.

Parse *tabentes, silici, rerum :* what other case might have been put after *fessi.*

Explain the expression *Cerealia arma.*

(*b*) Jamque ibat dicto parens et dona Cupido
Regia portabat Tyriis, duce lætus Achate.
Quum venit aulæis jam se regina superbis
Aurea composuit sponda mediamque locavit.
Jam pater Æneas et jam Trojana juventus
Conveniunt stratoque super discumbitur ostro.
Dant famuli manibus lymphas, Cereremque canistris
Expediunt tonsisque ferunt mantelia villis
Quinquaginta intus famulæ quibus ordine longam
Cura penum struere, et flammis adolere Penates;
Centum aliæ totidemque pares ætate ministri
Qui dapibus mensas onerent ac pocula ponant.

Parse *dicto, aurea, discumbitur.*

What is the force of the subjunctive mood in the verbs *onerent* and *ponant*: write down all the other ways in which the same idea may be expressed in Latin.

2. Translate :—

Arma amens capio ; nec sat rationis in armis ;
Sed glomerare manum bello et concurrere in arcem
Cum sociis ardent animi : furor iraque mentem
Præcipitant, pulchrumque mori succurrit in armis.
Ecce autem Panthus telis elapsus Achivom,
Panthus Othryades, arcis Phœbique sacerdos,
Sacra manu victosque deos parvumque nepotem
Ipse trahit, cursuque amens ad limina tendit.
Quo res summa loco, Panthu ? quam prendimus arcem ?
Vix ea fatus eram, gemitu quum talia reddit :
Venit summa dies et ineluctabile fatum
Dardaniæ. Fuimus Troes, fuit Ilium et ingens
Gloria Teucrorum : ferus omnia Jupiter Argos
Transtulit : incensa Danai dominantur in urbe.

Parse *rationis, mori ;* what is nominative to the verb *succurrit ?* decline *Argos,* in what case is it here, and why ? Give the full force of the tense of the verb *fuimus.*

3. Explain briefly the expressions :—

Urbs Sidonia ; Tyndaridis Lacænæ facies ; Apollinis infula ; equo ne credite Teucri ; Argivæ Helenæ ornatus ; Pallas nimbo effulgens et Gorgone sæva ; Cassandra dei jussu non unquam credita Teucris ; geminos Triones ; laticem Lyæum ; facti de nomine Byrsam.

4. Write down a scheme of the metre of the Æneid : what is meant by *Cæsura, spondaic lines ?*

Scan the following lines, pointing out any metrical peculiarity :—

(*a*) Posthabita coluisse Samo ; hic illius arma—

(*b*) Qui teneant, nam inculta videt, hominesne feræne,

(*c*) Jactemur, doceas. Ignari hominumque locorumque Erramus....

(*d*) Tune ille Æneas quem Dardanio Anchisæ—

(*e*) Aurea composuit sponda mediamque locavit

(*f*) Constitit atque oculis Phrygia agmina circumspexit—

(*g*) Hærent parietibus scalæ postesque sub ipsos—

5. By what cases in Latin are the following ideas expressed:—

(*a*) Motion towards and rest in a place.

(*b*) Point of time and duration of time.

(*c*) Quality or character.

Give short sentences exemplifying each of the rules you give.

LATIN PROSE.

Examiner.—Mr. Dick, M. A.

1. Translate:—

Potestne tibi hæc lux, Catilina, aut hujus cœli spiritus esse jucundus, quum scias horum esse neminem, qui nesciat, te pridie Kalendas Januarias, Lepido et Tullo consulibus, stetisse in comitio cum telo? Manum, consulum et principum civitatis interficiendorum causa, paravisse? Sceleri ac furori tuo non mentem aliquam, aut timorem tuum, sed fortunam populi Romani obstitisse? Ac jam illa omitto. Neque enim sunt aut obscura, aut non multo post commissa. Quoties tu me designatum, quoties consulem interficere conatus es! Quot ego tuas petitiones ita conjectas, ut vitari non posse viderentur, parva quadam declinatione, et, ut aiunt, corpore effugi!

2. Explain:—Kalendæ, Idus, Consul designatus, Secures, and Tabulæ novæ.

3. Give the principal parts of the following verbs, marking the quantity of the important syllable in each:—

audeo, confido, inuro, desino, disco, amictus, oblino, fallo, nactus, and vivo.

4. Distinguish both in meaning and conjugation between the following verbs :—

occīdo and occĭdo, audio and audeo, cepi and cœpi, mollio and molior, delego and diligo.

5. Translate the following short phrases, explaining any peculiarities of construction, or any allusions to history or antiquities that may occur :—

(*a*) Patres Conscripti.

(*b*) Si *me* consulis, and si *mihi* consulis.

(*c*) Habemus *senatusconsultum* in te.

(*d*) Num me fefellit? and nonne me fefellit?

(*e*) Qui vadimoniis, judiciis, proscriptionibus bonorum de fatigati.

6. Compare—nequam, teter, diu, and sæpe; and give the nominative and gentive of facinoribus, dedecore, visceribus, and cinere.

7. Translate :—

Tertium genus est ætate jam affectum, sed tamen exercitatione robustum; quo ex genere iste est Mallius, cui nunc Catilina succedit. Hi sunt homines ex iis coloniis, quas Sulla constituit; quas ego universas civium esse optimorum, et fortissimorum virorum sentio; sed tamen hi sunt coloni, qui se in insperatis repentinisque pecuniis sumptuosius, insolentiusque jactarunt. Hi dum ædificant tanquam beati; dum prædiis, lecticis, familiis magnis, conviviis apparatis delectantur, in tantum æs alienum inciderunt, ut, si salvi esse velint, Sulla sit iis ab inferis excitandus. Sed eos hoc moneo; desinant furere ac proscriptiones et dictaturas cogitare. Tantus enim illorum temporum dolor inustus est civitati, ut jam ista non modo homines, sed ne pecudes quidem mihi passuræ esse videantur.

8. In the above passage explain "ætate affectum:"

what would "ætate confectum" mean? Note the force of "*iste* Mallius." Explain the case of "civium" and of "eos hoc." Parse "universas," "jactarunt," and inciderunt;" and explain the allusion in "proscriptiones et dictaturas."

9. Give the meaning and derivation of the following words:—

Infitiator, irretio, vehementius, naufragus, and auspicium.

10. Correct the following passage, using the annexed translation as a guide:—

Quartus genus sum sane varius, et mixtus, et turbulentus; qui jampridem premo; qui nunquam emergo; qui partim inertia, partim male gero negotium, partim etiam sumptus, in vetus æs alienus vacillo.

The fourth class is indeed motley, and heterogeneous, and factious; who are even now crushed; who will never recover; who partly by idleness, partly by mismanagement, partly also by extravagance, stagger under an old load of debt.

SANSKRIT.

Examiners.— { PANDIT AGHOR NATH TATVANIDHI.
BABU NUKALESWAR BANDYOPADHYAY.

1. स ददर्श समायान्तमन्मत्तैरावतस्थितम् ।
त्रैलोक्याधिपतिं देवं सह देवैः शचीपतिम् ॥
तामात्मनः स शिरसः स्रजमुन्मत्तषट्पदाम् ।
आदायामरराजाय चिक्षेपोन्मत्तवन्मुनिः ॥
गृहीत्वामरराजेन स्वैरावतमूर्द्धनि ।
न्यस्ता रराज कैलासशिखरे जाह्नवी यथा ॥
मदान्धकारिताक्षोऽसौ गन्धाकृष्टेन वारणः ।

करेणादाय चिक्षेप तां स्रजं धरणीतले ॥
ततश्चुक्रोध भगवान् दुर्व्वासा मुनिपुङ्गवः ।
मैत्रेय देवराजं तं क्रुद्धश्चैतदुवाच ह ॥

(*a*) Explain the above passage in Sanscrit, or in your own vernacular language.

(*b*) Explain the samásas (समास) in the words underlined in the preceding passage.

(*c*) Give the roots of ददर्श, चिक्षेप, चुक्रोधः and न्यस्ता, and their present tense third singular, and the past passive participle of the first three.

(*d*) Give the meanings of वारण and पुङ्गव.

2. यो जानाति परप्रज्ञां नीतिशास्त्रानुसारिणीम् ।
विज्ञायेह तथा कुर्य्यादापदं निस्तरेद्यथा ॥
अलोहं निशितं शस्त्रं शरीरपरिकर्त्तनम् ।
यो वेत्ति न तु तं घ्नन्ति प्रतिघातविदं द्विषः ॥
कक्षघ्नः शिशिरघ्नश्च महाकक्षे विलोकमः ।
न दहेदिति चात्मानं यो रक्षति स जीवति ॥
नाचक्षुर्वेत्ति पन्थानं नाचक्षुर्विन्दते दिशः ।
नाशुतिर्भूतिमाप्नोति बुध्यस्वैवं प्रबोधितः ॥

(*a*) Explain the meanings of the words underlined.

(*b*) Parse घ्नन्ति, विन्दते, वेत्ति, आप्नोति, and बुध्यस्व ।

3. Turn the following slokas (श्लोक) into prose, using, as far as possible, other words than in the text.

इत्युक्तः सकलं मात्रे कथयामास तद्यथा ।
सुरुचिः प्राह भूपालप्रत्यक्षमपि गर्व्विता ॥
विनिश्चस्येति कथिते तस्मिन पुत्रे सुदुर्मनाः ।
श्वासक्षामेक्षणा दीना सुनीतिर्वाक्यमब्रवीत् ॥
सुरुचिः सत्यमाहेदं स्वल्पभाग्योऽसि पुत्रक ।
नहि पुण्यवतां वत्स सपत्नैरेवमुच्यते ॥
मोद्वेगस्तात कर्त्तव्यः कृतं यद्भवता पुरा ।
तत् कोऽपहर्त्तुं शक्नोति दातुं कस्याकृतं त्वया ॥

राज्यासनं तथा छत्रं वराश्वा वरवारणाः ।
यस्य पुण्यानि तस्यैते मत्वैतच्छाम्य पुत्त्रक ॥
यदाश्रौषं न विदुर्मामकास्तान्
प्रच्छन्नरूपान् वसतः पाण्डवेयान् ।
विराटराष्ट्रे सह कृष्णया तया
तदा नाशंसे विजयाय सञ्जय ॥
यदाश्रौषं मामकानां वरिष्ठान्
धनञ्जयेनैकरथेन भग्नान् ।
विराटराष्ट्रे वसता महात्मना
तदा नाशंसे विजयाय सञ्जय ॥
यदाश्रौषं निर्जितस्याधनस्य
प्रव्राजितस्य स्वजनात् प्रच्युतस्य ।
अक्षौहिणीः सप्त युधिष्ठिरस्य
तदा नाशंसे विजयाय सञ्जय ॥

4. Render the following sentences into Sanscrit:

Gold is of a deep yellow colour; it is very pretty and bright. Almost all things are lighter than gold. Mohurs are made of gold. Silver is white and shining. Rupees are made of silver. Silver comes from a great way off.

SANSKRIT.

Examiners.— { REV. BIPRO CHARAN CHAKRAVARTI.
BABU SOMNATH MUKHOPADHYAY.

1. शनैर्णा नहि सन्दध्यात् सुश्लिष्टेनापि सन्धिना ।
सुतप्तमपि पानीयं शमयत्येव पावकम् ॥
यदि नित्यमनित्येन निर्मलं मलवाहिना ।
यशः कायेन लभ्येत तन्न लब्धं भवेन्न किम् ॥
शरीरस्य गुणानाञ्च दूरमत्यन्तमन्तरम् ।
शरीरं क्षणविध्वंसि कल्पान्तस्थायिनो गुणाः ॥
अपराधो न मेऽस्तीति नैतद्विश्वासकारणम् ।
विद्यते हि नृशंसेभ्यो भयं गुणवतामपि ॥

(1.) Turn the first four lines into prose, using, as far as possible, words different from the text.

(2.) Convert the first two lines into the passive form.

(3.) Explain the last two lines.

(4.) What part of the verb is सन्दध्यात्? Give its root and its present tense, third person singular, dual and plural, and its imperative second person singular.

(5.) To what does सुश्लिष्टेन refer?

(6.) Give the infinitive mood of the root from which वाहिना is derived.

(7.) In what voice or वाच्य is लभ्येत, in the fourth line, used?

(8.) Parse क्षणविध्वंसि, and alter it into objective plural, and dative singular, of all genders.

(9.) What is the meaning of कल्पः?

(10.) Give the active and passive present participles of the root from which स्थायिनः is derived.

2. Give the roots of विखञ्जे, नियता, मोढुं, छिन्धि, and द्यूतं। and the etymological meanings of अतिथिः, व्याधः दायादाः, पातकं, शास्त्रं।

3. तच्छ्रुत्वा मार्ज्जारो भूमिं स्पृष्ट्वा कर्णौ स्पृशति ब्रूते च मया धर्म्मशास्त्रं श्रुत्वा वीतरागेणेदं दुष्करं व्रतं चान्द्रायणमध्यवसितम्। यतः परस्परं विवदमानानामपि धर्म्मशास्त्राणां अहिंसा परमो धर्म्म इत्यत्रैकमत्यम्।

(1.) What is meant by वीतरागेण, and by व्रतं?

(2.) Give a synonym of अध्यवसितम्, and its derivation.

(3.) Illustrate the last sentence in Bengali or Sanscrit.

(4.) Why is it विवदमानानाम्, and not विवदतां?

4. न कामये जरां तात कामभोगप्रणाशिनीम्।
बलरूपान्तकरणीं बुद्धिप्राणप्रणाशिनीम्॥
समाधिभङ्गलस्यासीत् तन्ममत्वाहितात्मनः।
संत्यक्तराज्यभोगर्द्धिस्वजनस्यापि भूपतेः॥

Mention the samásas (समास) contained in the above extract.

5. अभिषेक्तुकामं नृपतिं पूरुं पुत्त्रं कनीयसम्।
ब्राह्मणप्रमुखा वर्णा इदं वचनमब्रुवन्॥
यथा च तन्न पश्येरन् परीक्षन्तोऽपि पाण्डवाः।
आग्नेयमिति तत् कार्य्यमपि चान्येऽपि मानवाः॥
भवन्तः सुहृदोऽस्माकमस्मान् कृत्वा प्रदक्षिणम्।
प्रतिनन्द्य तथ शीर्भिर्निवर्त्तध्वं यथा गृहम्॥

Correct grammatically the above quoted sentences.

6. Decline अदस् and चतुर् in all genders and cases; and conjugate रुद् in present tense, ग्रह् in imperative mood, and दृश् in second preterite, or लिट्.

7. Explain the following lines in your own vernacular language:

एकदा निभृतं शृगालो ब्रूते सखे मृग अस्मिन वनैकदेशे शस्यपूर्ण क्षेत्रमस्ति। तदहं त्वां नीत्वा दर्शयामि। तथा कृते सति मृगः प्रत्यहं तत्र गत्वा शस्यं खादति। अथ क्षेत्रपतिना क्षेत्रं दृष्ट्वा पाशो योजितः। अनन्तरं पुनरागतो मृगः पाशैर्बद्धोऽचिन्तयत् को मामितः कालपाशादिव व्याधपाशात्त्रातुं समर्थो मित्रादन्यः। अनन्तरं जम्बुकस्तत्रागत्य उपस्थितोऽचिन्तयत् फलिता तावदस्माकं कपटप्रबन्धेन मनोरथसिद्धिः। एतस्योत्क्षिप्यमानस्य मांसास्थिस्नायूनि अस्थीनि मयावश्यं प्राप्तव्यानि। तानि च बाहुल्येन भोजनानि भविष्यन्ति।

8. एकदा तस्य प्रियसुहृत् वीणाकर्णो नाम परिव्राजकः समायातः। तेन सह कथाप्रसङ्गावस्थितो मम चासार्थं जर्जरवंशखण्डेन चूडाकर्णो भूमिमताडयत्। वीणाकर्ण उवाच सखे किमिति मम कथाविरक्तोऽन्यासक्तो भवान्। चूडाकर्ण उवाच भद्र नाहं विरक्तः किन्तु पश्यायं मूषिको ममापकारी सदा पाचस्थं भिक्षान्नमुत्तम्भ्य भक्षयति। वीणाकर्णो नागदन्तकं विलोक्याहं कथं मूषिकः स्वल्पबलोऽप्येतावद्दूरमुत्पतति। तदत्र केनापि कारणेन भवितव्यम्। क्षणं विचिन्त्य परिव्राजकेनोक्तं कारणञ्चात्र धनबाहुल्यमेव प्रतिभाति।

Translate the preceding passage into English.

BENGALI.

Examiners.— { PANDIT AGHORNATH TATVANIDHI.
BABU NUKALESWAR BANDYOPADHYAY.

1. বিরূপাক্ষচর বলী রক্ষোদূতবেশী
কহিলা, "হে রক্ষঃশ্রেষ্ঠ, হত রণে আজি
কর্ব্বুরকুলের গর্ব্ব মেঘনাদ রথী!
যথা যবে ঘোর বনে নিষাদ বিঁধিলে
মৃগেন্দ্রে নশ্বর শরে, গর্জ্জিত ভীমনাদে
পড়ে মহীতলে হরি, পড়িলা ভূপতি
সভায়! সচিববৃন্দ, হাহাকার রবে,
বেড়িল চৌদিগে শূরে; কেহ বা আনিল
সুশীতল বারি পাত্রে, কেহ বিউনিল।—
অট্টহাসি, লঙ্কাধামে সাজিলা ভৈরবী
রক্ষঃকুল-অনীকিনী—উগ্রচণ্ডা রণে।
গজরাজতেজঃ ভুজে; অশ্বগতি পদে;
স্বর্ণরথ শিরঃচূড়া; অঞ্চল পতাকা
রত্নময়.

(*a*) Explain the above passage in simple Bengali.

(*b*) Explain the samâsas (সমাস) in the words underlined.

(*c*) Give the meanings of কর্ব্বুর, নশ্বর, বিরূপাক্ষচর, সচিব, and বিউনিল.

2. আলাপনে উঠে গেল বাক্যের তরঙ্গ।
প্রসঙ্গ প্রসঙ্গ ক্রমে বিবিধ প্রসঙ্গ॥
পূর্ব্বপক্ষ সিদ্ধান্ত প্রভৃতি আছে যত।
পথ পরিশ্রম তাহে করিলেন গত॥

(*a*) What are the different meanings of প্রসঙ্গ in the second line.

(*b*) Give the meanings of the words পূর্ব্বপক্ষ and সিদ্ধান্ত.

3. আইল রে গ্রীষ্মকাল, যেন কালান্তের কাল,
সৃষ্টি দহিবারে যেন অতি ক্রোধ ভরে রে।

জগত্ লোচন রবি, ধরি দাবানল রবি,
সহায় হইল সঙ্গে লয়ে খর করে রে ॥
অগ্নিমূর্ত্তি সমীরণ, সদা যেন করে রণ,
জগতের প্রাণ হয়ে যেন প্রাণ হরে রে।
সকলের কলবরে, অহরহ ঘর্ম্ম করে,
নিদাঘে নিখিল বীজ জ্বলিছে অন্তরে রে ॥

(*a*) Give the derivations of সৃষ্টি, লোচন, জগৎ, and ক্রোধ.

(*b*) Why is রবি called জগৎ লোচন?

(*c*) Explain the meanings of কালান্তের কাল, and অগ্নিমূর্ত্তি সমীরণ.

(*d*) Explain the sandhi (সন্ধি) in অহরহ.

4. Give the feminines of the following words:—শ্রেয়ান্, কনীয়ান্, সরল, মেধাবী, বিদ্বান্, and বশবর্ত্তী.

5. Make what corrections you think necessary in the following:—

রণজীৎশীৎহের রাজ্য সোময়ে গুরু নাণকের মত নিরঙ্কুষভাবে পাঞ্জাবে প্রচলিৎ হইয়াছিল এক্ষণে সে মত তেমং প্রসিদ্ধ নাই।

6. Translate the following passage into Bengali:—

Though the Hindus are evidently not the aborigines of the country, there can be little doubt that they are the earliest conquerors. The date of their arrival, it is in vain now to seek. They came from the west, in an advanced period of society, and crossing the Indus, spread over the northern parts of Hindustan. At successive intervals, other immigrants poured in from the same quarter, with perhaps new ideas of religion, which being engrafted on that which was first introduced, gradually formed the Hindu system.

BENGALI.

Examiners.— { REV. BIPROCHARAN CHAKRAVARTI.
BABU SOMNATH MUKHOPADHYÁY.

1. "আন্তরিক ভাবমাত্রই নয়নদ্বারা বিলক্ষণ প্রকাশমান হয়। বিশেষতঃ প্রকৃত অনুরাগের অঙ্কুরোদয় হইলে প্রণয়িযুগলের প্রীতিপ্রফুল্লনেত্রে এমত রমণীয় সস্নেহ সতৃষ্ণদৃষ্টি ধারণ করে যে, দেখিবামাত্রই পরস্পরের মন বিকসিত হইয়া উঠে, এবং কথা না কহিলেও তাদৃশ নয়ন দ্বারাই মনোগত সমুদায় ভাব ব্যক্ত হইয়া যায়।"

Explain the foregoing lines in Bengali in words different from the text.

2. "পশুযোনিতে ঈদৃশ মানুষসদৃশ বাৎসল্য ভাব অবলোকনে কাহার মনে সত্ত্ব গুণের উদয় না হয়?"

(1.) What is meant by সত্ত্বগুণ here?

(2.) How many attributes are there, and what are the functions attached to them?

3. Give the meanings of the following:—

উপযোগ, কোবিদ, অপসব্য, আভিজাত্য, আনুষঙ্গিক, গাধেয়, আভিচারিক, ত্রয়ী.

4. "বক্তৃতার পরিমাণ করা বক্তার কর্ত্তব্য নহে শ্রোতারাই তাহা করিয়া থাকে।"

"অন্ধ ব্যক্তিদিগের যেমন অন্ধত্বই পীড়া, মূর্খ লোকদিগের তদ্রূপ মূর্খতাই রোগ।"

"যদি উজ্জ্বলতাপেক্ষা কলঙ্ককে উত্তম জ্ঞান না কর তবে আলস্যাপেক্ষা শ্রমকে শ্রেয়স্কর জানিও।"

"যদি আমার ক্রোধোদয় না হইত তবে তোমাকে প্রহার করিতাম।

"তুমি ইহাকে প্রহার কর, কেননা আমি রাগান্বিত হইয়াছি।"

Explain fully the first three lines, and give the purport of the last two.

5. Name the six Dursans (দর্শন.)

6. What are অন্ধগোলাঙ্গূলন্যায়, ঘুণাক্ষরন্যায়, and হস্তামলকন্যায়!

7. Explain the following philosophical terms :—

উদ্দেশ্য, বিধেয়, অনুবৃত্তি প্রকৃতিপ্রধান এবং মায়াবাদ,

8. Write a short essay in Bengali of about twenty lines on—

"জ্ঞানী লোক লোকান্তরে করিলে গমন।
কীর্ত্তি তাঁর ধরাতলে করে হে রমণ।।"

9. Mention the samâsas (সমাস) in the following :—

ভূতজ্ঞানুসন্ধায়ী, হ্রদীযত্রিকোণমণ্ডল, ষোড়শবর্ষবয়ঃক্রম সময়ে, ইন্দ্রিয়প্রীতিপরায়ণ, সর্ব্বসুখনিদান.

10. Give the derivation of অধ্যাপন, পরিণাম, বক্তা লিপ্সা, ম্লান, তত্রত্য, হৈতুক, and বস্ত্র.

11. Convert the following substantives into adjectives, and the adjectives into substantives :—

ব্যক্তি, উপভোগ, প্রস্তুত, শুষ্ক, শক্তি, পুরস্কার, অবধান, উদ্বাহ, উত্তপ্ত কর্ম্মচারী.

12. Give the masculines of the following feminines, and the feminines of the masculines :—

মোহিনী, দার্শনিক, নিকটবর্ত্তী, যোদ্ধা, মহীযসী, ভবানী!

13. "রে বৎস! তুমি অদ্য অতি সুকৃত করিয়াছ, অতএব যিনি নিকৃষ্ট উৎকৃষ্ট সমস্ত জীবকে সমভাবে সুখ দুঃখভাজন করিয়া সৃষ্টি করিয়াছেন, সেই পরাৎপর পরমাত্মা তোমার প্রতি তুষ্ট হইয়াছেন; এবং তাঁহার অনুগ্রহ বশাৎ তুমি অচিরে গজনন্ নগরের অধিপতি হইবে; কিন্তু দেখিও, যেন প্রভুত্বমদে মত্ত হইয়া নিজ নৈসর্গিক দয়া দাক্ষিণ্য বিবর্জ্জিত হইও না, অদ্য পশুযোনির প্রতি যাদৃশ সদয়তা প্রকাশ করিয়াছ যাবজ্জীবন নরলোকের প্রতিও তাদৃশ ব্যবহার করিও।"

Translate the preceding lines into English.

HINDI.

Examiner.—Rev. K. M. Banerjea.

1. Translate the following passage into English :—

बर्ष चारिदस बिपिन बसि करि पितुबचन प्रमान ।
आय पाय पुनि देखिहौं मन जनि करसि मलान ॥
बचन बिनीत मधुर रघुबर के । सर सम लगे मातुउर करके ॥
सहमि सूखि सुनि सीतल बानी । जिमि जवास पर पावस पानी ॥
कहि न जाइ कछु हृदय बिषादू । जनु सहमे करि केहरिनादू ॥
नयन सलिल तनु थरहर कांपी । मांजा मनहुं मीन कहं ब्यापी ॥
धरि धीरज सुतबदन निहारी । गद्गद बचन कहति महतारी ॥
तात पितहि तुम प्रानपिआरे । देखि मुदित नित चरित तुम्हारे ॥
राज देन कहें सुभ दिन साधा । कहेउ जान बन केहि अपराधा ॥
तात सुनावहु मोहि निदानू । को दिनकरकुल भयउ कृसानु ॥
नरखि रामरुख सचिवसुत कारन कहउ बुझाइ ।
सुनि प्रसंग रहि मूकगति दसा बरनि नहिं जाइ ॥

2. Parsé पाय and मन in the 2nd line.

जटा मुकुट मोसन सुभग उर भुज नयन बिसाल ।
सरदपर्ब बिधुबदन बर लसत खेदकनजाल ॥
बरनि न जाइ मनोहर जोरी । सोभा अमित मोरि मति थोरी ॥
रामलषनसियसदरताई । सब चितवहिं मति मन चित लाई ॥
थके नारि नर प्रेमपियासे । मनहुं मृगी मृग देखि दियासे ॥
सीय समीप ग्रामतिय जाहीं । पूछत अति सनेह सकुचाहीं ॥
बार बार सब लागहिं पाये । कहहिं बचन मृदु सरल सुहाये ॥
राजकुमारि बिनय हम करहीं । तियसुभाउ कछु पूछत डरहीं ॥
स्वामिनि अविनय छमब हमारी । बिलगु न मानब जानि गंवारी ॥
राजकुंवर द्वौ सहज सलोने । इन ते लहि दुति मरकत सोने ॥
स्यामल गौर किसोर बर सुंदर सुखमाएन ।
सरदसर्बरीनाथमुख सरदसरोरुहनैन ॥

3. Turn the above lines into prose, using as far as you can words different from the text.

4. Write correctly the originals from which the following words are derived, and show how they have undergone the difference in their spelling.

सीमन सरद् लषन सुभाव छमब कुंवर

कह रघुपति सुनु भामिनि बाता । मानौं एक भक्ति कर नाता ॥
जाति पांति कुल धर्म बड़ाई । धन बल परिजन गुन चतुराई ॥
भक्तिहीन नर सोहै कैसा । बिनु जल बारिद देखिय जैसा ॥
नवधा भक्ति कहौं तोहि पांही । सावधान सुनु धरु मन मांही ॥
प्रथम भक्ति सन्तन्ह कर संगा । दूसरि रति मम कथाप्रसंगा ॥
गुरुपद्पंकजसेवा तीसरि भक्ति अमान ।
चौथि भक्ति मम गुनगन करइ कपट तजि गान ॥ ३० ॥
मंत्रजाप मम दृढ बिस्वासा । पंचम भजन सो वेद प्रकासा ॥
छठ दम सील बिरति बहु कर्मा । निरत निरन्तर सज्जनधर्मा ॥
सातव सम मोहि मय जग देखा । मो तें सन्त अधिक करि लेखा ॥
आठव यथा लाभ सन्तोषा । सपनेहु नहिं देखइ परदोषा ॥
नवम सरल सब सन छलहीना । मम भरोस हिय हरष न दीना ॥
नव महं एकौ चिन्ह के होई । नारि पुरुष सचराचर कोई ॥

5. How many sorts of *Bhakti* are given in the above lines? Explain each briefly in English.

6. What lesson on Caste is given in the above lines?

7. What is the force of the affix हु in words like सपनेहु and of हि as in पितहि in the first extract above?

8. Explain in Hindi the simile in the following lines:

फलभर नम्र विटप सब रहे भूमि नियराइ ।
परउपकारी पुरुष जिमि नव हिं सुसंपति पाइ ॥

HINDI.

Examiner—Rev. K. M. Banerjea.

1. From what source is the story of the Premsagar derived?

2. Translate the following passage into English.

इतनी कथा सुनाय श्री शुकदेव जी ने राजा परीक्षित से कहा कि, महाराज! इसी भांति से काल बस होय राजा सिसुपाल अनक अनेक बुरी बातें श्री कृष्णचंद जी को कहा था, औ श्री कृष्णचंद जी सभा के बीच सिंहासन पर बैठे सुन सुन एक एक बात पर एक एक लकोर खैंचते थे; इस बीच भीष्म, कर्न, द्रोन, औ बड़े बड़े राजा हरि निंदा सुन अति क्रोध कर बोले कि, अरे मूर्ख! तू सभा में बैठा हमारे सन्मुख प्रभु को निंदा करता है, रे चंडाल! चुप रह, नहीं अभी पछाड़ मार डालते हैं, महाराज! यह कह शस्त्र ले ले सब राजा सिसुपाल के मारने को उठ धाए, उस समय श्री कृष्णचंद आनंदकंद ने सब को रोककर कहा की तुम इस पर शस्त्र मत करो, खड़े खड़े देखो, यह आप से आपही मारा जाता है, मैं इस के सौ अपराध सहूंगा, क्योंकि मैं ने बचन हारा है, सौ से बढ़ती न सहूंगा, इसी लिये मैं रेखा काढ़ता जाता हूं.

महाराज! इतनी बात के सुनते ही सब ने हाथ जोड़ श्री कृष्णचंद से पूछा कि, कृपा नाथ! इस का क्या भेद है जो आप इस के सौ अपराध क्षमा करियेगा? सो कृपा कर हमें समझाइये, जो हमारे मन का संदेह जाय. प्रभु बोले कि, जिस समय यह जन्मा था, तिस समय इस के तीन नेत्र औ चार भुजा थीं. यह समाचार पाय इस के पिता राजा दमघोष ने जोतिषियों औ बड़े बड़े पंडितों को बुलायके पूछा कि, यह लड़का कैसा हुआ? इस का बिचार कर मुझे उत्तर दो.

3. Parse बैठा in the sentence तू सभामे बैठा &c.

तम तज केतिक आगे गए, जल में तबे जु पैठत भए.
महा तरंग तासु में लसे, मूंदि आंखि ये ता में धसे.
पहुंचे हुते शेष जी जहां, कृष्ण अरु अर्जुन पहुंचे तहां.

4. Translate the above lines into English.

तुम दोऊ मेरी कला जु आहि, हरि अर्जुन देखो चित चाहि.
भार उतारन भुव पर गए, साधु संत कों बहु सुख दए.
असुर दैत्य तुम सब संहारे, सुर नर मुनि के काज संवारे.
मेरे अंस जु तुम में दे हैं, पूरन काम तुम्हारे कै हैं.

5. Render the above into prose Khariboli.

पृथ्वी की मध्य रेखा से समय के अनुसार सूर्य साढ़े तेईस २

अंश के अनुसार उत्तर दक्षिण होता है इसी कारण पृथ्वी के मध्य के ४७ अंश सूर्य के साम्हने रहते हैं उन्हीं को उष्ण भाग कहते हैं उष्ण भाग से उत्तर और दक्षिण ओर तेतालीस २ अंश साधारण भाग हैं और साधारण भागों के अंत से केंद्रेतक दोनों ओर साढ़े तेईस २ अंश के शीत भाग हैं।

6. Render the above into English.

7. State fully the changes which by the addition of the particle ने to the agent, the verb undergoes. Does the agent itself ever undergo any change by that addition?

8. Translate the following lines into Hindi:

My son, said he, the first instruction I give you is, not to make yourself familiar with all sorts of people. The way to live happy is to keep your mind to yourself, and not to tell your thoughts easily.

Secondly, not to do violence to any body whatever; for in that case, you will draw everybody's hatred upon you You ought to consider the world as a creditor, to whom you owe moderation, compassion and forbearance.

ARABIC.

Examiner.—Mr. Blochmann, M. A.

1. Translate into English:—

قيل ان جماعة من القرود كانوا سكانا في جبل فالتمسوا في ليلة
باردة ذات امطار و رياح نارا يصطلون بها فلم يجدوا شيئا فرأوا
يراعة تطير كانها شرار نار فجمعوا حشيشا و القوه عليها و جعلوا
ينفخون طمعا ان يوقدوا نارا و كان بالقرب منهم طائر على شجرة
ينظر اليهم فجعل يأدبهم و يقول لاتتعبوا فان الذي رأيتموه
ليس بنار ثم انه عزم على القرب منهم ينهاهم عما هم فيه فمر به
رجل وقال له لا تلتمس تقويم ما لا يستقيم فان العود الذي
لا ينحني لا يعمل منه القوس فابي الطائر ان يطيعه و تقدم
الى القرود ليعرفهم ان اليراعه ليست بنار فتناوله بعض القرود
فمات من ساعته *

2. Parse :—

*يصطلون ,لم يجدوا ,لاتتبعو ;ينحنى ,يعمم

3. Write down the prepositions على, الى, and ب, with the pronominal suffixes (ضمير متصل).

4. Write out the above story with the vowel-points (اعراب).

5 Form the plurals of كتاب, جناح, سهم, انسان, عبد, ايد, سيد, ثوب, فاغر, امر, اغلام.

7. Inflect the perfect, future, and imperative of دعا and the same tenses of the Báb استفعال of دعا.

8. Inflect the perfect and future, passive, of the Báb افعال of برأ

9. Translate :—

He saw him. She saw him. We saw them. You saw me. I shall see him. We shall see her. My house. My houses. My two houses. In my two houses. His father. Their brother. My brothers. My good brothers. I did not do it. The house of the Amír. The great house of the Amír. The house of the great Amír.

10. Decline the participles, active and passive, of قال.

11. Translate into English :—

قالت منشدة * شعر *

هنئا لک المال الذی قد افدته * و لم يبق فی کفی غير التذکر
اقول فی نفسی وهی فی کرباتها * اقلي فقد بان الحبيب او اکثري
اذا لم يکن للامر عندک موضع * ولم تجدی بدا من الصبر فاصبري

فبکی مولاها و اجاب منشدا * شعر *

ولولا قعود الدهر بي عنک لم يکن * يفرقنا شيء سوي الموت فاعذري
اروح بهم من فراقک موجع * اناجي به قلبا قليل التصبر
عليک سلامي لا زيارة بيننا * ولا وصل الا ان يشاء ابن معمر

وقال له ابن معمر قد شئت بارک الله لک فيها فخذها و خذ ما وصل اليک منذ فاخذها و اخذ المال و الخيل و عاد *

ARABIC.

Examiner.—Mr. Blochmann.

1. Translate into English:—

بينما عبدالله بن جعفر رضي الله عنه راكب اذ تعرض له رجل في الطريق فمسك بعنان فرسه و قال سالتك بالله ايها الامير ان تضرب عنقي فبهت فيه عبدالله و قال أمعتوه انت قال لا والله قال فما الخبر قال لي خصم الد قد لزمني و الح وضيق على و ليس لى به طاقة قال و من خصمك قال الفقر فالتفت عبدالله لفتاه و قال ادفع له الف دينار ثم قال له ياأخا العرب خذها وأحسن سائرون ولكن اذا عاد اليك خصمك متغشما فاتنا متظلما فانا منصفوك منه ان شاء الله فقال الاعرابي والله ان معي من جودك ما ادحض به حجة خصمي بقية عمري ثم اخذ المال و انصرف *

2. Translate into English or Hindustani:—

حكى الطرطوسي رحمه الله تعالى فى كتابه سراج الملوك قال من عجيب ماتفق بالاسكندريه ان رجلا من خدم نائب الاسكندريه غاب من خدمته اياما ففي بعض الايام قبض عليه صاحب الشرطة و حمله الى دار النائب فانفلت منه في بعض الطريق وترامى فى فى بئر فرأى فيها سرابا فما زال الرجل يمشي في ذلك السراب الى ان لاح له بئر مضيئة فطلع منها فاذا البئر فى دار النائب فلما طلع الرجل امسكه النائب و ادبه فكان فيه المثل السائر الفار من القضاء الغائب كالمتقلب في يد الطالب و ما احسن قول القائل و اذا خشيت من الامور مقدرا و فررت منه فمحوه تتوجه *

3. Parse ادفع, تضرب, منصفوك, ترامى, مضيئة, الفار, تتوجه

4. Inflect the perfect, future, and imperative, active and passive, of عاد.

5. Write down the third persons singular and plural of the perfect and future active of the Bábs فعال, تفعيل, افتعال, استفعال, of عاد.

6. Write down the Arabic numerals from one to twenty-one.

7. Which verbs are called *mahmúz* (مهموز)? Write down the masdars (مصدر) of the principal *bábs* of the verb اثر.

8. What peculiarities (خاصية) regarding meaning have the *bábs* افعال and استفعال? Give examples.

9. Write down the Arabic alphabet, with the numerical value of each letter according to ابجد.

10. Inflect the imperatives of the bábs مفاعلة and افعال of مد.

11. Decline the participles, active and passive, of رمى, without and with the definite article. Give the vowel-points (اعراب).

URDU.

Examiner.—Mr. Blochmann, M. A.

1. Translate into English :—

بی‌بی نے دسترخوان بچھاکر کھانا آگے لاکر رکھا اور میان بی‌بی
باہم بیٹھہ‌کر کھانے لگے اور اوس کبڑے کو بھی شریک کھانے کا کیا
اتفاقا اوس روز درزی کے گھر مچھلی پکی تھی اور کھانے کے شمول
مین مچھلی بھی کبڑے کو دی چونکہ وہ بہت لذیذ تھی کبڑے
ندون نکالنے کانٹون کے اس بے احتیاطی سے کھایا کہ ایک کانٹا ارسکے
حلق مین چبھہ گیا وہ اس امر سے بہت مضطر ہوا اور بظاہر دم
اوسکا بند ہوگیا ہرچند درزی اور اسکے قبیلے نے بہت تدبیرین کین
مگر کوئی نہ بن پڑی آخر درزی اوسکی حال کو دیکھہ کے ڈرا اور
گھبرایا کہ اگر کوتوال شہر کو خبر ہوگی تو مجھکو عوض اسکے
خون کے گرفتار کریگا ضرور ہی کہ آگے سے اسکا دفعیہ کیا چاہئے یہہ
سوچکر اوس کبڑے کو حکیم یہودی کے پاس جو اوسکے گھر کے
نزدیک تھا اوٹھاکر لیگیا دروازہ حکیمکا بند پاکر کبڑے کو لٹاکر
سیڑھی کی راہ سے اوپر کو چڑھہ گیا اور دروازہ پر دستک دی لونڈی
حکیم کی آواز سنکر نکلی درزی نے پاچرویہ اوسکو دیکر کہا کہ
تو جلد جاکر اپنے آقا سے خبرکر تا بیمار کو آ-ر دیکھے اور اوسکی تدبیر

کرے جب لونڈی اندر گھرے حکیم کو کہ بالاخانہ پر رهتا تها خبر
کرنے گئی درزی کبڑے کو اُٹهاکر اوپر لیگیا اور دروازہ کے سامنے
کهڑا کرکے آپ چپکے سے چلدیا حکیم لونڈي سے حال سنکر زرے
لالچ سے بے روشني دروازہ کی طرف دوڑا اور کنڈي کهولکر چاهتاتها
کہ دروازہ کهولکر تلے اوترے اور بیمار کو دیکهے بهجرد کهولنے دروازہ کے
وہ کبڑا زینہ سے لڑهکتا هوا نیچے آپڑا حکیم اندهیرے مین آواز
سنکر حیران هوا کہ یہہ کیا چیز تهي جو دروازے سے تلے کو گر پڑي
پهر جب روشني منگواکر تلے اوترا کبڑے کو موا هوا دیکهہ واویلا
کرنے لگا اور یہہ تصور کرکے کہ میرے سبب یہہ بیمار مرگیا حضرت
موسیٰ و غیرہ کو شفیع کرکے توبہ و استغفار کرنے لگا *

2. Explain the grammatical construction of the following sentences :—

سیا کرتا هی - اوسنے کہا - اگر دنیا مین کاهلي رهتي
تو کوئي پیشہ ترقي نہ پاتا *

3. Who are the Chauháns and Tunwars? Why is the Manárah near Dihlí called Quṭb Manár? (Write your answer in Urdu.)

4. Write out the following words with the vowel-points (اعراب), and give their meanings and etymology :—

احتیاط، یکبارگي، متصل، مقتل، مجرم، مسلمان، عملداري، تواضع، صراف، پولس، علدحدہ، تعمیر، سن، فرحت‌بخش، گلاس *

5. Inflect the present, future, perfect, and pluperfect, of the active voice of *lánú*, to bring.

6. What is meant by سنہ هجري? Write down the names of the Hindí and the Muhammadan months of the year.

7. Translate into English :—

پہلےهي پہل دلي مین راجہ انیکپال تنور نے قلعہ بنایا هی
چنانچہ وہ قلعہ ابتک شاهجهان‌آباد سے دو ڈهائی کوس پرجنوب
کی طرف موجود هی اوسکو پرانا قلعہ کہتے هین بعد اوسکے
جب تنورون کي قوم سے حکومت جاتی رهي اور چوهانون کے

پاس پہنچي اور رائي پتھورا جسکا اصلي نام رائی پرتھي راج ھی
بادشاہ ھوا اوسوقت اوسنے سمبت ایکھزار دو سو مین ایک قلعہ
اور بنایا چنانچہ اس قلعہکا انتک قطب صاحب کے پاس لاٹہ کے
قریب نشان موجود ھی رای پتھورا کے قلعہ مین سلطان
قطب‌الدین ایبك نے ایك محل بنایا تھا اوسکا نام قصر سفید
رکھا تھا یہہ محل بعد سنہ ۶۰۲ ھجري کي تغیر ھوا تھا اوسي
محل کے پاس سلطان محمود غاري نے ایك محل بنام قصر
ھزار ستون بنایا تھا جسکا اب نشان نہین ملتا پھر جبکہ سنہ ۶۶۶
ھجری مین سلطان غیاث‌الدین بلبن بادشاہ ھوا تو اوسنے ایک
قلعہ مرزغن بناکیا اسکابھي اب نشان نہین رھا مگر کہتے ھین کہ
حضرت نظام‌الدین اولیا کا جہان مزار ھی اسکے قریب یہہ قلعہ تھا *

8. Relate in Urdu the fable of the Fox and the Grapes, or any other short story.

URDU.

Examiner.—Mr. Blochmann, M. A.

1. Translate into English, or paraphrase in Urdu :—

جان ھم تجھہ دیا کرتے ھین * نام تیرا ھي لیا کرتے ھین
چاك کرنے کے لئے اے ناصح * ھم گریبان سیا کرتے ھین
ساغر چشم سے ھم بادہ پرست * مردہ دل خاك جیا کرتے ھین
سنگ اسود بھي ھی بھاری پتھر * لوگ جو چوم لیا کرتے ھین
تیرا کیا ذکر میرے داغونسے * مہرو مہ کسب ضیا کرتے ھین
اونسے ھین مخفي عصیان بہتر * جو عبادت مین ریا کرتے ھین
جب وہ مسجد مین ادا کرتے ھین * سب نماز اپني قضا کرتے ھین
جنکي رفتار کے پامال ھین ھم * وھي آنکھون مین پھرا کرتے ھین
تیرے گھر مین جو نہین جاتے قدم * کیا میرے تلوے جلا کرتے ھین
نہین ھوتے ھو فراموش صنم * خاك ھم یاد خدا کرتے ھین
گرنہین پوچھتے ھرگز وہ مزاج * ھم تو کہتے ھین دعا کرتے ھین
موسم گل مین بشرھین معذور * گل تلك چاك قبا کرتے ھین
شاد ھین باغ فنا مین کب گل * اپني ھستی پہ ھنسا کرتے ھین

2. Decline the following words, singular and plural :—

تو ، کتاب ، خانه ، اشرفي *

3. Translate into Urdu (using either the Persian or the Roman characters) :—

An Englishman who travelled a great deal in India, says: "I performed many long journeys upon an elephant, and whenever I wished to make a sketch, the docile creature would stand perfectly still till my drawing was finished. If at any time I wished ripe mango-fruit which was growing out of my reach, he would select the most fruitful branch, break it off, and offer it to me with his trunk. Sometimes I gave him some of the fruit for himself, and he would thank me by raising his trunk three times over his head, making a gentle murmuring noise as he did so. When branches of trees came in my way, he broke them off at once, twisting his trunk round them; but he often broke off a leafy bough for himself, and used it as a fan to keep off the flies, waving it to and fro with his trunk. When I was at breakfast in the morning, he always came to the tent to receive fruit and sugar-candy."

4. Translate and explain the following —

حوصله سب کو هي يوسف خريداريکا - شراب ارغواني - مرغ خوش الحان - تاريخ فتح عرض کي سودائے يون کهو * يهه فتح نو مبارك نواب نامدار *

Add up the letters of the above *Tarikh*.

5. Translate into English —

پنجاب سنگه اگر مين تمسے کوئي بات جهوٹ بولون تو تم اپنے دل مين کيا خيال کروگے پنجاب سنگه بولا که اگر مجهه سے کوئي بات جهوٹه کهو اور مجکو ثابت هوجاوے که تمنے جهوٹ کهي تهي تو ميرے خيال مين يهه دو باتين ضرور آوينگي که يا تو تمنے مجکو مسخره بنايا يا فريب ديديکا ارادہ تمهارا تها اور ساتهه هي اسکے تمسے مجکو نفرت هوجاريگي کيونکه اگر تمهارا ارادہ حقيقت مين جهوٹ بولنے کا نه تها اور پهر تم جهوٹ صرف

میرے دق کرنے کے واسطے بولے هر تو اسے صاف ثابت هی که تم
مجکو مسخره سمجهکر دق کرنا چاهتے هو پس مین بهي بے شك
تمسے دل مین ناراض هونگا اور اگر مین بهي ظریف هوا تو تمکو
ایسا دق کرونگا که تم شاید پسند نه کرو تب بهي تم میرے دشمن
هوجاو گے اور اگر تم حقیقت مین اراده کرکے مجهه سے جهوٹ
بولے هو تو گویا مجکو تم فریب دینا چاهتے تهے تب بهي تم لایق
دوستي کے نرهے بلکه دغاباز ٹهرے پس مین تمسے پهر بهی نفرت
کرونگا اور یهه نفرت جوخلاف عادت تمکو معلوم هوگي تو تم میرے
دشمن هوجاوگے اس صورت سے دونون کے دل مین رنج قایم هوگا *

6. Write out the following passage, correcting all errors in grammar and spelling :—

اگرچه اس زبان مین اکسر فارسي اور عربی اور سنسکرت کا
الفاظ مستعمل هین اور بعضے بعضون مین کچهه تغیر اور تبدیل
کرلي هی لیکن اس زمانے مین اور شهر کے لوگون نے یهه تریقه
احتیار کیا هی که اردو زبان مین یا تو فارسی کے لغت بهت
ملادیتے هین او یا فارسی کی ترقیب پر لکهنا لگتے هین یهه دونو
باتین اچهین نهین اونسے اردو پن نهین رهتی اور ظاهر هی که
اسبات کے لئے که کسقدر فارسي کي ترقیب دیجاوے اور کون کونسي
لغت اور زبانو کي نه بولي جاوین کوئي قائده نهین مقرر هوسکتي
یهه بات صرف اهل زبان کي صحت پر منحصر هي *

7. Explain the following terms—*Ghazal*, *Masnawí*, *Díwán*, *Mustaqbil*, *Jumlah*, *Kalimah*, *Hál*, *Amr*, *Majhúl*.

HISTORY.

Examiners.— { Mr. Roberts.
Mr. Livingstone.

1. Give the four great empires of antiquity, the names of their respective founders, and the extent and duration of each.

2. Who were Moses, Lycurgus, Solon, Socrates, Philopœmen. Caius Fabricius, the Gracchi, and the Maccabees? When did they respectively flourish, and for what were they remarkable?

3. Give the causes, leading incidents, results, and duration of the Peloponnesian War.

4. Sketch the career of Alexander the Great, and show whether the general tendency of his conquests was evil or beneficial.

5. Give a brief history of the following Wars:—

(*a*) Second Punic.

(*b*) Mithridatic.

(*c*) Between Cæsar and Pompey.

6. What is the general character of the history of India before the Mahomedan conquest? Mention the books which form the chief sources of our information regarding the ancient Hindus, and give the names of their respective authors, the probable dates of their composition, and the subjects of which they severally treat.

7. When was the first successful Mahomedan invasion of India made? Give the name of the leader; mention the provinces then conquered; and state how the conquest was subsequently lost.

8. Under what circumstances was the Bahminy kingdom of the Deccan founded? State how long it lasted, and name the five independent principalities which arose on its ruins.

9. Where and when were the two battles fought, one of which led to the foundation of the Mogul empire, and the other to its subversion? Name the first six monarchs of that dynasty: state how long they respectively reigned; and give the prominent features of the reign of Akbar.

10. Give the dates and principal provisions of Lord

North's Regulating Act, Fox's India Bill, and Pitt's India Bill. Compare the two latter, and state what led to the defeat of the second.

11. Give the leading characteristics, and state the general results, of the administration of Warren Hastings.

12. Give a brief history of the celebrated Permanent Settlement, and indicate the various judicial reforms introduced by Lord Cornwallis.

GEOGRAPHY.

Examiners.— { MR. ROGERS.
REV. J. S. BEAUMONT.

1. In a voyage from Calcutta to London, viâ the *Suez Canal*, through what seas, &c. would a ship sail, and near what countries would she pass?

2. It is said that the sun never sets on the British possessions; in what sense is this to be accepted?

3. State in what physical particulars Holland differs from Switzerland, and Arabia from Persia; and show, from the inhabitants of these countries, that peculiarities of climate, soil, and situation influence national character and pursuits.

4. Describe the governments of England, Russia, Japan, and the United States of North America; and mention in what countries the education of the people is promoted by the State.

5. What are the West Indies, into what groups are they divided, and to what European powers do they belong?

6. The East India Railway extends from *Howrah* to *Delhi*, running by *Hooghly*, *Burdwan*, *Cyntheah*, *Bhagulpore*,

Arrah, *Mirzapore*, *Allahabad*, *Cawnpore*, *Etawah*, and *Allyghur*. From these data, determine through what provinces it runs, and what large rivers it crosses.

7. Sketch a map of the Bay of Bengal, inserting in it the chief islands, and indicating the position of the principal towns on the coast, and the great rivers that fall into that bay.

8. Specify how the various languages and creeds prevalent in Hindustan proper are distributed.

9. Mention the recent discoveries made in Africa by the celebrated traveller Livingstone, and name the different races that inhabit the African continent, specifying the localities.

10. What and where are *California*, *St. Helena*, *Birmingham*, *Spires*, *Sinai*, *Calicut*, *Gya*, and *Darjeling*, and do you know any thing remarkable connected with them? What countries produce *gatta percha*, *cinchona*, *cork*, *saltpetre*, *coal*, and *tin*?

ARITHMETIC AND ALGEBRA.

Examiners — { Mr. Thwaytes, M. A.
Mr. Mowat, M. A.

1. Find the cost of matting a room whose floor is 8 yards long by $7\frac{1}{4}$ yards wide, with mats 2 feet wide and $9\frac{1}{2}$ feet long, at the rate of 9 annas 2 pies per mat.

If the same room be $15\frac{1}{2}$ feet high, find how many cubic feet it will contain.

2. Distinguish between a vulgar fraction and a decimal fraction. Multiply $999\frac{4945}{4946}$ by 999.

State the rule for the multiplication of decimals, and apply it to point the products in (1) $1 \cdot 23 \times \cdot 0011$ and (2) $29000 \times \cdot 01$.

Divide $\cdot\dot{3}\dot{7}$ by $\cdot\dot{1}4\dot{8}$, and show that $\dfrac{\cdot\dot{1}2\dot{3}}{\cdot\dot{4}\dot{1}} = \dfrac{123123}{414141}$.

3. Find the square root of $19740\frac{1}{4}$ and of $4\frac{1}{99}$, the latter to four places of decimals.

4. Two gangs of six men and nine men are set to reap two fields of 35 and 45 acres respectively. The first gang complete their work in 12 days, in how many days will the second gang complete theirs?

5. Find which is the better investment, $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. stock at $98\frac{1}{4}$, or $3\frac{3}{4}$ per cents at 105.

6. Find how many rupees are equivalent to $200l.$ at the rate of $1s.\ 11\frac{3}{16}d.$ per rupee.

7. Find the product of $3a + 2b$ and $3a + 2c - 3b$, and test the result by making $a = 1$, $b = c = 3$.

Divide—

$x^8 + x^6y^2 + x^4y^4 + x^2y^6 + y^8$ by $x^4 - x^3y + x^2y^2 - \ldots + y^4$, and $\dfrac{a^3}{b^3} + \dfrac{b^3}{a^3}$ by $\dfrac{a}{b} + \dfrac{b}{a}$.

8. Prove that—

$$\frac{1}{1 + \dfrac{1}{a \div x}} + \frac{1}{1 - \dfrac{1}{a \div x}} + \frac{2}{1 + \dfrac{1}{a^2 \div x^2}}$$

and show that the notation $\dfrac{\overline{b}}{c}$ is of ambiguous meaning.

Simplify the expressions $\dfrac{x^{a+b} \cdot x^{a-b} \cdot x^{c-2a}}{x^{c-a}}$;

$$\frac{1+x}{1-x}+\frac{4x}{1+x^2}+\frac{8x}{1-x^2}-\frac{1-x}{1+x}$$

$$\frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2}+\frac{4x^2}{1+x^2}-\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}$$

9. Solve the equations—

$$\frac{x-3}{5}-\frac{x-5}{4}=\frac{2}{3}\ ;\ \frac{a-x}{a}+\frac{2a-x}{2a}=\frac{3a-x}{3a}$$

$$\begin{cases}\dfrac{1}{5x}+\dfrac{y}{9}=5\\[2ex] \dfrac{1}{3x}+\dfrac{y}{9}=14\end{cases}$$

10. Find the least common multiple of—

$$x^3+xy^2+xy^2+y^3 \text{ and } x^3-x^2y+x^2y-y^3.$$

Reduce $\dfrac{2x^4-x^3-9x^2+13x-5}{7x^3-19x^2+17x-5}$ to its lowest terms.

11. Extract the square root of—

$$4x^4+8ax^3+4a^2x^2+16b^2x^2+16ab^2x+16b^4.$$

12. AB is a railway 200 miles long; and three trains (P, Q, R) travel upon it at rates of 25, 20, and 30 miles per hour respectively; P and Q leave A at 7 A. M. and 8·15 A. M. respectively, and R leaves B at 10·30 A. M. When and where will P be equidistant from Q and R?

GEOMETRY.

Examiners.— { Rev. J. Henry.
Mr. McLaren Smith.

1. Define a straight line, a plane superficies, a circle, a rectangle, a segment of a circle, a sector of a circle. In what particular case can a sector be called a segment?

2. Distinguish between angle in a segment and angle of a segment; draw a diagram for each. When is a circle said to be described about, and when is it inscribed in,

a plane rectilinear figure? Can the diagonals of any quadrilateral figure be called diameters; why can they in parallelograms?

3. Given that two triangles are between the same parallels and equal in area: prove that their bases are equal.

4. Show that all the exterior angles of a quadrilateral figure, made by producing the sides successively in the same direction, are together equal to four right angles. Will the value be the same for the exterior angles of a pentagon?

5. The rectangle contained by the sum of two straight lines and their difference is equal to the difference of their squares. (The proposition Vth, 2d Book may be assumed without proving.)

6. Divide a straight line into two parts, so that the rectangle contained by the whole and one of the parts shall be equal to the square on the other part. In the diagram given by Euclid, point out any other straight line, besides the given one, similarly divided.

7. Enunciate and prove the tenth proposition of the fourth Book. How does it enable us to divide a right angle into ten equal parts?

8. Two straight lines, OA OB being given, intersecting in O, and a point C being given in OA: describe a circle touching OA in C, and also touching OB.

9. Having given that the angle in a semicircle is a right angle: show that the angle in a segment greater than a semicircle is less than a right angle.

10. The straight line drawn from the right angle, in any right-angled triangle, to the bisection of the hypotenuse, is equal to half the hypotenuse.

First Examination in Arts.

1870.

ENGLISH POETRY.

Examiner.—Rev. J. Murray Mitchell, LL. D.

1. Write the following passages in correct prose, not paraphrastically, and add notes explanatory of the words given in italics :—

(*a.*) "Anon, out of the earth a fabric huge
Rose like an exhalation, with the sound
Of dulcet symphonies and voices sweet,
Built like a temple, where *pilasters* round
Were set, and *Doric pillars* overlaid
With golden *architrave ;* nor did there want
Cornice or *frieze*, with *bossy sculptures* graven ;
The roof was *fretted* gold."

(*b.*) "Once *school-divines* this zealous isle o'erspread ;
Who knew most *sentences* was deepest read ;
Faith, Gospel, all, seemed made to be disputed,
And none had sense enough to be confuted :
Scotists and *Thomists* now in peace remain
Amidst their kindred cobwebs in *Duck-lane.*"

(*c.*) "Their song was partial, but the harmony
(What could it less when spirits immortal sing ?)
Suspended hell, and took with ravishment
The thronging audience. In discourse more sweet
(For eloquence the soul, song charms the sense)
Others apart sat on a hill retired,
In thoughts more elevate, and reasoned high," &c.

(*d.*) "Now by your children's cradles, now by your fathers' graves,
Be men to day, *Quirites*, or be for ever slaves.
For this did *those false sons* make red the axes of their sire?
For this did *Scævola's* right hand hiss in the *Tuscan fire?*
In those brave days our fathers stood firmly side by side;
They faced the *Marcian fury;* they tamed the *Fabian pride;*
They drove the *fiercest Quinctius* an outcast forth from Rome,
They sent the *haughtiest Claudius* with shivered *fasces* home."

2. Give a brief statement of the chief doctrines or canons laid down in the Essay on Criticism.

3. Examine grammatically the following passages:—

(*a.*) "Beelzebub, than whom,
Satan except, none higher sat."

(*b.*) "we may chance
Re-enter heaven."

(*c.*) "what time his pride
Had cast him out of heaven."

(*d.*) "ere he arrive
The happy isle.'

(*e.*) "Have at thy heart!

4. (*a.*) Explain briefly the versification used in Paradise Lost.

(*b.*) Scan the following lines.—

"Astarte queen of heaven, with crescent horns."
"Fell not from heaven or more gross to love."
"And chiefly Thou, O Spirit, that dost prefer."
"That durst dislike His reign, and me preferring."

"To make thy virtues or thy faults conspicuous."

"Against the Highest and fierce with grasped arm."

5. In the Essay on Criticism the word *Wit* is said to be used in six or seven different senses. Can you give these, showing their connexions?

6. Give as many words as you know in Aryan languages that are etymologically connected with *Wit*.

7. Milton writes *Oreb*, *Ades*, *Basan*, *Hesebon*, *Rhene*, *Danaw*. Give the usual forms of these words; and mention the reasons that may have induced Milton to write them as he does.

8. State the chief merits and demerits of Addison's Cato as a drama.

ENGLISH PROSE.

Examiner.—Mr. Tawney, M. A.

1. Explain fully the following passages:—

(*a*) Why should Trumbull be congratulated upon his liberty who had never known restraint?

(*b*) The satire which brought Theobald and Moore into contempt, dropped impotent from Bentley like the javelin of Priam.

(*c*) History relates that she was about to disparage herself by marriage with an inferior.

(*d*) They [illegible] him while he perused it, and saw his features w[illegible] anguish.

(*e*) Po[illegible] afterwards attempted to join the patriot with the [illegible], nor drew his pen upon statesmen.

(*f*) Mr. Dryden used to call these sort of men his prose-critics.

(*g*) On the one hand the wisdom, the integrity, and

the magnanimity of that prelate gave him a wonderful ascendant over the minds of men.

Comment upon any expressions in the above passages which seem to you inconsistent with modern usage, or objectionable in point of grammar.

2. "The author shall not begin to print until I have a thousand guineas for him." How would the meaning be altered if you were to write *will* for *shall?*

3. Give, in your own language, an account of the quarrel between Pope and Addison.

What does Lord Macaulay say about it?

4. "It was much easier for Homer to find proper sentiments for an assembly of Grecian generals, than for Milton to diversify his infernal council with proper characters and inspire them with a variety of sentiments."

Criticise this remark.

5. Point out some of the principal blemishes in Paradise Lost.

Account for the "tentative" nature of Addison's criticism.

6. Turn into the Indirect Narration —

"Recourse must be had in this exigency to one of the rival monarchs. Each of them can bring into the field forces sufficient for our defence. But as the King of Spain is of German extraction; as he is a member and and prince of the empire by the territories which descend to him from his grandfather; as his dominions stretch along that frontier which is most exposed to the enemy; his claim is preferable in my opinion, to that of a stranger to our language, to our blood, and to our country; and therefore I give my vote to confer on him the imperial crown."

7. Compare the style of Robertson with that of Johnson.

8. Give an instance of a "bull." What is meant by "the Bathos"?

Who was the original hero of the Dunciad? What is the derivation of the word?

9. "There is reason to believe that we have negligently lost part of our vowels, and that the silent *e*, which our ancestors added to the most of our monosyllables, was once vocal."

Give some reason for this belief.

LATIN POETRY.

Examiner.—Mr. Rowe, B. A.

1. Translate:—

Inclusam Danaën turris aënea
Robustæque fores et vigilum canum
Tristes excubiæ munierant satis
Nocturnis ab adulteris,
Si non Acrisium virginis abditæ
Custodem pavidum Juppiter et Venus
Risissent, fore enim tutum iter et patens
Converso in pretium Deo.
Aurum per medios ire satellites
Et perrumpere amat saxa potentius
Ictu fulmineo: concidit auguris
Argivi domus ob lucrum
Demersa exitio: diffidit urbium
Portas vir Macedo et subruit æmulos
Reges muneribus; munera navium
Sævos illaqueant duces.
Quanto quisque sibi plura negaverit
A Diis plura feret; nil cupientium

Nudus castra peto, et transfuga divitum
Partes linquere gestio
Contemptæ dominus splendidior rei
Quam si quidquid arat impiger Appulus
Occultare meis dicerer horreis
Magnas inter opes inops.
Puræ rivus aquæ silvaque jugerum
Paucorum et segetis certa fides meæ
Fulgentem imperio fertilis Africæ
Fallit sorte beatior.

(*a*) Point out any peculiarity of construction in

(1.) *munerant* —— si non *risissent.*

(2.) *fore* enim tutum iter.

(3.) Fallit sorte beatior.

(*b*) Explain the mythological and other allusions of the passage.

2. Translate :—

Quæ cura patrum quæve Quiritium
Plenis honorum muneribus tuas,
Auguste, virtutes in ævum
Per titulos memoresque fastos
Æternet, O qua sol habitabiles
Illustret oras, maxime principum ?
Quem legis expertes Latinæ
Vindelici didicere nuper
Quid Marte posses. Milite nam tuo
Drusus Genaunos implacidum genus,
Brennosque veloces et arces
Alpibus impositas tremendis
Dejecit acer plus vice simplici ;
Major Neronum mox grave prælium
Commisit, immanesque Rætos
Auspiciis pepulit secundis

Spectandus in certamine Martio,
Devota morti pectora liberæ
Quantis fatigaret ruinis;
Indomitas prope qualis undas
Exercet Auster Pleïadum choro
Scindente nubes, impiger hostium
Vexare turmas et frementem
Mittere equum medios per ignes.

* (*a*) Point out any foreign constructions used in the above passage: quote any others from Horace.

(*b*) What is the original meaning of the title *princeps* as used by the Emperors? Who were the "*Nerones*" here alluded to?

3. Write explanatory notes on the following extracts:—

(*a*) —— ex quo destituit Deos
Mercede pacta Laomedon.

(*b*) Milesne Crassi conjuge barbara
Turpis maritus vixit?

(*c*) Martiis cœlebs quid agam Kalendis.

(*d*) Et cadum Marsi memorem duelli
Spartacum si qua potuit vagantem
Fallere testa.

(*e*.) Cras genium mero Curabis.

(*f*.) Da noctis mediæ, da, puer, auguris Murenæ.

(*g*.) Portus Alexandrea supplex
Et vacuam patefecit aulam.

(*h*) —— vacuum duellis
Janum Quirini clausit.

4. Translate, explaining all allusions:—

Romani pueri longis rationibus assem
Discunt in partes centum diducere. "Dicat
Filius Albini: si de quincunce remota est
Uncia, quid superat? Poteras dixisse." Triens."
"Eu!

Rem poteris servare tuam : Redit uncia, quid fit ?"
" Semis." At hæc animos ærugo et cura peculî
Cum semel imbuerit, speramus carmina fingi
Posse linenda cedro et levi servanda cupresso.—
Ficta voluptatis causa sint proxima veris
Neu quodcunque volet poscat sibi fabula credi,
Neu pransæ Lamiæ vivum puerum extrahat alvo.
Centuriæ seniorum agitant expertia frugis,
Celsi prætereunt austera poëmata Ramnes :
Omne tulit punctum qui miscuit utile dulci
Lectorem delectando pariterque monendo ;
Hic meret æra liber Sociis, hic et mare transit
Et longum noto scriptori prorogat ævum.

5. Write down all the participles active and passive of any regular Latin verb : what deficiency exists in their number in either voice ? In what class of verbs does one of these deficiencies not exist ? In what various senses and with what various constructions is the participle in *-dus* used ?

Translate into Latin :—

Having clasped him by the hand and embraced him, Cæsar swore never to desert his cause.

He has plenty of time for reading all the new books.

We are fighting a battle fit for Homer to describe.

LATIN PROSE.

Examiner.—Mr. Dick, M. A.

1. Translate :—

Postero die, ubi primum illuxit, ad spolia legenda, fœdamque etiam hostibus spectandam stragem, insistunt : jacebant tot Romanorum millia, pedites passim equitesque,

ut quem cuique fors aut pugna junxerat, aut fuga. Assurgentes quidam ex strage media, cruenti, quos stricta matutino frigore excitaverant vulnera, ab hoste oppressi sunt. Quosdam et jacentes vivos succisis feminibus poplitibusque invenerunt, nudantes cervicem jugulumque, et reliquum sanguinem jubentes haurire. Præcipue convertit omnes substratus Numida mortuo superincubanti Romano vivus, naso auribusque laceratis; quum, manibus ad capiendum telum inutilibus, in rabiem ira versus, laniando dentibus hostem expirasset.

2. Explain the military terms, principes, hastati, triarii, and antesignani; also, pulvinaria, lectisternium, and ver sacrum.

3. Give the principal parts of the following verbs, marking the quantities where necessary:—incido (*to fall upon*); incido (*to cut into*); commentus; mavultis; pepigerant; gaudeo; contero; lego (*to choose*); lego (*to send*); and give the three compounds of lego (*to choose*) that take *xi* in the perfect.

4. (*a*) "Sæpe ego," inquit, "audivi, milites, eum primum esse virum, qui ipse *consulat* quid in rem *sit*; secundum eum, qui bene monenti obediat; qui nec consulere, nec alteri parere, sciat, eum extremi *ingenii* esse."

b. "Itaque plebiscitum, quo oneratus magis, quam honoratus, sum, primus *antiquo abrogoque*; et *sub imperium auspiciumque* tuum redeo."

Translate the above passages; explain the subjunctives, *consulat* and *sit*; account for the case of *ingenii*; and explain accurately the phrases "plebiscitum antiquo abrogoque," and "sub imperium auspiciumque redeo." When does *sub* take the ablative?

5. Explain the forms—gratis, hodie, and videlicet: compare ægre, diu, and sæpe; distinguish between murus,

mœnia, paries, vallum, and vallus; and note any peculiarities in the declension of *pondo* and *vas* (a vessel). What other *vas* is there?

6. Translate:—

Extremum autem esse bonorum voluptatem, ex hoc facile perspici potest. Constituamus aliquem magnis, multis, perpetuis fruentem et animo et corpore voluptatibus, nullo dolore nec impediente, nec impendente: quem tandem hoc statu præstabiliorem, aut magis expetendum possumus dicere? Inesse enim necesse est in eo, qui ita sit affectus, et firmitatem animi, nec mortem, nec dolorem timentis, quod mors sensu careat; dolor in longinquitate levis; in gravitate, brevis soleat esse; ut ejus magnitudinem celeritas, diuturnitatem allevatio consoletur. Ad eum quum accedit, ut neque divinum numen horreat, nec præteritas voluptates effluere patiatur, earumque assidua recordatione lætetur; quid est, quod huc possit, quod melius sit, accedere?

7. Explain the title "De Finibus." Give a short account of the Physical theory of Epicurus. What are Cicero's words for good, evil, pleasure, pain, the beautiful, the highest good? and distinguish between *ægritudo*, *molestia*, and *mæror*; also between *infantes* and *mutæ* in the expressions "infantes pueri" and "mutæ bestiæ."

8. Derive the following:—

Lectisternium; socordia; hodiernus; quadrigatus; nundinari; venustas; deorsum; commentus; perpessio; triarii.

9. Explain fully the following phrases:—

(*a*) Abire cum singulis vestimentis.

(*b*) Macte virtute esto.

(*c*) *Bina* castra, and *duo* castra.

(*d*) Quum tractat *locos* ab Aristotele. Distinguish *loci* and *loca*.

(*e*) Ad lineam.

(*f*) Reliqui nihil est.

10. Translate into Latin Prose :—

There is nothing wrong in the ends themselves of good and evil, that is, in pleasure, or in pain.

Those desires which spring from nature are easily satisfied without any injustice, but vain desires ought not to be obeyed ; for there is more disadvantage in injustice in itself, than profit in what we obtain by injustice.

SANSKRIT.

Examiner.—Rev. K. M. Banerjea.

1. Translate the following lines into English :

सद्यः प्रबालोद्गमचारुपत्रे
नीते समाप्तिं नवचूतबाणे।
निवेशयामास मधुर्द्विरेफान्
नामाक्षराणीव मनोभवस्य ॥
वर्णप्रकर्षे सति कर्णिकारं
दुनोति निर्गन्धतया स्म चेतः।
प्रायेण सामग्र्यविधौ गुणानां
पराङ्मुखी विश्वसृजः प्रवृत्तिः ॥
बालेन्दुवक्राण्यविकाशभावा-
द्बभुः पलाशान्यतिलोहितानि।
सद्यो वसन्तेन समागतानां
नखक्षतानीव वनस्थलीनाम् ॥
लग्नद्विरेफाञ्जनभक्तिचित्रं
मुखे मधुश्रीतिलकं प्रकाश्य।
रागेण बालारुणकोमलेन
चूतप्रबालोष्ठमलञ्चकार ॥
मृगाः प्रियालद्रुममञ्जरीणां
रजःकणैर्व्याप्तितदृष्टिपाताः।

मदोद्धताः प्रत्यनिलं विचेरु-
र्व्यनस्थलार्मर्म्मरपत्रमोक्षाः ॥
चूताङ्कुरास्वादकषायकण्ठः
पुंस्कोकिलो यन्मधुरं चुकूज ।
मनस्विनोमानविघातदक्षं
तदेव जातं वचनं स्मरस्य ॥

2. How is समाप्तिम् governed?

3. Give the roots of दुनोति, बभुः, विचेरुः, and their present tense, third person dual and plural, also their third preterite or लुङ्, third person singular, and their past passive participles or क्त,

4. Expound the *samása* in नखक्षतानि, चूतप्रवालोष्ठं and मदोद्धताः, explaining the *sandhi* in the last two expressions.

5. Render into your own vernacular the following passage:

यमुना ननु पार्श्ववर्त्तिना
जगदाज्ञां ससुरासुरं तव ।
विसतन्तुगुणस्य कारितं
धनुषः पेलवपुष्पपत्रिणः ॥
गत एव न ते निवर्त्तते
स सखा दीप इवानिलाहतः ।
अहमस्य दशेव पश्य मा-
मविसह्यव्यसनेन धूमिताम् ॥
विधिना हृतमर्द्धवैशसं
ननु मां कामवधे विमुञ्चता ।
अनपायिनि संश्रयद्रुमे
गजभग्ने पतनाय वल्लरी ॥
तदिदं क्रियतामनन्तरं
भवता बन्धुजनप्रयोजनम् ।
विधुरां अबलामतिसर्जना-
न्मनु मां प्रापय पत्युरन्तिकम् ॥